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VOL. XXIII NO. 138 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

Quetta Puzzles For Government Of India

How To Face Congress Party In Assembly

BATTLE OVER BAN ON LEADERS

Simla Seeks Expert Health Opinion Before Resuming Salvage

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 10.

Government's chief problems now are firstly how to face the angry Congress Party in the Assembly over the banning of Congress leaders' entry into Quetta,

Secondly how to avoid the discontent through salvage of property and its disposal,

Thirdly, how to create the feeling of confidence that in the grant of compensation between the Britishers and Indians racial considerations will not prevail and

Fourthly, how to finance the rebuilding of one of the biggest cantonments at a point of great strategic significance.

So far as evacuation and relief measures are concerned, Government is satisfied that, publicity to official data has outstripped non-Official accounts.

Quetta's future is presenting the Government of India with a more baffling problem than they have faced for sometime. The military left to themselves might have closed the town entirely for some months or even a year and then undertake salvage after all stench had died out. But the Government of India have considered the effect of such a course on public opinion in India and have accordingly decided to arm themselves with the highest public health opinion in India before deciding finally on the subject. If Quetta is rebuilt, as it must be entirely, then Government cost alone might go up to ten crores in all cases, including railways. If it is abandoned, where are they to go? Can they shift to Chaman or should they make Quetta only a military town and let the A. G. G. either more to Mach or Sibi permanently? Then comes the question of the disposal of the property in Quetta. The Government admits that the town had many rich people and for a majority it represented the life's saving in business and service. It is calculated that coins, jewels, ornaments and money kept in safe will remain intact, but currency notes kept otherwise will perish, as also innumerable and valuable carpets for which Quetta was a famous mart. The Western Command's transfer to Karachi before the end of this month is another important decision taken by the Government of India to-day.

Quetta and pointing out that conditions in Quetta are very differente from those in Bihar and are such that every single addtional person going to the area adds greatly to the difficulties of those engaged on relief operations of great magnitude and danger.

Government state that they have ample resources to deal with the situation in Quetta itself, but those desirous of participating in relief work can render valuable assistance by helping refugees evacuated to Punjab or Sind. One may not see eye to eye with Government and accept their reasons for prohibiting philanthropic bodies from rendering relief. But we must realise our helplessness and do nothing to embarrass them in the matter and do whatever is possible in the circumstances.

OPEN CENTRAL ORGANISATION

"I am therefore asking Messrs. Choithram Gidwani, Jairamdas Daulatram and Kripalani to open a central organisation for relief for refugees with branches at all places where refugees are sent both in Sind and Punjab. Following the Bihar precedent, it is desirable to include people of all shades and classes in the organisation. In view of the large number of refugees, relief work will be gigantic and we may possibly get permission later on to extend operations to the affected area. I hope immediate steps will be taken to announce the formation of such a committee.—"United Press".

DO NOTHING TO EMBARASS GOVT.

Rajen Babu Instructs Organisation Of Central Camp

BHUSAVAL, June 10

Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress president has issued the following statement through the "United Press":—

"In reply to my telegraphic request to the Viceroy asking for facilities for bonafide relief parties to administer relief in Quetta, I have received a telegram from the Home Department drawing my attention to the Government communique for reasons which have made it necessary for Government of India to prohibit all private individuals from going to

REBUILDING OF QUETTA

Final Decision Will Take Several Months

SIMLA, June 10

The future of Quetta appears to be uncertain. With the heavy and wide-spread damage done to it and with the possible recurrence of disastrous 'quakes in future, whether Quetta City should be re-opened or whether an alternate site for the Quetta Military Station should be found out, is a question in which the authorities have not yet taken any decision.

The "United Press" understands that it will take months before any final decision can be reached on this point.

'QUAKE PROOF STRUCTURES

If Quetta with its military and

(Continued on page 8.)

RAID ON HINDU MISSION

Secretary And Worker Arrested And Bailed Out

PATNA, June 10

Information has reached here from Muzaffarpur that there had been an extensive search by the police in the Hindu Mission office at Sitamarhi. The search party took possession of some papers found in the office and put under arrest Harindra Kishore, Secretary and Sri Anirudh Misra, another worker of the mission, took them to the local police station and after having recorded their statements let them off on bail.

It is also reported that Swami Basantanand Giri, President of the Sitamarhi Hindu Mission was arrested at Bettiah on May 23 last.—United Press.

EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S POWERS CURTAILED

Governments' Power To Fix His Allowance Questioned

LAHORE, June 10

After a protracted sitting for over five hours, the Lahore Municipality adopted a resolution curtailing the Executive Officers' powers. The Senior Vice-president, Lala Sitaram, moved an amendment to refer the matter to a special sub-committee but it was overruled. All Hindu and Sikh members refrained from voting.

There was an acrimonious debate on the Executive Officers' conveyance allowance, and the Committee finally decided to write to the Government that it (the Goevrnment) was not competent to fix this allowance over the Committee's head.—United Press.

LYALLPUR VOTES Rs. 2,000

LYALLPUR, June 9.

A general meeting of the Lyallpur Municipal Committee was held here in the Town Hall with Malik Lakshmi Das in the chair.

The Committee sanctioned Rs. 2,000 for the relief of the Quetta sufferers to be spent locally and a Sub-Committee was formed to administer the amount.

The local Government was requested to sanction the amount telegraphically so that relief work may be started forthwith.—United Press.

TELEGRAPHIC CONGESTION AT QUETTA

SIMLA, June 10.

The normal number of telegrams received in Quetta before the earthquake was about 170 per day. As a result of the news of earthquake over 14,000 telegrams were received in Quetta between June 1 and 7 for delivery in Quetta town alone. Over 11,000 telegrams have been delivered and only 3,000 remain undelivered owing to the addresses being untraceable.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

FIRE HAVOC IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, June 10.

A serious fire broke out tonight in Kalupur, a thickly populated part of the city.

Fanned by high winds the flames raged furiously for about two hours, gutted three houses and caused damage estimated at over Rs. 50,000.—A. P.

Geneva Deadlock Continues

40 HOUR WEEK MOVE

Employers Refuse To Participate In Committee

GENEVA, June 10.

The deadlock caused by the refusal of the Employers' delegates to participate in the Committee stage of the forty-hour-week proposal at the International Labour Conference continued to-day.

The Conference, therefore, will not meet in plenary session before the 12th instant. The meetings arranged for Monday and Tuesday have been postponed.—Reuter.

IL DUCE AT IT AGAIN

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ROME, June 10.

Another indirect hit at Britain was made by Signor Mussolini when in a speech to the Black Shirts at Sassari, Sardinia, he said: "This so-called public opinion abroad is nothing more than the ridiculous effigy which would be burnt up by the zeal of the Black Shirts."

Notwithstanding the Duce's obvious references it is understood that the Italian newspapers have been officially warned to hold off polemics against Britain. Disobedience will incur confiscation of issue.

LONDON PAPERS KEEP MUM

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 10.

The papers give prominence to Signor Mussolini's speech cabled Saturday but with one exception ignore it editorially.

NO HONOUR FOR CATHOLICS

Uproar At Confirment Of Edinburg's Freedom On Lyons

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 10.

Noisy protests against the conferment of freedom of the City on Mr. Lyons, the Prime Minister of Australia on the ground that he is a Roman Catholic was made at the ceremony at Ussher Hall, Edinburgh. Large crowds had gathered outside the hall and greeted all those entering with cries "No Popery". The proceedings were interrupted inside by male and female members of the Protestant section of society and the noise was so great that the Lord Provost Sir William Thomson, sat down and the organist played amid shouts of "We are loyal people; down with Papists." The police twice ejected a number of demonstrators and the Lord Provost apologized for the unseemly conduct of a few citizens who did not represent the solid opinion of the right people of Edinburgh. Other recipients of freedom were Lord Tweeds Muir (John Buchan) Governor-General-elect of Canada who as a Scotsman was given a particularly hearty reception and the Maharaja of Patiala who was absent through illness.

"NORMANDIE'S" NEW RECORD

Makes 711 Miles In 24 Hours On Return Voyage

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, June 10.

The wireless from the liner "Normandie" reports that on the return journey she has established a new east-bound record for a day's run by covering 711 miles from noon on Saturday to noon on Sunday, with an average speed of 30.91 knots .

China Surrenders To Japanese Threat

EVACUATION OF CHIHLI

Nanking Agrees To Liquidation Of Kuomintang In Province

TOKIO, June 10.

The Chinese Government has sent formal note through the Chinese Commander of North China to the Japanese Military Attache unreservedly accepting the series of demands made by the Japanese military authorities, according to a message from Peiping.

The Demands

These include the evacuation of all Government troops from the province of Chihli, abolition of the Kuomintang "Chinese nationalist" branches in Chihli and removal of General Yuhsuehchung, Governor of Chihli from the post.

The evacuation of the troops from Peiping was watched by huge and excited crowds.

Quit In Three Days

Japan requires that the evacuation of the entire corps from Chihli should be completed within three days under penalty of punitive measures. The demilitarisation of Chihli whereby the demilitarised zone between China and Manchukuo would be extended to include the Peiping and Tientsin areas thus being achieved bloodlessly without enforcing the threat foreshadowed by Japan when she presented the fourteen demands on May 29.

Gun-boats On Scene

The only untoward incident reported has been the burning of important Japanese telegraph and telephone poles by Gen. Yuhsuehchung's troops. Two Japanese gunboats have arrived off Tientsin.—Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST QUETTA BAN

Demand For Inquiry Into Serious Allegations

NEW DELHI, June 9.

"Wisdom, statesmanship, expediency and humanity—all demand that the Government should lift the ban on the entry of non-onficials in Quetta," thus declared Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A. in the course of a speech delivered at a crowded meeting held in the Queen's Garden. Lala Narain Dutt presided.

At the outset, Lala Deshbandhu Gupta moved the following resolution:—"This meeting of the citizens of Delhi expresses its heartfelt sympathy with the earthquake sufferers of Quetta and appeals to the citizens to help their brethren in distress in all possible ways.

PROTEST AGAINST BAN.

"This meeting further expresses its dissatisfaction at the attitude of the Government in banning the entry of representatives of responsible public bodies in the affected areas."

The mover in the course of his speech referred to the statements of certain refugees who had levelled serious charges against military men and asked the Government to inquire into them. He particularly invited the attention of the Government towards the statement of a refugee who had alleged that one of his companions was forced to part with currency notes worth Rs. 15,000 without any receipt.

Maulana Ahmed Said speaking next characterised the apprehensions of Government regarding the entry of non-officials into Quetta as baseless. He thought that the interest of Government also lay in lifting the ban.—United Press.

VICEROY'S FUND EXCEEDS 4 LAKHS

SIMLA, June 10.

Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Funds totals up-to-date Rs. 4,26,524-15-9 and £50.—United Press.

20,000 EVACUATED SO FAR

SIMLA, June 10.

To-day's official report on the Quetta situation based on official messages received till midday June 10, states that it is anticipated that the headquarters of the Western Command will be transferred from Quetta to Karachi before the end of June and General Sir Ivor Vesey, new G. O. C. will assume command there on arrival from England.

The Headquarters in Baluchistan district will, however, remain in Quetta under the command of General Karslake.

It is estimated that 20,000 survivors were evacuated by special trains since June. The majority of these belong to Punjab and Sind. Delicate children were evacuated by air to avoid risks of heat in Sind desert. 636 patients were evacuated by trains.—United Press.

WESTERN COMMAND SHIFTS TO KARACHI

KARACHI, June 10

The "United Press" understands that the authorities at Quetta, have, in order to be in close touch with the public, decided to start a journal named "Quetta Bulletin". The first issue of the journal contains a list of donors.

The new town between Lora and Brewary is being built, and the Government buildings are being constructed there. In the meantime the Western Command is being shifted to Karachi.—United Press.

MILD SHOCKS STILL CONTINUE

Experts Hold Dormant Volcanoes Responsible

KARACHI, June 10

Mild shocks still continue to be felt three or four times a day. The mountains range surrounding the ruined city has been tremendously affected

Experts opine that there are dormant volcanoes in Baluchistan. Baluchistan's fate is always in the balance.—United Press.

Price Of "Freedom" Of Detenus

BENGAL EXPERIMENT

Release On Parole On Cash Security From Guardians

BOGRA, June 9.

The policy of releasing some of the detenus on parole has taken a definite shape.

It may be remembered that some time ago Government asked some of the guardians of detenus whether they were prepared to furnish cash security to secure the release of their wards.

The guardians took time to consider the proposal. Now some of the guardians have accepted the proposal.

As a result of the new experiment, Sj. Nitai Chandra Kundu, so long an internee at village Paikgachha within the Khulna District, has been released, the former order under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act having been withdrawn.

A sum of Rs. 200 only has been deposited with the Government as security for his good behaviour.

CONDITION FOR RETURN OF DEPOSIT.

The said sum will be returned to the depositor after a period of three years, if he obeys the following conditions:—

(1) He shall reside with his father and within the limits of Bogra Municipality;

(2) He shall not leave Bogra town without previous written permission of the District Magistrate;

(3) He shall not mix with the terrorists or members of any revolutionary party;

(4) He shall not attend any seditious meeting or associate with any person having an unlawful motive;

((5) He shall not mix with any person who is named by the Superintendent of Police; and

(6) If any one comes to him with terrorist intention, the fact shall at once be reported to the Superintendent of Police of Bogra.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
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SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a suitable match, cultured and educated, Gujarati preferred, for a Gujarati Bania young man of 27, educated and well settled in life, apply Box No. 4320, "Bombay Chronicle".

5. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted responsible man to be in charge of Cash and Stocks of a running business in Bombay. Salary Rs. 60-2-250. Six months' notice on either side. Cash investment deposit returnable on termination of services Rs. 2,500 required. A great opportunity for an honest and ambitious worker to get into settled employment for life holding brilliant future prospects. Apply Box No. 4342, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted influential gentlemen to work as District Organisers on pay and commission for each district of C. P. and Berar. Those who can produce satisfactory business need only apply stating age, experience and business expected with credentials to the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., Asian Building, Bombay. (1203).

Wanted Lady doctors, M.B.B.S., L.C.P.S. and fully qualified nurses B.P.N.A. immediately. Apply with full particulars, certificates, salaries required Box No. 4340 "Bombay Chronicle."

People Without Employments! Remember Royal Service Agency (Established in 1930), High class Employment Specialists render you prompt services, to all seeking employments. Apply immediately 369-71, Hornby Road, 3rd floor, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. Terms moderate. (4341).

Wanted—A House Surgeon M. B. B. S. for Labour Union Hospital. Pay Rs. 100/-, with free quarters. Apply, Dr. A. N. Tankaria, Medical Officer, Labour Union Hospital, Ahmedabad. (1198).

Applications are invited from the Registered Medical Graduates for the post of the House Surgeon at the Haji Bachoo Ali Free Ophthalmic Hospital, Parel Bombay. Applicants are requested to see the Secretary before 15th June at the Hospital. (4334.)

Wanted:—An experienced mid-wife and Nurse required with B. P. N. A. qualifications for the Moray Dispensary Malvan. Pay according to qualifications up to Rs. 50 p.m. Applications should be submitted to the undersigned, stating terms, experience, qualifications, etc. on or before the 15th June 1935. (Sd.) Khansaheb Shaik Ahmad. Chairman, Dispensary Committee, Malvan. (1196).

Wanted A Graduate with English and Sanskrit to work as an Assistant Teacher in a High School. Two years' binding essential. Apply stating age, qualifications, minimum salary expected, etc., to:—The Head Master, S. H. High School, Dholka, Dist. Ahmedabad.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Applications for District Managers to organise Depot Agents in unrepresented areas and control stocks and sales will be considered. Only experienced hands need apply. Security against stocks and best references essential. Carrons (India) Ltd., Post Box 453, Madras. (4337A).

Wanted services of a Revenue Officer on a pay of Rs. 225 plus Rs. 25 as travelling allowance per mensem, with free furnished quarters. Persons having experience should apply stating age and qualifications to the Dewan Chhota Udepur State. (1204).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Honest Matriculated youth seeks employment in any office or firm. Please communicate to Box No. 4344, "Bombay Chronicle."

Import-Export—Wanted Situation by one, having vast experience of general imports Trade and thorough grip at handling all different markets of India; having worked: Bombay, Karachi, Lahore and travelled all over India. Now already managing one big import firm, will be prepared to go abroad. Can also start quite afresh with a suitable partner possessing finance over 50,000. Communicate Box No. 4319, "Bombay Chronicle".

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Apply early. Admission closes soon, prominent staff. Special evening classes. City Homoeopathic Medical College (Regd.), Kesharbag, Vincent Road, Dadar. (4343).

Hewett Engineering School, Luck-now, Recognised by U. P. Govt.—Applications from Matriculates invited for Overseer Class. Session July, 1935. Admission commenced. Excellent employment facilities. Free Prospectus from Principal. (4308).

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow (Recognised by U. P. Government). Applications from matriculates for the Overseer class session July 1935 are being entertained now and shall be considered in the order they are received till the required number is made up. (4247).

Wanted candidates for Electrical Engineering Classes. Hostel available. Apply to:—British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind.) (4232).

Ambitious people for jobs enrol at once Saraswati Commercial Institute, Parel. Imparts expert training in all commercial subjects for all examinations. 90 per cent students secured jobs. (4335).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

When Domestic Small-Loan-Diffi-culties Arise, Bombay-Middle-Classes, Consult the Dwarkabai Memorial Savings and Loans Office, Nowroji Street, Thakurdwar. (4209).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Agents Wanted—Applications are invited on handsome commission and salary up to Rs. 150 per month to introduce silk sarris and suitings manufactured in our mills. Apply to:—The Punjab Textile Mills, Ravi Road, Lahore (Punjab). (4328).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
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Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Belgian Government Guaranteed Bonds. Safest investment, big prices. Authorised Agents, Kass & Co., Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay. Agents wanted. (9867).

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Wire Stitching Machines and Hand Lever Perforating Machines of German Makes and English made Cutting Machines Several Sizes. V. M. Varma Khetwady, Bombay 4. (4336).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

SARVAJANIK LAW COLLEGE, SURAT

The COLLEGE will OPEN on 15th June. Both First and Second LL.B. students will be admitted. Hostel accommodation available. Admissions will commence from 1st June. Prospectus and admission forms for College and Hostel will be sent on application.

C. M. GANDHI,
Principal.
16-5-1935. 1110

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTIFICATION

Repayment of the Loan of Rs. 23-1/4 lakhs for Drainage, Water Works, Roads and other works.

DUE 1ST JULY 1935

Debenture holders are informed that the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay, have been appointed Agents of the Municipal Corporation for the repayment of the Principal due.

DEBENTURES WILL CEASE TO CARRY INTEREST FROM 1ST JULY, 1935, and will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay.

(Sd.) C. B. B. CLEE,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 1st June, 1935.
1180

REGAIN THE MONEY
which you lost in American Cotton, better you meet AMERICAN ASTROLOGER, M. A. Zhaveri, Golpitha, Ahmed Building, 1st floor, Room No. 3, Bombay No. 4. Daily Special Dharna Rs. 11.

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 42 BALES KHANGAUM COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, THE 11TH JUNE 1935 at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, near the Cotton Exchange Room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above-mentioned damaged cotton.

AUCTION SALE OF 30 BALES KHANGAUM COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 11th June, 1935, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), at the Cotton Depot Sewree near the Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned damaged cotton.

MENESSE & CO.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE OF DREDGERS AND BARGES IN THE SEA OF MUMBRA (G.I.P. RLY. MUMBRA STATION).

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. will, under instructions from Messrs. Motichand & Devidas, Attorneys for the Mortgagee Ramkuvar Shrinivas and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Oscar S. Crassi carrying on business in the firm name of "The Sand & Co." as the Sole Proprietor and pursuant to the powers of sale reserved to the Mortgagee under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 25th day of August, 1934 will sell by Public Auction the following Dredgers and Barges on WEDNESDAY, the 12th June 1935 at 4 P.M. in the Sea of Mumbra (G.I.P. Rly.) at the place where they are lying:

1. Steam Dredger "Drudge."
1. Priestman's Grab Dredger.
1. Mississipi Dredger (Oil Engine driven).
6. Barges.

No. 77 18 Brass.
No. 78 22 Brass.
No. 112 28 Brass.
No. 111 35 Brass.
No. 117 40 Brass.
No. 120 40 Brass.

A deposit of 25 per cent will have to be paid by the purchaser at the time of knocking the lot or lots to the buyer and the balance shall be paid and the lots purchased by the purchaser shall be taken possession of within three days from the day of sale at the purchaser's expense.

Further conditions of Sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

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The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.

NINE ORPHAN GIRLS MARRIED

Police Commissioner Praises Social Uplift Work Of Muslim Orphanage

Nine Muslim girls who had been brought up and educated in the Abdulla Dawood Bowla Mahomedan Female Ophanage at Chinchpokli, were married on Sunday evening in the orphanage building in the presence of a large gathering.

This institution has been doing social uplift work for nearly 20 years and the girls who entered matrimony on Sunday were brought up since childhood. Each bride received wedding gifts consisting of a gold ring, a gold necklace, some household furniture and Rs. 25 pocket money.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, the Police Commissioner of Bombay, the Managing Trustee of the Orphanage said: "We have not had a marriage in the Orphanage for some years past, but to make up for this, we have established a record to-day. Hitherto the largest number of marriages celebrated on one day has been seven while to-day there have been nine."

Institution's Progress.

Tracing the progress of the institution he said that during the last few years several improvements had been made in connection with the Orphanage, such as extensive repairs to the old building and the construction of a new building. As regards the latter they had been able to hand over to the Municipality the education of their girls, while the Municipality in its turn had benefited by having at a reasonable rental a fine building for use as a school for local children.

Training in needle work and domestic arts was still being given in the Orphanage proper by the staff under Miss Spooner, and, judging by their work, quite a high standard had been reached. In this connection he mentioned the great assistance given to the institution by Mrs. Shuffi Tyebji, President of the Ladies Committee.

Proceeding the speaker said the institution was hampered for want of funds. For instance they should like to have a competent assistant, to the lady superintendent, who could take complete charge of the girls in the latter's absence.

Public Support.

"Having seen the institution and the useful work it does," the Police Commissioner said, "I trust you will be moved to extend to it a helping hand. We have carried on in the past relying on the generosity of the public-spirited Muslims of Bombay, and we look to them with confidence for the future."

The speaker acknowledged the valuable assistance given, to make the function a success by His Holiness the Mullaji Saheb (who gave Rs. 500), the Hon. Sardar Suleman Cassum Mitha, Mr. R. M. Chinoy, Mr. Allarkhia Abba, Mr. Mahomedalli Allabux, Mr. Hasanally P. Ebrahim, Khan Saheb M. F. Taqi, Haji Hyderali Haji Bachuali and the Malabar Timber Supply Co. He also thanked Mr. Ishwardas Lakhmidas for sending a present of a saree to each of the girls.

He also mentioned the help given to the institution by Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar, a trustee, and Mr. T. C. Mayan, Honorary Secretary.

In response to the appeal for funds over Rs. 750 was collected on the spot.

Congress Of Trade Unions Of Tunis

(I.F.T.U.) A recent Congress of Trade Unions in Tunis, held under the chairmanship of Bothereau (Assistant Secretary of the French National Trade Union Centre (C.G.T.), and attended by 49 delegates representing 36 Trade Unions, expressed itself strongly in favour of freedom of Trade Union association and urged the French National Trade Union Centre (C.G.T.) to take energetic action to secure the reinstatement by the French Government of Trade Union leaders in Tunis who have been victimised as a result of their Trade Union activities. Another resolution urged that French social legislation should be applied in its entirety to Tunisia. To combat the economic crisis, the Congress called for the inauguration of large-scale public works, the eight-hour day, a democratic agrarian policy, and the establishment of an unemployment fund to mitigate the most urgent cases of unemployment. A resolution which was passed on Trade Union unity, called on the French National Trade Union Centre (C.G.T.) and the International Federation of Trade Unions to work energetically for the defence of democracy, freedom of association and peace; the Congress endorsed the policy of trade union unity on a democratic basis in accordance with the principles laid down by the Council of the C.G.T.

Shipping News
Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS

June 10.

S.S. Myrtlebank, Captain Holbrook, Agents F F Campbell and Co., Arrived from New York via Karachi.

S.S. Vasna, Captain J. Rowe, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Arrived from Basra, via Karachi.

DEPARTURES

June 10.

S.S. Mangolia, Captain H R Rhodes, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for London via Aden.

S.S. Burdwan, Captain J E Daniel, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for London via Aden.

S.S. Duranda, Captain A A Parkar, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Dunkirk via Aden.

S.S. Nizam, Captain M J MacLure, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., Sailed for Calcutta.

S.S. Dogra, Captain B E Brewin, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., Sailed for Calcutta.

S.S. New Orleans, Captain J Mackrish, Agents Lionel Edwards Ltd., Sailed for Calcutta via Marmagoa.

S.S. City of Guildford, Captain T R Watkins, Agents Killick Nixon and Co., Sailed for Liverpool via Bhavnagar.

S.S. City of Venice, Captain A Lee, Agents Killick Nixon and Co., Sailed for Liverpool via Port Said.

S.S. Jalaputra, Captain G S MacWilliam, Agents Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Limited, Sailed for Rangoon via Cochin.

LOADING.

June 10.

S.S. Ellora, for African Ports.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, June 10.

1 Clan Macvicar, 3261, M-Coast, 16-6, J Finlay and Co.
3 Ginyo Maru, 6128, Kobe, 11|6, N Y Kaisha.
4 Castalia, 4171, Liverpool, 15|6, Grahams T Co.
6 Jeypore 3209, Japan 11|6, M M and Co.
7 Mundra, 4478, Karachi 11-6 M. M and Co.
9 Myrtlebank, 3150, Colombo, 12-6, F F Campbell and Co.
13 City of Rangoon, 4272, N F, N F K. Nixon and Co.
13 o/s City of Canton 4272 P-Gulf; 20-6 K N & Co.
14 Manju Maru 4293, Japan 12|6, O S Kaisha.
15 Durenda, 4450, London, 8|6, M M and Co.
16 Ellora, 2386, Durban, 12-6, M M and Co.
17 Karanja, 4646, U Kingdom, N F M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Barpeta 1892, Busra, 12|6, M M and Co.
4 Vasna, 2026, Busra, 13-6, M M and Co.
6 Victoria Marie, 882, M-Coast, 12-6, Merchant S N Co.
16 Schoner Dolphin 120 NF. NF; S Tarmahomed & Co.

PRINCES DOCK

K Varela, 1926, N F, N F, M M, and Co.
M Haresfield, 3212, N F, N F, M M, and Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.
Rawalpindi 13-6 P & O S N Co.
Mooltan 20-6, P & O S N Co.
Kaisar-I-Hind; 27-6; P & O. S N Co.

FROM HULL
Serbino, 13-6, James Finlay and Co.

FROM NEW YORK.
President Johnson; 13-6; F F Campbell & Co.
President Monroe; 27-6; F F Campbell & Co.

FROM DURBAN
Takliwa, 15-6, M M and Co.

FROM HAMBURG
Garoet, 8-6; L Edward Ltd.
Schonfels, 11|6, L Edwards.
Goldenfels, 26|6, L Edwards.

FROM LIVERPOOL
Clan Macbride, 28-6, James Finlay and Co.

FROM MOULMEIN
Gambhira, 9-6, M M and Co.
Jalaratna, 9-6, Scindia S N Co., Ltd.

FROM BASSEIN
Jalapadma, 12-6, Scindia S N Co.
Goalpara, 14-6, M M and Co.

FROM KOBE.
Shinko Maru, 11-6, O S Kaisha.
Tokiwa Maru 15-6; N Y Kaisha
Genoa Maru; 18-6; N Y Kaisha
Celebes Maru; 23-6; O S Kaisha
Anyo Maru; 30-6; N Y Kaisha.

FROM GOTHENBURG
Sumatra; 13-6; L Edward Ltd.

FROM BASRA.
Baroda, 13-6, M M and Co.
Varsova 15-6 M M & Co.

FROM TRIESTE.
Fusijama, 12|6, Lloyd Triestino.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON
Burdwan, 12-6, P and O S N Co.
Ranpura 15-6; P & O S N Co.
Comorin, 22-6; P & O S N Co.
Rajputana 29-6; P & O S N Co.

FOR NEW YORK.
President Johnson 14-6; F F Campbell & Co.
President Monroe; 27-6; F F Campbell & Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
Silverbeech, 11-6, Volkart Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
City of Venice; 10-6; Killick Nixon & Co.
Castalia; 15-6, Graham T Co. Ld.
Britannia; 29-6; Graham T Co. Ld.

FOR KOBE.
Rawalpindi, 14-6, M M and Co.
Tokiwa Maru; 21-6; N Y Kaisha
Shunko Maru; 22-6; O S Kaisha
Celebes Maru; 30-6; O S Kaisha.

FOR TRIESTE.
Conte Verde, 20|6, Lloyd Triestino.

FOR BUSRAH.
Vita, 6|5 M M and Co.
Barpeta, 12-6, M M and Co.
Vasna, 13-6, M M and Co.

FOR DURBAN
Ellora 12|6, M M and Co.

FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi, 8|6, Turner Morrison and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATE.

S.S. Bandra (boats) 8-6-35.

EXPORTS

Bombay, June 10.

S.S. Bardwan for Marseilles:—63 bales cotton B Carsondas and Co.

S.S. Antwerp:—1475 bags gr. oil cake H Ramji and Co.

For London:—700 bags gr. oil cake H K H Shariff; 210 bags gr. seed T S Tnadani and Son.

For Havre:—125 bales cotton D Carsondas and Co.; 660 bales cotton K Devchand and Co.

For Ghent:—330 bales cotton B Mawji and Co.

S.S. Castalia for L Paol:—100 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 47 bales wool raw Shamjimal; 58 bags turmeric A Virji and Co.; 14 bales wool raw T Bhawrmal; 640 bales gr. oil cake K Devchand and Co.; 300 bales raw wool M Nissim.

For Glasgow:—23 bags turmeric A Virji and Co.

S.S. City of Guildfords for Manchester:—245 bales cotton B Mavji and Co.

For L. Paol:—640 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal and Co.; 265 baggs myrabollams seed T S Thadani and Co.; 2100 bags gr. oil cake H K H Saharift.

S.S. Myrtlebank for Philadelphia:—109 bales wool raw D Abraham and Son.

For Boston:—139 bags fish manure H A Mahomed and Son.

S.S. Mundra for Dunkirk:—110 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 200 bales cotton K Devchand and Co.

For Hull:—640 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co.

For London:—308 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co.

S.S. New Orleans for Philadelphia:—1200 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co.

S.S. Jeypore for Kobe:—500 bales cotton R O Kanji and Co.; 595 bales cotton M Amersey and Co.; 100 bales cotton V Ladha and Co.

S.S. Mayu Maru for Yokkaichi:—200 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S.S. Ginyo Maru for Kobe:—319 bales cotton G Dossa and Co.

For Moje:—800 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

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Move To Check Alarming Spread Of Sutta Khel In City

Council To Discuss Surve's Resolution Asking Government To Take Immediate Steps To End Evil

The following Government Bill will be introduced in the Second Session of the Bombay Legislative Council commencing at the Council Hall, Poona, on Monday, July 8, at 2 p.m.:

(1) Bill No. V of 1935 (A Bill to amend the Mussalman Wakf Act, 1923, in its application to the Presidency of Bombay).—Second and third readings.

(2) Bill No. XVII of 1934 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1923)—First reading.

The following non-official bills will also be discussed during the session:

(1) Bill No. VIII of 1934 (A Bill to amend the Law of Adoption).—Motion for reference to the Select Committee—By Mr. H. R. Desai, M.L.C.

(2) Bill No. XXX of 1933 (A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888)—First reading.—Dr. J. A. Collaco, M.L.C.

(3) Bill No. XXXI of 1933 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay City Municipalities Act, 1925)—First reading.—Rao Saheb P. D. Kulkarni, M.L.C.

(4) Bill No. XII of 1934 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879) First reading.—Mr. M. M. Karbhari M.L.C.

Employment of Children

(5) Bill No. XXIII of 1934 (A Bill to prohibit the employment of children and to limit the hours of work of young persons in shops and to provide for their early closing).—First reading.—Mr. R. R. Bakhale, M.L.C.

(6) Bill No. XXV of 1934 (A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888)—First reading—Mr. A. G. Greville Bullocke, M.L.C.

(7) Bill No. XI of 1935 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Pleaders Act, 1920)—First reading—Mr. G. S. Gangoli, M.L.C.

(8) Bill No. XII of 1935 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1923)—First reading.—Mr. G. S. Gangoli, M.L.C.

(9) Bill No. XIV of 1935 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1923)—First reading.—Mr. G. S. Gangoli, M.L.C.

(10) Bill No. XV of 1935 (A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888)—First reading.—Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, M.L.C.

(11) Bill No. XVI of 1935 (A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888)—First reading.—Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, M.L.C.

(12) Bill No. XVII of 1935 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1923)—First reading.—Mr. V. N. Patil, Bar-at-Law, M.L.C.

(13) A Bill further to amend the Bombay Bhagdari and Narvadari Tenures Act, 1862—Motion for leave to introduce the Bill—Khan Bahadur Vali Baksh Adam Patel, M.L.C.

Resolutions

Discussion of matters of general public interest will include: Resolution by Mr. A. N. Surve, M.L.C.:

(1) "This Council recommends to Government to take effective and immediate steps to check the ruinous and alarming spread of gambling, popularly known as the American Futures or cotton numbers, which has taken a firm hold in Bombay and other cities in the Presidency and which is now spreading rapidly to other parts also."

Resolutions by Mr. V. A. Surve, M. L. C.

1. "This Council recommends to Government that the Coronation Day of Shri Shivaji Maharaj, the Founder of the Mahratta Empire, be declared a public holiday in the Bombay Presidency."

2. "This Council recommends to Government that primary education should be made compulsory in the case of the Kunbi caste and the depressed classes of the Ratnagiri district."

Resolution by Mr. L. R. Tairsee, M. L. C.

1. "This Council recommends to Government to appoint a committee consisting of official and non-official members, with a majority of the latter, to enquire into the grievances and handicaps of the sugar factories started in the Deccan Canals areas and to suggest ways and means to remove the same and to facilitate the growth of the said sugar factories."

HOW WORKER MET DEATH

Lorry Drivers Describe Fatal Accident In Aerated Waters Factory

BOMBAY, Monday.

Fresh light was thrown to-day on the tragic death of a coolie who was pinned to the driver's seat of a lorry and jammed to death in the compound of Turf Aerated Waters Factory at Tardeo on June 7.

The Coolie was jammed between two moving lorries on June 6 and died on the next day.

The Coroner recorded a verdict of "accidental" death to-day adding that "he was most unfortunately crushed" between two motor lorries in the compound of Turf Aerated Waters Factory at Chaktewadi Tardeo.

Driver's Evidence.

A lorry driver in the employ of the factory in giving evidence before the Coroner stated that Rahimba Khanna, the deceased, a coolie working on his lorry, was giving him instructions to back his lorry in line with the other eight lorries ranged in front of the loading platform.

There was some space between the lorries, added witness, with four on either side and it was their intention to back the lorry into that space and draw it up along the platform.

Khanna was standing on his left side, witness observed, and giving him instructions when another lorry was being reversed at right angles to the first lorry.

Pinned To His Seat.

Suddenly witness heard the cries of the deceased and applied brakes and brought it to a stop. He later saw the coolie jammed between the lorries and pinned to his seat.

The front lorry was accordingly pulled forward and the coolie extricated.

Another lorry driver deposed that he was backing his lorry when he saw another lorry at right angle to his. He heard shouts of "Back the lorry slowly" and he backed his lorry slowly.

He thought that the instructions were given to him but soon he heard the cries.

He stopped the lorry and pulled it forward.

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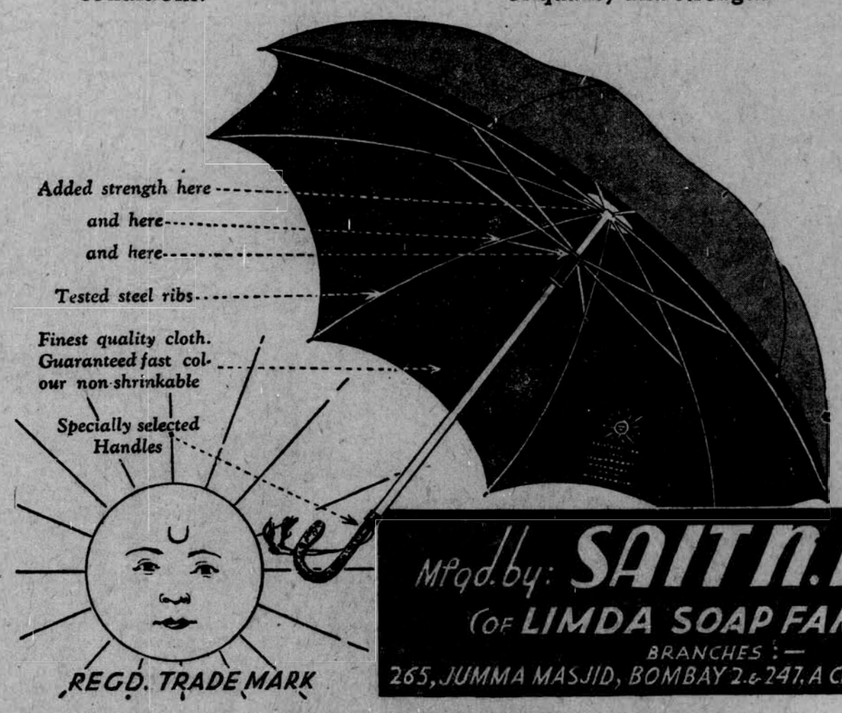

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Car Mounts Pavement And Crashes Into Lamp-post

Police Allege Driver Ignored Occupants' Warning And Caused Accident

BOMBAY, Monday.

A motor accident occurred in the early hours of this morning on the Cadel Road, Dadar, when motor car No. X4485, driven by Mahomed Hussein Abdul Karim, it is alleged went on the wrong side, mounted a pavement and crashed into a lamp-post, dislodging its top, near a Municipal School, beyond the Shivaji Park.

The Mahim Police placed the driver before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Police Court, on a charge of rash driving to-day.

The Police alleged that despite warnings of other occupants of the car, Karim continued to drive at a high speed, as a result Mohidin, sitting beside the driver, had his left arm fractured and was admitted into the K. E. M. Hospital.

The driver was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 100/, with a surety of Rs. 75/. The case is posted to June 13.

TERRIFIC CAR SMASH

Occupants Of Motor Have Miraculous Escape In Mahomed Ali Rd.

BOMBAY, Monday.

There was a terrible collision between a motor-car and tram-car, this morning, at 10-30 a.m. on the Mohammadali Road.

The car was badly damaged but the occupants had a miraculous escape.

The car, G. E. N. 3416, was running side by side with a tram-car heading towards J. J. Hospital. A few yards in front of the Janjikar Street the car crashed into the tram-car spun round and vaulted from the left side of the road to the right. The occupants experienced a tremendous shake-up.

The front porton of the car was twisted into a mass of scrap iron. the side lights splintered and the front mud-guards were smashed to smittereens. Fortunately no one was injured.

The road where the collision occurred was dry, showing a complete absence of pot-holes and leaving little or no scope for skidding.

The Pydhonie Police are making inquiries.

MOTOR CYCLE COLLIDES WITH CAR

Two Iranis Removed To Hospital After Accident

Two Iranis were injured in an accident on Sunday when a motor cycle collided with a car at Hughes Road.

It appears that Ardeshir K. Irani and D. S. Irani, while going on a motor cycle along Hughes Road in the direction of Sandhurst Bridge collided with a motor car at the junction of Hughes Road and Harvey Road. The car was being driven along Harvey Road in the direction of Chowpaty. Ardeshir, who was driving the motor cycle and D. S. Irani, who was on the pillion seat, were both thrown off and injured. They were taken to the J. J. Hospital. The motor cycle was badly damaged.

The Gamdevi police are investigating.

Another motor accident occurred on Sunday in which a car hit a lamp standard at the junction of Lamington Road and Grant Road and nearly unprooted it. The car is stated to have skidded owing to the slippery condition of the road.

WORLI ACCIDENT SEQUEL

That he drove his car in a rash and negligent manner along Love Grove Road, Worli, on Saturday and caused grievous hurt to a pedestrian named Naya Ningappa was the allegation made by the Agripada police against Murshala Mushtakban at the Mazagon Court on Monday.

He was enlarged on bail till June 20.

STABBING AT PYDHONI

Arrest In Sutta Khel Raid Causes Quarrel Between Brothers

BOMBAY, Monday.

A stabbing affray occurred early this morning at Nakhoda Moholla, Pydhoni, during an altercation between two Muslim brothers over an arrest in a Satta raid.

It was stated that Alli Mohammed Haji Cassum asked his elder brother Ibrahim why he had mentioned to his father that he (Alli Mohammad) had falsely implicated Ibrahim's friend, Ismail in the raid. Enraged at this Ibrahim is alleged to have drawn out a knife and stabbed his brother on the arm, causing two wounds.

The Pydhonie police came on scene and arrested Ibrahim Haji Cassum. He was enlarged on a bail of Rs. 100 for a week at the Mazgaon Court.

ALLEGED ESCAPE FROM REFORMATORY

Having removed the tiles of a room in the David Sassoon Industrial Reformatory at Matunga, Bira Fazoo, confined in the institute on a charge of theft, it is alleged, made good his escape in the early hours of the 5th inst. He was arrested the next day in Bombay, and was placed before the Dadar Court on Monday.

He was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 50. The case has been postponed to June 12.

SOCIALIST LEADERS MEET

ALLAHABAD, June 9.

Mr. Masani, the Socialist leader of Bombay visited Allahabad for two days. He came to meet Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan who is here these two days in connection with the work of publication of a book which he has written.

Mr. Masani came to consult some important and urgent matters of the internal politics of the Socialist Party with the General Secretary of the Party. Mr. Masani left for Bombay whereas Mr. Jaya Prakash will be staying here for a week.—United Press.

WANTED TO SEE PRISONER

Muslim Youth Arrested In Compound Of Princess Street Police Station

BOMBAY, Monday.

Found loitering in the Princess Street Police station compound and suspected of trying to get into secret communication with a prisoner in the cells, one Hussein Mahomed was arrested on Sunday afternoon.

On being questioned, it is stated, the Muslim youth admitted that he wanted to get into touch with a prisoner in the cells, sent for custody by the Bombay C.I.D.

In view of all this, the Police suspect that he is an associate of the prisoner with whom he wanted to communicate.

Pending further Police enquiries Hussain Mahomad was ordered by the Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Court, to be remanded to jail custody for one week.

MOVE TO SAVE LIVES AND PROPERTY

Shikarpur Sadhus' Appeal To Viceroy

(From Our Correspondent)

SHIKARPUR, June 8.

Mahant Swami Iryaghbarti of Shikarpur, who recently returned from Quetta, advises that if excavation is immediately carried out good many lives and precious property can be saved. Therefore all sadhus of Shikarpur under the chairmanship of Sri Mahant Gobindnathji have jointly appealed to the Governor-General to allow a labour party in Quetta immediately.

NEW 'PATTAS' FOR LANDS

Sikar Order On Jat Farmers

(From Our Correspondent.)

AJMER, June 7.

A report has been received from Sikar that a ban has been placed on the Jats keeping swords and riding camels in Thekana Kher. Orders have, it is understood, been issued on the farmers to have fresh Pattas for the pieces of land in their possession and the Thakana is reported to be charging Rs. 2 per Patta. It is most probable that no Patta would be issued in favour of those Jats who have taken interest in the agrarian agitation.

FATAL FALLS WHILE BOARDING TRAIN

BOMBAY, Monday.

Verdicts of accidental death were returned by the Coroner's Jury to-day on the deaths of two Hindu passengers who lost grip of the door-bars of electric trains at Andheri and Currey Road stations on Saturday last.

The names of the victims are Nana Sakharam and Krishna Sidhoo.

SYMPATHY FOR JATS

Meeting In Bombay To Protest Against Durbar's Attitude

BOMBAY, Monday.

"An Indian State, if it is not tyrannical, is nothing," was the observation made by Mr. L. R. Tairsee, presiding over a meeting held on Sunday evening in the Marwadi Vidyalaya under the auspices of the Indian States Peoples' Conference to protest against the attitude of the Jaipur Durbar towards the Jat peasantry in Shikar.

Moving speeches describing the plight of the Jats were made by Messrs. Deshraj, Upadhyaya and Kunwar Ratan Singh who formed the deputation which waited on the Working Committee of the Indian States Peoples' Conference in connection with the Shikar trouble.

Resolutions expressing sympathy of the people of Bombay with the Jats, demanding the appointment of an independent and impartial committee of enquiry and appointing a Relief Committee consisting of Mr. Tairsee and fifteen others were moved from the chair and passed.

The meeting terminated after the usual vote of thanks.

ROOM AT ARTHUR ROAD RAIDED

Police Arrest 18 & Seize Cash And Cards

BOMBAY, Monday.

Eighteen persons were arrested by the Bombay C. I. D. on Sunday afternoon, following a raid under a gambling warrant on a room at Arthur Road.

Gaming implements such as cards and money were also seized during the raid.

Tukaram Bhaoo and seventeen other accused were produced before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court and were released on bail till 20th instant.

The Governor-General has accorded his assent to the Court Fees (Central Provinces Amendment) Act, 1935 on the 21st May, 1935.

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Sports Jottings From Here And There

Formation Of An Indian Football Federation

(By J. C. Maitra)

Since I wrote last week, I find that the Indian Football Association of Calcutta has taken the initiative again to form a Controlling Body for football for All-India. This is a very praiseworthy move and I need hardly commend it for the consideration of all football organisations in the country. The I.F.A.'s efforts in this direction last year failed to bear any tangible result because the Calcutta Association wanted to arrogate to itself the controlling voice for the whole country which very naturally several of the prominent associations in India refused to concede.

"HOME OF INDIAN FOOTBALL"

I can understand and even appreciate the claim of Calcutta to locate the headquarters of the Controlling Body in that city. For verily it is the home of Indian football, as Bombay is the home of Indian cricket. There is no Football Association in India which can donate Rs. 10,000 at a call as the I.F.A. has done for the Baluchistan Earthquake Relief Fund. As we have just seen the joint efforts of the Western India Football Association and the Indian Football League put together have produced barely over Rs. 1,200 for the same purpose, the former of course collecting the lion's share. We are therefore prepared to grant Calcutta what is reasonably due to it but nothing more.

THE NEW SCHEME

The new scheme propounded by the I.F.A. suggests the formations of an Indian Football Federation, to which all provincial associations should affiliate. Each province would be entitled to send one representative to the Federation, and to have one vote for every fifty clubs affiliated to it. Provincial Associations throughout the country, namely North-Western India, Delhi, United Provinces, Western India Football Association Bangalore, Mysore, Madras, Behar and Orissa, Dacca Sporting Association, Assam, Army Sports Control Board and the Railways have been asked by the I.F.A. authorities to send their representatives to the inaugural meeting to be held at Darbhanga, Behar, in the middle of September next.

SPORTING OFFER OF MAHARAJA OF DARBHANGA.

The reason for holding the meeting at Darbhanga is that the Darbhanga shield competition will be played there about this time when teams from different parts of India have been invited to participate. And the Maharaja who is very keen on the formation of the Federation has promised to bear all the expenses of the representatives and entertain them as his guests during their stay at Darbhanga. This is indeed very Sporting of the Maharaja of Darbhanga. I hope the various football associations in the country would consider the question dispassionately and earnestly and assist in the inauguration of the Federation at an early date.

LACK OF PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATION.

The need for the formation of the Federation is urgent. Apart from the questions of administrative uniformity as regards qualification and disqualification of players, officials and others and co-operation in the arrangement of the various major tournaments in the country, there are many other important points like foreign visits and tours which demand active co-ordination between all the provinces. The proposed Hungarian visit was dropped as Calcutta could not entertain them during the period desired by the visitors. If some of the other provinces had come forward to share the responsibility, as they do in the case of cricket and tennis, the request would not have been turned down.

A TEAM FOR OLYMPIC GAMES

But more important than visits are tours. The question of sending a team to the Olympic Games next year has been engaging the attention of the I.F.A. for some time. They have been in negotiation with the Italian and Austrian Associations. If the latter agree to entertain the Indian tourists, the I.F.A. would enter a team for the Olympic games. But that would be a more or less provincial affair which for international purposes is not desirable, although the object of the province or association may be highly praiseworthy in itself.

I. F. A.'S PRAISEWORTHY EFFORTS.

In the past the I.F.A. has led the country in sending out teams to foreign lands. It may do so in future as its financial resources would permit. I know that during the last South African tour, it selected players from all corners of India. But they could in no sense be called a respresentative Indian team. To have the seal and stamp of all India, the team must be selected by an All-India body and sponsored by it. In the absence of such a body and in the absence of co-operation from the various provinces, nobody can blame the province which shows initiative and enterprise in organising foreign tours and in bearing the brunt itself.

LET ALL JOIN TO BUILD.

This is hardly creditable to the other provinces. It may be that they cannot take an equal share in the responsibility. But that is no reason why they should remain mere lookers-on. Everybody must do his bit according to his resources. No strength can be developed without its culture. Passive desire would not move mountain. But the efforts of all, however small and insignificant, put together may move mountains. It is therefore of the utmost importance that all the provincial associations should join together in a Federation and make it as strong and healthy as it would evoke the admiration of the whole world. Let us hope that consummation is not far off.

The charity football match arranged by the Indian Football League in aid of the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund, on the Bengal Club ground at Parel on Sunday evening was largely attended, among those present being Sjt. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor, Mr. A. C. Hinricho, President of the Western India Football Association, Mr. J. C. Maitra, President, Indian Football League, and others. Photo shows Messrs. Hinrichs and Maitra to the left and right of Mr. Nariman in the front row.

Western India Football Association Officials collecting funds for 'Quake relief, at the charity football match on the Cooperage on Saturday.

Mayor's' Quake Relief Fund

W.I.F.A.'s CHARITY MATCH

Durhams Beat R. A. By Big Margin

Following is the text of the statement issued by Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mayor of Bombay:—

Quite a large crowd turned up at the Co-operage on Saturday evening to support the charity football match which the Western India Football Association had organised in aid of the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund. Sjt. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor, graced the occasion by his presence. The total collections amounted to the magnificent sum of Rs. 1,050. While the gate charges yielded Rs. 380 only, the W. I. F. A. officials, with the assistance of a number of enthusiastic and charming ladies who went round the stands with collection boxes, raised donations to the extent of Rs. 570. Added to these sums, a camera presented by Dr. and Mrs. Fanaken realised Rs. 100. This fine effort on the part of the W. I. F. A. is well worthy of imitation by other sporting bodies in the city.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. D. E. Darell, the pipes and drums of the 3rd/1st Punjab Regiment entertained the crowd by selections of music before the match and during the interval.

GAME NOT SO ONE-SIDED.

The match though won by the Durham Light Infantry by the big margin of 4 goals to nil, was not so one-sided as the score would indicate. Especially in the initial period of the game, the Gunners had as much of the game as their opponents. It must be recorded however that the Heavy Artillery were nowhere near the form which won for them the League Championship last year. Without doubt the hard and fast condition of the ground was not up to their taste. When the monsoon sets in, they may perform as well as they did last season.

The Durhams on the other hand, were in their mettle. Their forwards showed brilliant combination and marvellous shooting capacity which kept the Artillery defence guessing on several occasions. If the Infantrymen can produce the same form in their future engagements, they will be a team hard to beat. The first moiety saw the Durhams leading by one goal which Fulton, their inside-left, scored with a hard ground shot.

The second half found the Durhams definitely on top. The Gunners were outclassed and outplayed at several periods of the contest. Laverick, their centre forward notched the second goal of the day which was followed by two more goals, Delner and Laverick being responsible for the points.

THE RESULT.

Durham Light Infantry 4 goals.
Royal Artillery, Colaba Nil.

THE TEAMS.

Durham L. I.: Gray; McAleer and Harrison; Kelly, Worthy and Flannery; Mackenzie, Scurfield, Laverick, Fulton and Delner.

Royal Artillery: Rackby; Cocklin and Fogg; Scoble, Walton and Collins; Gale, Collett, Galliers, Wilson and Havelot.

Referee:—L. Hibbert.

CHARITY FOOTBALL MATCH AT PAREL

Bombay City Beat Rest By Penalty Goal

The charity football match arranged by the Indian Football League in aid of the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund, came off on the Bengal Club ground at Parel on Sunday evening. There was a large and enthusiastic crowd present. Sj. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor and Mr. A. C. Hinrichs, the President of the Western India Football Association, were among the interested spectators.

The total receipts including the collections made by the ladies amount to about Rs. 200 which is a splendid figure considering the poor locality in which the match was played and where the gate charges were only four and two annas.

The lucky numbers of the programmes are 155, 671 and 1101.

It was a thrilling match from beginning to end. The Bombay City were lucky to win by a penalty goal scored in the early part of the game by Premlal.

The match was played at a terrific speed in which both the goals were visited in their turns. Choudhury in the City goal had as much to do as his vis-a-vis between the Rest posts. Both the custodians effected some marvellous clearances. The City forwards showed better teamwork as might be expected from a well-knit team, than the opposing quintette. But the latter were responsible for several dashing raids on the City goal.

The Rest defence led by Dadoo at the pivot were very prominent in neutralising the attacks of Bapu and Co. Although Otto and his colleagues tried hard to get on level terms with their opponents, their efforts failed.

Result:—

BOMBAY CITY ..... 1 goal
THE REST ..... nil.

WORLD RECORD FOR 220 YARDS

(SPECIAL CABLE).

KANSAS CITY, June 10.

Stell Walsh created a new world record of 220 yards in 24 three-tenths seconds, the previous best being 25 and one-tenth by Elizabeth Robinson in 1931.

Walsh now holds the indoor and outdoor records in this distance.

NEW BOMBAY GRADUATES

Results Of B. A. Examination Held In April Last

The following are the results of the Examination for the Degree of B.A., held in April last:

First Class Honours:

Nos. 48 121 126 131 140 144 149 150 154 155 157 158 171 174 183 187 189 193 194 195 197 201 284 536 548 733 750 806 803 828 1014 1165 1477.

Second Class Honours:

Nos. 1 3 6 12 23 24 31 34 35 36 41 47 49 50 51 52 54 65 56 75 100 102 116 122 123 124 127 128 129 130 132 135 136 138 139 146 147 148 151 152 153 160 163 164 173 175 177 178 181 184 190 191 192 196 198 199 200 202 203 204 205 206 208 210 217 218 219 222 226 234 242 243 247 249 250 253 254 256 260 261 263 274 275 278 281 286 289 295 298 300 301 306 309 310 316 318 320 322 324 326 527 528 530 532 533 535 540 544 546 549 550 551 566 574 575 577 582 584 593 595 596 603 606 607 609 628 642 647 651 660 662 664 718 720 721 723 724 728 732 736 739 741 744 745 746 748 749 751 752 753 758 761 762 766 767 769 773 776 800 807 809 810 814 821 829 830 832 834 836 847 849 853 855 995 996 997 999 1000 1001 1004 1009 1010 1020 1022 1025 1027 1028 1080 1081 1102 1112 1113 1115 1117 1127 1128 1132 1139 1140 1141 1146 1147 1148 1149 1150 1153 1154 1157 1158 1159 1168 1172 1175 1178 1179 1181 1182 1183 1185 1186 1187 1337 1345 1347 1349 1359 1375 1376 1378 1380 1384 1388 1391 1396 1397 1399 1403 1406 1407 1460 1462 1479 1485 1487 1537 1538 1539 1545 1547 1549 1550 1585 1597 1600 1601 1602 1604.

Pass:

Nos. 2 7 8 9 10 13 14 15 17 19 20 22 25 26 27 28 29 30 32 33 37 38 39 40 42 43 44 45 46 53 57 58 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 76 77 78 79 80 81 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 99 101 104 105 106 107 109 110 112 113 114 115 117 118 119 120 141 162 167 169 170 172 180 185 186 207 211 212 213 214 215 220 221 224 225 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 237 238 239 240 241 244 245 246 251 252 255 257 258 264 266 267 268 271 272 273 276 279 280 282 283 287 290 291 292 296 297 299 302 303 304 305 307 308 311 312 313 314 315 317 321 323 325 335 336 339 341 342 346 347 358 359 360 361 362 365 368 370 371 372 373 374 375 378 379 380 382 383 384 385 390 387 388 390 392 395 397 398 405 406 413 414 417 418 419 420 421 424 425 428 429 430 433 435 436 439 440 441 445 446 447 448 451 452 454 455 456 457 458 459 461 465 467 468 470 473 474 476 478 482 484 485 486 489 490 492 493 494 496 497 499 500 501 506 507 508 509 511 512 514 516 517 520 521 523 524 529 531 537 538 539 545 547 552 553 554 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 568 569 570 571 573 576 578 579 583 588 589 592 597 599 601 605 608 610 613 616 618 619 621 623 624 626 627 629 630 632 633 634 636 637 638 639 640 641 643 644 645 646 649 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 661 663 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 673 677 678 680 682 683 685 686 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 699 700 701 702 704 705 709 710 711 713 714 716 717 722 726 727 734 737 740 754 755 757 759 760 763 765 770 771 774 775 777 778 780 782 784 785 786 791 793 794 796 797 798 799 801 803 811 812 813 815 817 818 819 820 823 826 827 831 835 837 838 839 840 841 843 845 848 850 852 856 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 879 881 882 883 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 899 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 909 910 911 912 913 915 917 919 921 922 923 924 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 936 937 939 940 942 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 954 955 956 957 959 960 961 963 966 967 968 972 973 974 976 977 980 981 982 983 985 987 989 991 992 998 1002 1003 1005 1006 1007 1011 1012 1015 1017 1018 1019 1021 1023 1024 1029 1030 1032 1034 1038 1039 1041 1045 1046 1047 1048 1049 1050 1051 1052 1053 1054 1055 1056 1060 1061 1064 1065 1066 1067 1068 1069 1070 1071 1074 1076 1079 1082 1084 1087 1089 1090 1092 1093 1094 1096 1097 1098 1099 1100 1101 1103 1105 1109 1110 1111 1116 1118 1119 1120 1121 1123 1124 1125 1126 1129 1130 1131 1133 1134 1135 1136 1137 1138 1142 1144 1151 1152 1156 1161 1164 1166 1167 1169 1170 1173 1174 1176 1180 1188 1189 1190 1195 1196 1197 1198 1200 1201 1202 1203 1204 1205 1206 1207 1208 1210 1212 1213 1215 1216 1217 1218 1219 1220 1222 1225 1226 1228 1229 1230 1231 1232 1234 1235 1236 1237 1239 1240 1242 1243 1245 1246 1247 1249 1250 1251 1253 1258 1259 1261 1262 1264 1267 1269 1272 1273 1274 1275 1276 1278 1281 1283 1284 1285 1286 1287 1288 1292 1293 1294 1296 1297 1298 1300 1306 1308 1312 1313 1314 1317 1318 1319 1321 1322 1323 1324 1325 1327 1333 1334 1335 1339 1341 1342 1346 1348 1350 1351 1352 1353 1355 1356 1357 1361 1362 1364 1366 1368 1370 1371 1372 1381 1382 1385 1386 1387 1390 1392 1395 1398 1400 1402 1404 1405 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1416 1417 1418 1419 1422 1425 1427 1428 1430 1432 1435 1437 1438 1440 1442 1444 1445 1449 1452 1454 1455 1457 1458 1461 1463 1465 1466 1467 1468 1469 1471 1474 1475 1480 1481 1482 1483 1486 1488 1489 1490 1491 1493 1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499 1500 1501 1502 1503 1506 1507 1508 1509 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1527 1528 1529 1532 1533 1534 1535 1536 1540 1541 1542 1544 1546 1548 1551 1552 1554 1557 1558 1560 1561 1563 1565 1567 1568 1569 1570 1572 1574 1575 1576 1577 1579 1582 1583 1584 1588 1589 1590 1591 1592 1593 1594 1595 1596 1598 1599 1605 1606 1607.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES

The Ellis Scholarship:—To No. 48.

The James Taylor Prize:—To No. 284.

The Bhau Daji Prize:—To No. 155.

The Dhirajlal Mathuradas Scholarship:—To No. 140.

The Narayan Vasudeo Scholarship:—To No. 603.

The Cobden Club Medal:—To No. 828.

The Pherozeshah Merwanji Jijibhai Avesta-Pahlavi Scholarship To No. 203.

The Pralhad Sitaram Patwardhan Scholarship:—To No. 536.

The Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship:—To No. 284.

The Pragjee Thackersey Mooljee Science Scholarship in Arts To No 595.

The Lord Minto Scholarship:—To N. 284.

The Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar Gold Medal:—To Nos. 163 and 769.

"NO LICENSES FOR STABLES"

Dharavi Residents Oppose Municipal Proposal

DHARAVI, June 7.

A mass meeting of the residents and tannery merchants of Dharavi was held on Friday to protest against the Municipal proposal for granting licenses for stables in the tannery area of Dharavi under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher Solicitor. Mr. Abidally Jafferbhoy, Ishwarbhai Patel were also present. The meeting represented all the classes.

The speakers including the merchants, Harijan workers and the labourers of Dharavi, vehemently attacked the proposal of granting licenses for stables in the Dharavi area, as it would mean the closing down the tanning factories and ruin the industry causing unemployment of thousands of labourers who earned their bread by this industry.

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel and Abidally Jafferbhoy also addressed the meeting and exhorted the people to remain firm in their resolve and hoped that the victory will be theirs.

THINK TWICE.

Mr. B. G. Kher said that he hoped that the Municipality would think twice before introducing such a measure against the expressed wishes of Dharavi people, and thereby robbing them of their only employment in which they were engaged since last sixty years.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair. The president was profusely garlanded.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 38 Years).

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALESMANAGEMENT, BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION

ASPIRING STUDENTS OF COMMERCE SHOULD, therefore, give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as SALESMANAGERSHIP (A. I. S. M. A.); BANK OFFICERS (C. A. I. B.); INSURANCE MANAGERS (A. C. I. L.); COMPANY SECRETARIES (F. I. S. A.); & GENERAL COMMERCE COURSE (L. C. C. D.COM., L.M.C.) for which there is an unlimited FIELD and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (R.A., A. I. A. C.) may wherever desirable be tacked in as additional Course, as that Profession is overcrowded.

TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE.

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or apply for Prospectus giving details.

80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Dr. T. A. Ellis

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

'Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute, but write Muller MacLean, Bombay.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu:—Jeth Sud 10, 1991.
Muslim:—Rabi-ulavval 9, 1354.
Parsi:—Deh 8, 1304.
Sunrise:—6h. 1m.
Sunset:—7h. 16m.
High Tide:—7.23, 18.56
Low Tide:—1.15, 13.09.

Harwood League (First Division): Bombay City vs. Staff and Deptl., Cooperage, 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, June 12.

Harwood League (First Division): 3rd Fde. Bde. vs. Somerset L. I., Cooperage, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 13.

Harwood League (First Division): Bom. City vs. Bombay Gym., Cooperage, 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, June 14.

Harwood League (First Division): R.A. (Colaba) vs. Somerset L. I., Cooperage, 6 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES

Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per s. s. 'Rawalpindi' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 13th instant.

Superscribed mails for Singapore, Penang and Japan per s.s. 'Jeypore' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 1-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 11th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Shunko Maru' left Colombo on June 7 and is due to arrive in Bombay on June 11.

The homeward P and O mail steamer 'Naldera' with the mails from Bombay of the 1st instant arrived at Port Said at 7 p.m. on the 9th instant and left there at midnight the same day.

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Rawalpindi' with the mails from London of 30th ultimo arrived at Aden at 4 a.m. on the 9th instant and left there at 8 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 2 p.m. on Thursday the 13th instant.

The 'Rawalpindi' will sail from Ballard Pier for China and Japan at midnight the same day.

YOUTH LODGE, THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Members of the Youth Lodge, Theosophical Society, will meet at a tea-party, to-day (Tuesday) in the Lodge premises at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.).

LATE SWAMI SATYANAND SWAMINARAYAN MAHARAJ

Under the auspices of Shri Vile Parle Sanskrit Pathshala the anniversary ceremony will be observed to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. at Brahma-Nivas, when Swami Shrimad Kavalyanand Saraswati will preside and the life of Acharya Sri will be narrated.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

The next meeting of the Improvements Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall on Thursday, (the 13th June), at 3-30 p.m. (Bombay Time).

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN GRADUATES' UNION

A limited number of scholarships is being offered by the Directors of the Crosby Hall Association Ltd., for the Winter of 1935-36. Those desiring to obtain the same should apply for the particulars to Mrs. J. A. Fernandez, 36 Chowpatty Road, Chowpatty, Bombay before 15th June 1935.

BLAVATSKY LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, Mr. R. D. Karmarkar, B.A., S.T.C.D., of Karachi will deliver a public lecture to-day, (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty. The subject is: "The Modern Youth".

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

PATHE—"Rumba" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Casino Murder Case" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Scarlet Pimpernel" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Selima" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"My Darling" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Kamalata" or "Kamroop-desh-ki-Kamini" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Daksha-Yagna" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
ROXY—"Ghar-Jamai" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"College Girl" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"Things are Looking up" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Gay Divorcee" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Black Rider" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Do-Gadi-ki-Mauj". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"One night of Love". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—The "Kid from Spain". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Indian Music. 1 p.m. Market rates. European Lunch Hour Selections. 2 p.m. Close down.

5 p.m. Ladies' Talk. 5-30 p.m. Relay of music from Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Dance music. Jack Jackson and his Orchestra Teddy Joyce and his Orchestra. 7 p.m. "Vaudeville." (Records). 8 p.m. Interval. 8-30 p.m. Weather Report and News. 8-45 p.m. General and Commercial News. 9-15 p.m. Light Classical Music. 10-45 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Excerpts from British Light Opera and Musical Comedy. The B B C Empire Orchestra; leader, Daniel Melsa. Fogg Alice Moscon (Soprano). 8-30 p.m. "Meet the Characters of Fiction." "Meet Blackshirt" presented by his creator, Bruce Graeme. 8-45 p.m. Interlude.! 8-50 p.m. A Light Classical Concert. The Sylvan Trio, John Francis (Flute), Sylvia Spencer (Oboe), and Millicent Silver (Pianoforte). Myra MacNicol (Contralto). 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Dance music. 10-20 p.m. Close down.

*Electrical recording.
!Gramophone records.

'C' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The Secretary writes:

Workers of the 'C' Ward are requested to return the Congress membership forms which have been supplied to them by the office on Thursday the 13th June. The roll will be closed at 7 p.m. (S.T.) on the 13th June.

SEVA SADAN NURSES FOR MULTAN

SIMLA, June 9.

A batch of two English nursing sisters and seven Indian nurses from Delhi and a trained Indian nurse from Simla have been sent for hospital duty to Lahore, where a large number of injured persons evacuated from Quetta have reached.

For similar duty at Multan a contingent of seven Indian nurses and five Health Visitors are being despatched from the Seva Sadan Society, Poona. All these persons have volunteered their services.

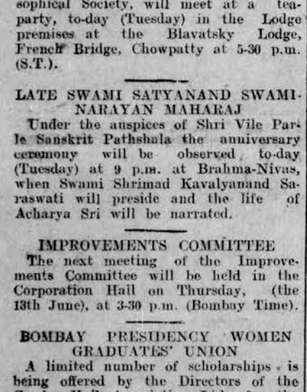
Further contingents of nurses and other volunteers are in readiness awaiting requisition.

FOOD AND CLOTHING.

Lady Patir and Mrs. Puckle have organised the collection of articles of clothing, etc., and a large consignment has been despatched to Lahore for distribution to the refugees.—United Press.

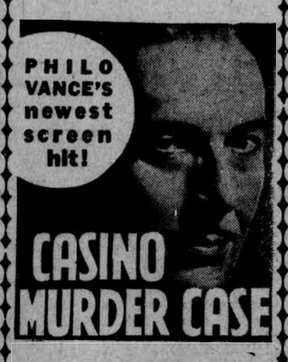
Gaya.—The Gaya District Political Conference, which was to be held at Sherghati towards the end of this month, has been postponed till October next.—United Press.

THE CAPITOL
Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m.



LESLIE MERLE
HOWARD OBERON
in Baroness Orczy's
THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL
France in the throes of the Revolution!
Free List Suspended

THE REGAL
(Air-Cooled & Air-Conditioned)
DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.



Come and Play Detective!

GAMING CONVICTION UPHELD

High Court Rejects Appeal On Legal Grounds

The appeal filed by Munirkhan Vazirkhan came up at the vacation sitting of the Appellate Bench of the Bombay High Court on Monday.

The appellant was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 500 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate who convicted him under Section 4 (a) of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act.

The appellant had an umbrella and cloth shop in the Mahomedi Building at the junction of China Butcher Street and Sandhurst Road. It was alleged by the prosecution that the appellant used to accept bets on horse races and "sutta" figures by employing certain persons who worked on the streets.

RAID AND ITS SEQUEL.

On September 8 last, Sub-Inspector Gawde got two witnesses to lay bets for him with the petitioner's agents. On receiving information that the appellant was making accounts in one of his rooms in the building later in the day, Mr. Gawde raided the premises and arrested the appellant and 9 others. Among the things found at the place were the race tips laid by Mr. Gawde.

In the lower court, 7 persons were convicted, the appellant being sentenced to a fine of Rs. 500 and the others to fines of lesser amounts.

GROUND OF APPEAL.

The appellant challenged the conviction on the ground, mainly, that arithmetical calculations of gaming transactions completed elsewhere, did not amount to gaming and that the place where such calculations were made was not a common gaming house. It was further submitted that the calculation of accounts between a principal and his agents was not gaming and stood on the same legal footing as the making of accounts by a single person alone. Actual gaming at a common gaming house must be proved under section 7 and other relevant sections of the Act.

Their lordships rejected the appeal.

Mr. C. H. Carden Noad appeared for the appellant and Dewan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader for the Crown.

Fellowship Of Faiths' Appeal

The Honorary Secretary, of the World Fellowship of Faiths writes:—

The World Fellowship of Faiths appeal in the words of Abraham Lincoln:—

"With malice towards none, with charity for all. With firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in." There is a sacred call of duty to help the Quetta Relief Work and help for Quetta victims.

The World Fellowship of Faiths appeal to all the generous minded people all over the country to contribute their mite towards the Relief Fund started in their respective centres. The loss of life is beyond our power to make good, but it is our sacred duty to look after the injured and crippled survivors, the orphans, widows of the dead. Let us pray and be a help of the helpless.

B. P. C. C. Urgent Meeting

An urgent meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Thursday the 13th instant at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

G. I. P. Railway

MAILS AND EXPRESS TRAINS.
Timings at Victoria Terminus.

Trains	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Punjab Mail	10 45
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	13 55
Poona Fast Passenger	15 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 10
Departures.	**H.M.**
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 15
Poona Fast Passenger	11 50
Madras Express	13 55
Poona Mail	15 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 50
Punjab Mail	18 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 45
Madras Mail	22 00
Nagpur Express	22 10
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway.

Mail, Express and Passenger trains in force from 1-4-1935.

ARRIVALS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

		H.M.
No. 8	Up Passenger	5 35
No. 20	Up Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2	Up Gujarat Mail	7 00
No. 10	Up Kathiawar Mail	7 40
No. 4	Up Frontier Mail	8 30
	do. on Saturdays	8 35
No. 12	Up Passenger	14 20
No. 16	Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6	Up Passenger	20 55

DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENRAL.

		H.M.
No. 15	Down Kathiawar Express	6 45
No. 9	Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11	Down Passenger	13 25
No. 1	Down Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3	Down Frontier Mail	21 30
No. 5	Down Kathiawar Mail	21 45
No. 19	Down Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7	Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	H.M.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only	

"Shree Hindu Vyayam Mandir" at Bilimora was opened by Seth Bhogilal Hargovinddas of Bombay on the 2nd instant.

Donation of Rs. 1,001 to this institution from the President Seth Bhogilal was declared.

BECOME CONGRESS MEMBERS

Electoral Roll Closes On Thursday

If you have not already enrolled yourself as Congress Member, do so immediately since 13th of June is the last day for enrolling Members qualified to vote at the annual general election in December next.

General Secretaries,
B. P. Congress Committee.

Congress House News

CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP

Enrolment Will Close On Thursday

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. write:—

Thursday, June 13, is the last day for enrolling Congress Members who will be duly qualified to take part in the annual general election in the middle of December. We have got only three days at our disposal and if we are earnest and mean business, we can still enrol thousands of members between now and the closing hour. Those that are enrolled before 7 p.m. (S.T.) on the 13th of June, will be entitled to vote at the election.

The books of enrolment are with many Congress workers and District Congress Committees are instructed not to allow more than three days after the closing of the roll for the return of the books to the Ward Offices. The counter parts of membership counterfoils of membership forms have to reach the office of the B.P.C.C. before the 20th of June.

Complaints have reached our office from various wards that books of membership cannot be had from Ward Offices. Since these offices do not keep regular hours of attendance. We make it known for the information of our workers that in case they cannot get the membership books from the Ward offices, these can be had from the Congress House.

We once again earnestly appeal to the citizens of Bombay not to lose time in enrolling themselves in very large numbers. Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, has appealed to us in all the public meetings that he addressed to build the strength of the Congress by multiplying its membership. We are confident that the citizens of Bombay will spontaneously respond to that appeal!

Bombay Congress Reception Committee

A meeting of the "Working Committee" of the Reception Committee of the 48th Indian National Congress will be held on Friday, the 14th instant at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

BOMBAY LABOUR LEADER INTERNED IN AHMEDNAGAR

Deshpande Banned From All Public Activities By Govt. Order

Mr. S. V. Deshpande, the well-known Bombay Labour Worker who was transferred to the Ahmednagar Sub-Jail from the Byculla House of Correction, Bombay. Was released on the 8th instant, and served with the following order:—

"Whereas the Governor of Bombay-in-Council is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for believing that you, Shankar Vaman Deshpande have acted and are about to act in furtherance of a movement prejudicial to the public safety or peace, and whereas the Governor of Bombay in Council has taken into his consideration the record in writing made by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, of the statement made by you;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Bombay Special (Emergency) Powers Act, 1932 (XVI of 1932) the Governor of Bombay in Council is hereby pleased, by order in writing, to direct that you, the said Shankar Vaman Deshpande,

(a) Shall proceed direct from the Sub-Jail, Ahmednagar, to Ahmednagar Cantonment within one hour from the receipt of this order;

(b) Shall reside and remain within the limits of Ahmednagar Cantonment from, and including, Sadar Bazaar up to the Eastern and South-Eastern boundaries of the said Cantonment, but exclusive of Bhingar village, from that time onwards and shall not leave the said limits without the previous permission of the District Magistrate, Ahmednagar, in writing;

(c) Shall take no part in any communist or labour movement or agitation nor associate with any person connected with such movements. This direction includes among other prohibitions, not addressing or being present at any meeting, not contributing to the press or making or publishing any statement intended or likely to be used for publication and not carrying on any correspondence with any person or institution on communist or labour matters.

The Governor of Bombay in Council is further pleased under sub-section (2) of section 4 of the said Act to order that the aforesaid order made under sub-section (1) of section 4 shall remain in force for more than one month and until further orders."

TRAGIC FATE OF OPERA PARTY

Five Dead; 10 Injured In Lorry Drive Accident

CALCUTTA, June 10.

Five persons died and 10 others were injured as a result of a fall from a moving motor lorry in Central Avenue last evening.

It appears that members of an opera party were proceeding in a lorry seated on boxes containing theatrical paraphernalia and when at a street crossing the lorry took a sharp turn a number of the occupants fell down. Two of them were caught underneath a moving tram car one dying instantaneously. Fourteen were injured and removed to hospital where four succumbed to their injuries later. The condition of two is uncertain.

The police are investigating —A. P.

MOTILAL'S DAUGHTER IN CAR ACCIDENT

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

While driving in the evening of the 8th inst. in George Town, Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit had a miraculous escape with slight scratches on her body.

Her car met with an accident and fell in a deep 'khud,' throwing her on the road.—United Press.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO CONGRESS LEADERS

TRANQUEBAR (By Mail).

The Mayavaram Municipal Council has resolved to present civic addresses to Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai and S. Satyamurthi, the Congress leaders on the occasion of their ensuing visit to Mayavaram on the 11th instant.—A. P.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

'Varsity Hitch Again

Inquiries made in authoritative circles indicate early signs of a re-opening of the question of continuing recognition to the Examinations and Degrees of the Madras University by the Bombay University. The question of recognition was kept in suspense by the Universities for more than a year and a large number of students seeking entrance in the colleges of Bombay University were denied it.

It will be recalled this question of recognition was started by the Madras University. The decision was kept in abeyance and the efforts of the Inter-University Board of Control to end this University hitch proved of no avail. The pressure brought to bear upon the Madras University by the students of that University proved successful at the end.

It is hoped, however, that this hitch will be ended as soon as possible and a large number of students seeking entrance in the Colleges of the Bombay University in law, arts, medicine and other branches of knowledge will be relieved of a lot of trouble and expense.

Wanted More Shelters

The monsoon is fast approaching and within the next few days the citizens will once again find themselves soaked and drenched in rain waiting for the tram cars at the junctions and several tramway stations. It is a pity that the Tramway Company has not provided shelters at a number of places for the passengers where they can wait and take shelter till they get a chance to get into the tram cars. There are places such as the Opera House, Sandhurst Road, Princess Street, Byculla Bridge and Parel, where a few shelters could be erected for the convenience of the passengers. In the monsoon the tram cars will be full with passengers, particularly when the downpour of rain is great. A number of excess passengers will be asked to get down from the cars by the conductors, and the Tramway Company will do well to provide more shelters wherever necessary.

Felicitations To Tamil Nadu C. C. President

MADRAS, June 7.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi has received a number of letters in connection with his unanimous election as President of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee.

WORK WILL GO SMOOTHLY

Babu Rajendra Prasad in his letter says: Please accept my congratulations on your election as President to the Provincial Congress Committee. I hope the work of the Provinial Congress Committee will go on as smoothly and vigorously as before, and the entire Province will give you the necessary support and confidence to enable you to carry on. I need hardly assure you that you will find me always ready and willing to give you such assistance as may be required."

MESSAGES FROM LEADERS

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj says: "The responsibility of the work of the whole Province has now fallen on your shoulders and I hope that God and friends will help you in discharging the duties of your new office. My humble services are always at your disposal and I assure you of my co-operation and assistance whenever required in this connection."

Sardar Sardul Sing Caveeshar says: 'It has given me great pleasure to know that you have been unanimously elected President of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee. I feel sure that under your guidance your Province will render to the country as great and conspicuous service as ever before.—A. P.

Dumka.—Due to excessive heat, a man who was returning home from Ankorha, was found dead under a tree near Mohmedgunj.—United Press.

PURDAH LADIES' RESPONSE

Committee Formed To Make Collections For Quetta Relief

A meeting of the Muslim Pardanoshin ladies was called on Saturday last at Memni Building at Bellasis Road, Bombay, undera the presidentship of Mrs. Shaikh Mahomed Hussein to form a Muslim Khwatin-e-Bomba-i-Quetta Zalzala Imdad Committee.

At the outset the president spoke at great length and narrated the heart-rending incidents which occurred at Quetta and other places and appealed to all Muslim ladies to come forward to help thousands of orphans, widows and helpless and injured men of Quetta and suggested that a committee should be formed to collect door to door funds and other articles for the relief. This suggestion was carried unanimously and a committee of 16 ladies and the following office-bearers was formed to collect funds which will be forwarded to the Viceroy's Fund through the Mayor of Bombay:—

Mrs. Shaikh Mahomed Hussein—Chairman.
Begum Ali Bahdur Khan—Secretary.
Mrs. Kamruddin—Asst. Secretary.
Mrs. Sayed Hussein and Mrs. Shaikh Mohidin—Treasurers.

Votes of thanks terminated the proceedings.

Windfall To Allahabad Congress Hospital

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

A philanthrophic individual whose identity has not been disclosed has donated a sum of nearly Rs. 4,000 to the Congress Hospital at Allahabad, which was founded by the late Pandit Motilal Nehru in Swaraj Bhuvan in 1930.—United Press.

WATER SCARCITY AT KHAR

Appeal To Councillors

A meeting of the Residents of Khar was held on Thursday at the Laxmi Pavilion to consider the situation arising from the scarcity of water supply. Several residents spoke on the severe hardships to which the residents are put to owing to the water not reaching even the ground floor level in many cases. The speaker urged upon the Supreme necessity on the part of Bandra Municipality to look immediately into the matter and satisfy the urgent need of a large section of rate payers.

The following resolution was then unanimously passed by the meeting.

That this meeting of residents of Khar records the very great inconvenience that is felt by the residents of Khar owing to the very inadequate irregular and unsatisfactory supply of water since the Bandra Municipality took over charge of water supply from the Development Department and protests against the promises from time to time to improve matters but which are not acted upon.

That this meeting further calls upon the Councillors from Khar to take such measures as will immediately put an end to this intolerable state of affairs failing which there is every probability of a grave danger to the public health of the locality.

Rhythm of the Rumba
Exciting music setting the tempo for the pounding hearts of a cool, graceful blonde and her swarthy companion!
Adolph Zukor presents
The dancing lovers of 'Bolero'
GEORGE RAFT and CAROLE LOMBARD
"RUMBA"
A Paramount Picture with MARGO
LYNNE OVERMAN · MONROE OWSLEY
IRIS ADRIAN · GAIL PATRICK
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DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Bell House, Parel Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1935

FLOUTING PROHIBITION

It is hard to echo the satisfaction expressed by the Government of Bombay in their Resolution regarding the administration of the Excise Department for the year 1933-34. From the purely departmental point of view, there is no doubt a cause for genuine satisfaction to Government, as excise has brought in an extra revenue of 13.06 lakhs to the needy exchequer this year, but when it is borne in mind that excise income is held by a large section of our thinking countrymen to be "tainted money", its increase is indeed far from gratifying. There is hardly a single feature in the report which can be pointed to as furthering the policy, adumbrated as far ago as in 1921, of progressive prohibition. During the year, the consumption of country spirit in the Presidency proper showed an increase of .68 per cent. over that of the previous year. Sind shows a phenomenal increase of about 23 per cent. which is attributed to the opening of 140 more shops and to the raising of the issue strength for 25 deg. to 15 deg. U. P. The consumption of toddy increased by nearly a lakh and nineteen thousand gallons. Foreign liquor on the whole also registers a slight increase.

Most Objectionable

Highly objectionable as this all round increase is, the policy of opening new shops—their number rose from 1652 to 2,116 during the year cannot be sufficiently condemned. The Commissioner's observation that "This is done to meet the convenience of the people only, and the opening of more shops does not necessarily connote any appreciable increase in the total quantity of liquor consumed" is difficult to gulp down. One feels only highly amused at this solicitude "for the convenience of the people" evinced by the Government. The Comissioner has indeed tried to make a case for making liquor more easily available by opening still more shops in the urban areas and by further reducing the price charged. The special concern displayed by the Commissioner for the Bhils "who have always consumed liquor freely, and who will no doubt consume it till the end of time" is worthy of a far better cause.

Purely Business Lines

On a consideration of the whole report one cannot resist the conclusion that the whole department is run on purely business lines, the outlook being rather that of a business magnate, ever seeking more and more profit, than that of a responsible minister. The policy enunciated in 1921, is more honoured in the breach than in the observance. More attention is evidently paid to monetary gains of the Government than to the moral uplift of the people. Public opinion in the presidency has expressed itself very emphatically more than once in favour of complete prohibition. It is not so many years since vigorous agitation was conducted against the liquor traffic in various ways. If the report proves anything, it is that Government have ignored public opinion and have started reversing their own declared policy. What is true of Bombay seems to be true also of most other provinces. But it will not do for the public to neglect the prohibition movement, which is one of the most important items in the Congress constructive programme. It is rather upto them to carry it on vigorously and in a more systematic manner than they are now doing.

Quetta Mystery

The Quetta mystery shows no signs of being cleared. The Government issued a communique which, as we have already shown, has failed to allay the fears and misgivings of the people. The ban on the entry of relief workers continues and the reasons that have been advanced by the official apologia have been exposed to be too weak to stand close scrutiny. On the one hand the Government assures Rajen Babu that they have sufficient resources to carry on the work of salvage in search of human bodies and that they do not require the help of any other relief workers. On the other hand, however, the very fact that we still hear—more than ten days after the earthquake—of salvage operations being carried on or needing to be carried on shows that quite enough labour was not available for the work of removing the debris and searching for the bodies of the dead and the wounded. In any case it is most unwise to refuse the voluntary services of relief workers; for anyone with common sense can realize that when salvage operations over a wide area are required an influx of "bona fide" workers would have considerably speeded up the work. Could not more men have been saved if the debris over them had been removed earlier?

However, leaving aside for the present what has already been done, the Government should at least now realize that the co-operation of public relief workers is essential in the task that lies ahead. As the "Sind Observer" very pertinently remarks,

"We warn the Government that this work of salvaging and restoring property will present the most difficult and annoying problems and it should not be left entirely in the hands of only the military officers whose brusque and off-hand methods will cause deep resentment."

It is in the interests of Government themselves to give all due facilities to "bona fide" relief workers without any further delay. Their present policy has given rise to deep resentment all over the country and it is hardly wise for them to flout public opinion in such a grave matter.

The Tory Triumph

Mr. MacDonald's valedictory message and Mr. Baldwin's inaugural address at Worcestershire besides being mutually eulogistic, are in a sense complementary to each other. Mr. MacDonald's opening remark that he had long realised that he would have to seek respite from the heavy strain is almost unrelieved in its blind conceit. Though his concern for the national character of the Government, of which he was so long the figurehead, is faintly echoed by Mr. Baldwin, the latter's observation that "National Labourites and National Liberals had given an assurance that at the next general election they would help secure the return of every Conservative who was prepared to contest the seat he at present held" clearly envisages an all-Tory Government in the near future. It would be interesting to inquire, however, how and when such an assurance was given and whether it was as 'voluntary' as Mr. MacDonald's resignation! Mr. Baldwin's reference to Italy and Abyssinia though vague, sounds rather ominous when read with Mussolini's latest dig at England. Nor does one feel exactly reassured by the new Premier's clever clouding of the armament issue. Mr. Baldwin's satisfaction regarding industial recovery and unemployment in Britain may not be shared by many of his own countrymen. For the rest, Mr. Baldwin has merely given expression to a few pious platitudes regarding Britain's being the guardian and trustee for 'democracy, for ordered liberty, and freedom.' We in India are of course too well aware with the Imperialistic connotations of those high-sounding terms. Altogether on a critical perusal of the speech, it is difficult to resist the conclusion that there will be an appreciable departure of policy under Mr. Baldwin's premiership, and that Toryism has finally triumphed, after four years of the so-called national government.

NOTES FROM MOSCOW

Scientific Study Of Twins

(By AZIZ AZAD)

The Moscow Medico-Biological Institute is engaged in the study of a subject that has long interested both scientist and laymen, the study of twins. The study of twins from a scientific viewpoint, offers great possibilities for solving a number of questions in education, genetics, and in other fields.

A unique children's nursery and school has been organised in connection with this study. Here 8 pair of identical twins, live, play, and study. In addition, the Institute has registered 900 pairs of Moscow twins ranging in age from one to 90.

Not only are the biologists interested in this fascinating question, but scientists working in the fields of medicine, psychology, and education are as well. From the study of these 900 pairs of twins a wealth of material pertaining to the study of inheritance, character formation, the influence of social surroundings on development, etc., has been brought to light.

Opening Of The Moscow Subway

Most of the Moscovites for the first time saw a new means of city transportation, when the subway was opened for public use at 7 a.m. yesterday morning. People began to form queues outside of all thirteen of the stations as early as 4 p.m. waiting patiently for the eventful moment when the entrances were to be flung open to them. They had so much about the Moscow subway that they wanted to see with their own eyes whether or not that which they had been told by their own and the foreign press was true. They wanted to give their own verdict as to whether or not the "Metro" was the most beautiful, the most comfortable, the most artistically finished, and the best in the world.

And none of them was disappointed when, after a couple of rides from one end of the line to the other, a distance approximately covering 12 kilometers, and trying all the escalators a number of times, ascending and descending, touching everything they could touch, they would say: "It must be the best subway in all the world, because the papers say so, and it looks so to me, too. And above all it's Soviet made. But I would like to see the subways of other countries so that I could compare it with the Moscow subway—then I could confidently say which was the best one."

Best In The World

The Moscow subway, built at a cost of 800 million roubles during a course of 3 years, is the first subway in this country, and has been recognised by all who have seen it, including Anthony Eden, Pierre Laval, and the Heads of the London, Paris, Berlin, and New York subways as the best in the world, both in its equipment and architecture. All of its 13 stations are not only wider, higher, and more spacious than that of other subways, but each of them is built with artistic taste and looks like the interior of a palace, finished in various coloured marbles, paved in tile, and equipped with marvellous lighting effects. 70,000 workers were employed in the building of the subway, and all the work was carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. Kaganovitch, the Commissar of Railway Transport, and in whose name it has been dedicated.

On the opening day a huge meeting was arranged in the Hall of Columns, in the centre of the city, which was attended by many members of the Government, headed by Joseph Stalin himself who made a brief speech congratulating the builders of the Moscow subway for the successful completion of their difficult task.

Work is shortly to begin on the second line of the subway which will have a length of 20 kilometers. According to the plan, this line must be finished by the end of 1937.

In building the new line, the builders will face much less difficulty since they have gained much experience during the course of constructing the first line. Then too much of the work will be mechanized and will be dug deeper, making use of 38 tunnelling shields as against only the 4 used on the previous occasion.

Agricultural Exhibition In 1937

In honour of the 20th anniversary of the Revolution, an All Union Agricultural Exhibition, which will depict the progress and the success of the collective

(Continued on Page 13.)

THE WORLD & ITS WAYS

The Cabinet Reconstruction

By K. T. SHAH.

The reshuffle of the British Ministry, advertised long before it came to pass, contains very little surprise. A change of place between Baldwin and MacDonald might mean a more earnest preparation for the General Election definitely on the ancient Party lines; or it might spell a decent interment for the political career of the late Prime Minister, forgotten in the Gilded Chamber. Sir Samuel Hoare's appointment to the Foreign Secretaryship, at a moment when the European cauldron is seething with discontent in every direction, is a presage of a firmer line of policy, which the ineffectual lawyer Sir John Simon could never achieve in spite of the hearty seconding of Anthony Eden. To get the latter into the Cabinet is a distinct recognition of his value as a Diplomat, which the merely ornamental post now given to him would not properly express. But perhaps it is a matter of time,—possibly of another General Election,—for Eden to be raised to the Foreign Secretaryship. Lord Halifax at the War Office sounds incongruous,—if one may judge from his known religious sentiment and pacifism. But the ex-Viceroy of India is a better British Imperial statesman than those who are content only with the externals would certify; and his peers and colleagues have probably sized him up better by putting him at the War Office than the Asquith Government did when they put Lord Haldane, with his spiritual Home in Germany,—in the same place. Lord Zetland at the India Office is no surprise to those who are aware of the Marquis's keen interest in the culture and the civilisation of the East; though those who mistake the polished speech and suave manners of his Lordship for a sincere sympathy with the cause of the helots of the Empire are, I fear, destined to disappointment. Lord Zetland will perhaps not call a spade a spade as brutally and as frequently as Sir Samuel used to speak of the Caravan and the barking curs; but that will not prevent the Noble Marquis from utilising the agricultural instrument as such.

Honours List

The Honours List of the King's Birthday was, in its way, more full of surprises and disappointments than the Cabinet reshuffle. It is a pity we get no list of the "Also-Rans" in these stakes; but it must most certainly be a large one this time, considering that the Jubilee and the Birthday were combined into a single occasion. Even the change of Government,—nominally at least,—has not brought any new Honours,—except to Sir E. Hilton-Young, who gets a peerage; and to Mr. John Buchan, Governor-General of Canada, who is also ennobled. But perhaps the list of purely political Honours has yet to be issued.—MacDonald heading it with an Earl's Robe and Coronet, as is the ancient custom of all retiring Prime Ministers. bar Gladstone.

Fight For Franc

On the Continent, the French politicians have been putting up a stiff fight for the Franc. The Bouisson Government fell in four days; but the Laval Government has obtained a vote of confidence, and exceptional powers to deal with the Franc speculators: and so the Gold Standard in France is assured a new lease of life up to the Autumn at least. Meanwhile, France will have to order domestic economies on a scale, and to a degree, which may not be found to be compatible with the eternal dread of the enemy beyond the frontier.

Italy and Abyssinia do not seem yet to be reconciled. Incidentally, a new crop of enmity, —or at least misunderstanding,— is reported to have developed between Britain and the classic Peninsula of the Southern Europe. The grounds for such misunderstanding seem to be trivial and absurd; but when the guns are loaded to the mouth, they do not always need a match to go off. We need not, however, take a too pessimistic view of the Anglo-Italian, tension.

Salvaging N. R. A.

In America, the promised "New Party" has proved a still-born affair. Neither the King Fish from Louisiana nor the Radio Priest, Father Coughlin,—have succeeded in raising a new spectre for Roosevelt to fight against. In fact Coughlin has even acknowledged,—for the moment at least,—his loyalty to Rooseveltism, in a manner of speaking. And that must have heartened the Administration to make more energetic preparations to salvage the N.R.A. from the strange decision of the Supreme Court. The resignation, therefore, of Donald Richberg is all the more inexplicable or explicable on the ground that that was the price demanded by the insurgents to put through a renewal of the N. R. A. for another two years. President Roosevelt cannot, however, always think in party terms, for the responsibility for National Recovery lies too heavy on his own shoulders.

Frankly Speaking

O'DUFFY SUPPORTS DE VALERA

Mr. J. H. Thomas—he must, incidentally, be smarting under the unkindest cut of all that has been inflicted by "The Times", of all papers—may well react to General O'Duffy's speech with the plaintive cry "Et Tu Brute." The gallant leader of the Irish "Blue Shirts" was, from the Imperial point of view, an altogether desirable Fascist because he was expected to serve as a strong bulwark against anti-British forces. He has now declared that a republic was the objective of his organisation, and, worse still, "that the Irish question could never be settled while an inch of Irish soil was outside the jurisdiction of the Irish people." There is an unmistakable echo, in all this, of the defiant accents of Mr. de Valera. General O'Duffy has definitely deserted Britain. And it would create an interesting situation if he also definitely joined Mr. de Valera's camp. Republicanism will become more or less permanently established in the seat of Power, for Mr. Cosgrave's party will be too weak ever to be able to prevail over a de Valera-O'Duffy combine. But Irish politics will decisively take the Fascist line. This, however, need not cause any surprise. Close observers have invariably found a strong Fascist 'motif' in the politics of Mr. de Valera himself.

FASCIST PARTY IN BOMBAY?

The "United Press" reports that a prominent Liberal Knight of Bombay has initiated a move to start a Fascist Party here. We rather welcome the move—we hope the report is true—and thank the Liberal Knight. He is unconsciously trying to relieve the dullness and dryness of political life in the country. He may not succeed in contributing to liveliness but he will certainly contribute a valuable measure of political gaiety. For, so far as opponents of Fascism are concerned, they could not ask for better circumstances and better auspices for the birth of that perverted political freak in India. It will stand—on the parental feet—self-condemned and go the way of those unknown strangers, the twelve or twenty gentlemen who sported blue ribbons for the space of a week in the stormy days of Civil Disobedience and disappeared as suddenly as they had emerged. We notice, incidently, that the move is inspired by Sir Oswald Mosley. This excites speculative curiosity as to the political objective of our "native" Fascists. Is it to attain for India at the earliest possible moment the honourable status of a feudal feige of Great Britain as openly proclaimed by Sir Oswald?

REDUCTION OF HOURS

Reduction of hours of work, which was rather sceptically received when first proposed, has made a good progress during the last ten years. A lengthy communique issued by the International Office reveals the extent to which under the pressure of depression, many countries have adopted the scheme. The 48-hour week has been considerably expanding in France, Brazil and many other American States. And in United States even the 40-hour week has continued to spread and now covers the majority of industries. The world of industry has realized that shorter working hours are not only the only remedy for unemployment but also serve appreciably to enhance the general efficiency of labour. India, of course, is among the exceptions and here neither the Government nor the employers have shown any signs of appreciating the manifold advantages that will accrue from the introduction of shorter hours in Indian Industry. Is it too much to expect that they would appreciate the humanity of 't?

EMPLOYERS' NON-CO-OPERATION

But, even apart from India, there is also another side to the picture. Following on the heel of the communique referred to above comes a Geneva message that "the Employers' group decided to persist in the attitude of non-co-operation in forty-hour-week with the committee when the I.L.O. Conference resumed." The employers' argument that reduction of hours of work would not alleviate but aggravate unemployment is hardly sensible, particularly in view of experience to the contrary in countries where it has already been tried. What is more, we fail to understand the attitude of the Employers in withdrawing co-operation. And the argument they have advanced strikes at the root of the Conference. The whole 'raison-d'etre'— which has, we need hardly emphasise, been accepted by employers—of the International Labour Office is increasing International control over the conditions of work. Its denial constitutes the denial of the I.L.O.

-PRESS VIEWS-

Ban On Relief Workers

I

It seems to us to be no reason whatever for the wholesale prohibition of the entry of private individuals, and particularly of the entry of 'bonafide relief parties and of the friends and relatives of the victims of the earthquake. The Government can hardly be unaware that it is not merely for the purpose of "making inquiries" about their relations that these people are anxious to proceed to Quetta. They believe that their relations are still living and that they lie buried in the debris, and it is for the purpose of rescuing and helping the Government agencies to rescue these living victims of the earthquake that they have been pressing the Government hard to permit them to proceed to the place immediately. Is it right for the Government to deny them this facility? —"Tribune".

II

The Government have only to thank themselves if a feeling gains currency that they have shut out Congressmen because they do not want the latter to come into contact with the border people. His Excellency's concession in allowing Congressmen to render assistance to the refugees in Sind and the Punjab is small consolation. They would have done their duty by the refugees even without His Excellency's patronage. But it is extremely embarrassing that at a time when every available source of help should have been enlisted the Government should have drawn the line and said, a "There would certainly be adding to their prestige if they accept non-official offers of co-operation less grudgingly and with a little more grace. —"Daily Express."

'Quake Proof Buildings

New Zealand Architect Gives Patent of Invention As Gift To India

—Headlines.

What India would more particularly welcome at the moment is the patent of some invention to make the authorities 'quake proof.

* * * *

Apropos of the Quetta ban, Babu Rajendra Prasad complains that "the attitude of the Authorities in refusing help from relief organisations is wholly unintelligible."

A mystery in fact. But then the bureaucracy being our earthly Providence, its ways also are inscrutable.

* * * *

The U. P. Government has suggested to District officers that, with the help of Zemindars and "leading men" they should try to win the confidence of villagers by reading the Ramayana and organising dramatic performances.

The latter are quite all right. But there in the reading of the Ramayana there is a distinct danger of going to jail.

Zamindars and leading men will not, we hope, mind a few months in prison in the patriotic cause of gaining the villagers' confidence. But we must protest against the Government of the U. P. inciting District Officers themselves to sedition.

* * * *

"Red Shirts and Blue Shirts qualified to-day for the final of the Viceroy's Staff Challenge Cup (Handicap) Polo Tournament," says a Simla.

It is a pity, so suggests our highly imaginative Junior colleague, that the Bombay Fascists could not enter themselves as "Black Shirts" this year.

* * * *

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald is "greatly concerned lest any changes in the personnel of Government may weaken its national character and throw our politics back upon partisan lines, whether Conservative, Liberal or Labour."

Consistent in blind self-conceit upto the last.

* * * *

The Herculean conception of history, when applied to the concrete fact of Indian development will make moral shipwreck of our most cherished traditions and ideals, and condemn us to a pharisaical defence of the most iniquitous acts perpetrated by some of the worst tyrants in some parts of India during the last one thousand years.

—Sir Shafaat A. Khan.

This feat of literary Herculianism can only be beaten by Atiya Begum Sahiba who has, fortunately or unfortunately, gone abroad.

* * * *

From an article in the Press we learn that an anti-noise drive has been started in Germany.

But, lest there should be a misunderstanding, we hasten to declare that it does not in any way imply any discontent against the Fuhrer General Goering, Dr. Goebbels etc.

* * * *

Reichsminister of Education (sic) emphasises that Germany has no desire to extend her frontiers or oppress foreign minorities.

We don't know yet about frontiers but we can well believe that Germany is too completely busy dealing with indigenous minorities to have time and energy for foreign.

The Reichsminister of—what was it? Yes, Education, further emphasised that Germany believed that hatred and tears would result from such a policy.

Germany seems to be suffering from a rather curious sensitivenes. What is up?

* * * *

Mistook Wife for Thief

—Headline.

Where is the mistake, we wonder?

* * * *

"You ugly-looking mug! You fish-face! You lily-livered nitwit! I could cut your throat. Just to look at you makes me sick!"

"You mean you don't like me?"

'Quake Relief And Citizens' Duty

MAYOR CLARIFIES ISSUES

Urges People To Rush To Rescue Of Victims Irrespective Of Govt. Attitude

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mayor of Bombay, has issued the following statement:—

As there seems to be some misunderstanding as regards the "Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund" and as inquiries are being made by several friends, it is necessary to issue a brief explanatory statement, so as to clarify the position and remove such misunderstanding.

It must be stated, for the information of donors, who desire to contribute to a non-official relief organization that by resolutions of the General Body, as well as of the Executive Committee, it has been decided and arranged, that contributions, earmarked for any recognised or responsible non-official agency like the Babu Rajendra Prasad's All India Behar Earthquake Relief Committee last year, will be forwarded to the said non-official Committee whenever formed, and for that purpose, two accounts in the name of 'the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund' have been opened in the Imperial Bank, Account No. 1, for amounts received for the Viceroy's Fund and account No. 2 for donations received for any such recognised and accepted non-official organization. The arrangement is the same as in the last case of the Mayor's Behar Earthquake Relief Fund, when all donations ear-marked for Babu Rajendra Prasad's Fund were received and credited to a separate account No. 2 and transmitted direct to that Committee's account.

ISSUES CLARIFIED.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, as Congress President, has already issued a statement wherein he has expressed his intention, shortly to organize and form an All-India Non-official representative and influential Relief Committee, and the Sind Congress Committeee has also issued an appeal for funds, particularly for the relief of thousands of refugees that have sought shelter in Sind, the Punjab and other parts of India. It would be cruel and inhuman to deny that relief and aid to our distressed countrymen and to desert them in their hour of dire calamity and need, simply because we resent and are dissatisfied with the particular attitude of the authorities. Whatever steps and measures we propose to adopt to protest against the unreasonable ban on 'bona fide' and responsible non-official relief parties, that would not justify or give us an excuse for our withholding immediate support and help to our fellow-countrymen in distress. That would be a suicidal and short-sighted policy; it would only add to the sufferings of the unfortunate victims, without in any way harming or adversely affecting the position of Government.

DON'T WITHOLD SUPPORT.

If the Government policy has caused distrust and suspicion in certain sections of the public, and the donors hesitate to contribute to the Viceroy's Fund, because the public is not taken into confidence and the Government's plans and intentions with regard to their funds, are not yet published, then such donations may be earmarked for the non-official relief agency; but under no circumstances, can a citizen be justified in withholding his co-operation and support to such a humanitarian cause.

A section of the Press and the public may be perfectly justified in condemning and criticising the action of Government in imposing an unjust ban on relief workers, but it would be almost sinful and cruel to suggest that the humanitarian relief work should be altogether suspended, as a measure of retaliation against Government's action. Whatever action or attitude Government takes or adopts, it is the duty of every patriotic citizen of India, no matter to what caste, creed, religion, community or political school, he or she belongs, immediately to rush to the rescuse of his or her fellow-countrymen in distress and urgently remit his or her contribution. And I desire to assure all intending donors, that the amounts will be remitted acording to their intentions and desire and particular donations, ear-marked for non-official agency, will be transmitted to that organization through a separate account in the Bank.

CASES CITED.

I am constrained to issue this statement because it has come to my knowledge that the deplorable attitude of Government has considerably prejudiced the relief work and hostile propaganda is started against the cause itself. Some instances have been brought to my notice in which resolutions passed by trades and commercial associations, sanctioning large donations for immediate relief have been subsequently rescinded after the publication of the Viceroy's refusal to Congress President's request, and some proposed charity shows have also been cancelled for the same reason.

GOVT. ATTITUDE CRITICISED.

In the name of the sacred humanitarian cause, I appeal to the authorities to adopt a more reasonable public sentiments and feelings on this subject. On such a tragic occasion no petty considerations of prestige or official routine or even military discipline should be allowed to prevail. There should be no political or any other stunt on either side. If on the grounds mentioned in the Government communique, the ban was strictly enforced, against all indiscriminately, perhaps the public resentment and anger would not have been so severe, but when it is reliably learnt that some Anglo-Indian Press correspondents and even Cinema Producers are given facilities for entry into the affected area for commercial and profiteering purposes, whereas the request of the Congress President is refused, even for 'bona fide' and disinterested sincere relief work, it is but natural that public should begin to be rather sceptical and suspicious about Government's intentions and motives, and not be satisfied with the explanations issued.

WHAT AUTHORITIES MUST DO.

Let a small group of half a dozen responsible and representative citizens, in whom public have great confidence, such as Congress President, the General Secretaries and one or two recognised Mahomedan leaders, enter the prohibited area and let them satisfy themselves, after personal inspection, of the real state of affairs; they can surely be trusted to judge the situation impartially and fairly and not to take any measures or adopt any attitude that may embarrass Government in their relief work. On the contrary if they feel satisfied with the measures so far taken and consider non-official interference on the spot inadvisable, at this stage, they will be honest and frank enough to issue a public statement to that effect and thus allay public feelings and restore public confidence and trust. That would greatly facilitate the collection of funds and thus help relief work all over the country. I appeal for sanity and reason all round in the the name of suffering humanity; but even if Government refuse to respond to athis gesture, no Indian should permit his anger and resentment to carry him to such unreasonable and cruel length, as to induce him to abstain from discharging his obvious duty as a citizen, even as a human being. He must do his bit and contribute his share even under such restricted and discouraging circumstances to relief the misery and distress and respond to the wail of afflicted Baluchistan. It would be an unpardonable crime against humanity to obstruct relief work under any provocation.

APPEAL TO RAJEN BABU.

I should urge Babu Rajendra Prasad to cancel his tour and proceed immediately, at least to Karachi, and make it as a base for non-official operations and immediatelly organize an All-India Representative Relief Committee, and for the present devote all his time, attention and labour to this cause, just as he had done last year for Behar.

MR. ANDREWS' TOUR PROGRAMME

To Open "New Arwal"

PATNA, June 10.

Mr. C. F. Andrews is expected to arrive at Patna on the morning of June 15 next. After a few hours' stay here, he will proceed to Arwal in the district of Gaya to perform the opening ceremony of a model village, just built in the vicinity of Arwal.

Village Arwal, was severely damaged by the last Sone floods, and in order to accommodate the homeless inhabitants of the place, the model village has been built with the munificence of Shah Mahammad Omair, a local Zemindar, who not only made a gift of 40 acres of land, but supplied men and money and a handsome donation of about Rs. 11,000 from the Bihar Central Relief Committee. The new village will be named as "New Arwal."—United Press.

Remember, Relief Delayed Is Relief Denied

Contribute Your Mite For Earthquake Victims Immediately

The havoc caused by the earthquake in Bihar and adjacent parts seventeen months ago was as heart-rending as it was unprecedented in the history of India entailing the ruin of cities, towns and villages, destruction of homes and loss of hundreds of lives.

But the calamity that has overtaken Quetta and other parts of Baluchistan is even more heart-rending and is certainly one of the most terrible catastrophes in the history of the world. The beautiful city of Quetta has been wiped out and loss of life is appalling in its magnitude.

Crores will be needed to rebuild the cities, towns and villages that have been destroyed. But the immediate need is for relief to the children, who have become orphans, the women who have become widows and all those men, women and children who have become penniless and homeless, having lost all their earthly belongings. To whom but to their own fellow-countrymen can they look for timely succour and adequate assistance to enable them once again to stand on their feet?

It is a call of humanity and patriotism to which there is no Indian who will not respond.

All help will count—the contributions from the poverty of the poor not less than those from the wealth of the rich and the comparatively slender resources of the middle classes.

In order to enable all classes of people easily to contribute their bit to the work of relief, the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" have in association, decided to open a fund called "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund" in their columns. All sums not below Re. 1/- will be accepted and acknowledged in the columns of all the three papers.

The proprietors of the three papers have donated a sum of Rs. 1,001/- to the Fund.

The readers of the three papers responded, beyond our hopes, to our call for help to swell the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund. The Quetta calamity is vastly greater than that which had overtaken Bihar. The need for relief and consequently for money to provide that relief is much greater. We have no doubt our appeal to the readers of the "Chronicle", the "Samachar" and the "Sentinel" to contribute at least 10 per cent of their monthly income will evoke a generous and immediate response. We need hardly add that relief delayed is relief denied.

All cheques should be drawn in the name of "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund."

Contributors are requested to see that they get receipts from this office for the amounts contributed by them.

LADIES' COMMITTEE TO COLLECT FUNDS

"A Sub-Committee of the following ladies has been appointed by the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund Committee for the purpose of collecting money in aid of the Fund with powers to co-opt either by the Executive Committee or by the Sub-Committee:—

Lady Byramjee Jeejeebhoy. Lady Saklatwala. Lady Jagmohandas Varjivandas. Lady Thackersey. Lady Duggan. Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan. Mrs. Francis Low. Mrs. R. S. Captain. Mrs. Crichton. Miss Dhub Desai. Mrs. Barber. Mrs. Shuffi Tyabji. Mrs. Chandavarkar. Mrs. Sirur. Mrs. A. P. Sabavala. Mrs. G. V. Deshmukh. Mrs. M. J. Antia. Mrs. Piroja R. Captain. Mrs. P N Kanga. Mrs. I S Haji. Mrs. Jujunwala. Mrs. Hansa Mehta. Mrs. Lilavati K M Munshi. Mrs. Rasikmani B Desai. Mrs. C N Kanuga. Mrs. Ratanben L Mehta. Mrs. Perin Captain. Mrs. Goshiben Captain. Miss R K Nariman. Mrs. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal. Mrs. Jalal Shah. Mrs. Bachuben Dharamsey Thacker.

Mrs. Francis Low is requested to kindly convene hosts meeting."

U. P. RED CROSS CONTRIBUTION

SIMLA, June 9.

The U. P. Red Cross Branch is sending a donation of Rs. 1,000 for the provision of food to the destitutes.—United Press.

S. AFRICAN SYMPATHY

SIMLA, June 9.

The Indian Red Cross Society has received a message of sympathy from the South African Red Cross, which has issued an appeal for funds for Quetta earthquake relief.—United Press.

Dumka.—A man named Mazar Khan, believed to be the oldest man in Nagar Untari, expired after a short illness. He was about 112 years at the time of death.—United Press.

OUR READERS' RESPONSE

Over Rs. 8,000 Contributed To Three Papers' Quetta Fund

List of Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund received on 10-6-35 is as follows:—

	Rs.	a.
Previous acknowledged	7,692	4
A Parsee Gentleman	10	0
Chhotalal Narotamdas Shroff	10	0
Mr. T. A. Anantaraman	5	0
Workers of the Cloth Dept. of Hirji Mills	69	6
Valjee Morarjee Staff of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Co., as below:	5	0
	10	0
Mr. B. D. Adhvaryu	2	0
Mr. M. O. Desai	2	0
Mr. Anonymous	2	0
Mr. Y 2 A	1	0
Mr. V. R. Talapde	1	0
Mr. Maneklal G. Dave	1	0
	10	0
D. P Dave & Co.	25	0
Chandravadan L. Randery	51	0
Mr. S. Narayan	10	0
Mansukhlal Virji Kothari	1	0
M/s Manisamsingh Damusing & Co.	11	0
One Muslim Gentleman	5	0
2nd Muslim Gentleman	5	0
Shantaben Desai	10	0
Employees of Indo-European Machinery Co.	5	0
Mohmed Hassam	1	0
The Sewa Samaj, Palitana, through S. C. Shah	21	0
Madhusudan Harilal Mahuvaker, as below	10-9-6	
	Rs.	a.
Ranchhoddas Harakhji Parekh	2	0
Biharilal Hiralal Shah	2	0
Goradia Chhabildas Dwarkadas	1	0
Chahwalla	1	0
Khunji Chaturbhuj	1	0
Madhusudan Harilal Mahuvaker	2	0
Extra	1-9-6	
	10-9-6	
Mr. Enayatali	5	0
Vithaldas Kalidas, Paper Merchant	25	0
Manor Kishan Savargaonkar	1-0	
Babu Dwarkanath Dhanavde	1	0
N. S. Kulkarni	1	0
N S Nadkarni	1	0
P. K. Wagle	1	0
Laxmichand Vassanji & Co.	251	0
Madhavji Dhanji Thaker	2	0
Bhamashah	1	0
One Hindu Gentleman	16	0
One Hindu Gentleman	51	0
Vasanji Khetshi Nagader	1	0
A Sympathiser	5	0
H. Vadilal & Co.	90	0
Total Rs.	8,409-3-6	

WHO'S WHO IN 'QUAKE TOLL

The following is the further list of Indians who died in the Quetta disaster:—

One daughter of Ghulam Muhammad of Kandahar, coppersmith, Babu Muhalla; One brother of Shahnawaz Khan of Afghanistan, employed in Mian Khan's Hotel; Muhammad of Razara, employed in the Quetta Arsenal; Nawab Khan s/o Nur Ghulam of Yaghistan (Kosh Karam), employed in the Quetta Arsenal and residing in Islamabad; Brother and grand mother of Muhammad Husain, Cycle Repairer, Pir Bukhari; Wife of Muhammad Husain of Meerut, Tailor, Islamabad; Wife, brother's son, and daughter of Piran Ditta, labourer, Nichari Road; One nephew, one sister, one sister-in-law with 2 children and one niece of Piara Lal of Jhelum, shopkeeper, Machhi Bazar; One brother, one sister-in-law, 2 sons, wife and 2 daughters of Sardari Lal of Gujranwala, shopkeeper, Mission Road; Mother of Thakur Singh of Gujranwala, shopkeeper, Mission Road, and his brother with 7 sons; Wife of Mool Chand of Gujranwala, shopkeeper, Toghi Road; Two sons of Azad Khan of Hazara, merchant, Kabari Market; Wife, one daughter, one son, one brother, and one brother's daughter of Seth Sant Ram Taldar, shopkeeper, Mochi Bazar, Charibabad; Seth Dashu Mal Taldar, Charibabad, his wife, 4 daughters and mother; Chaudhri Mool Chand Taldar, shopkeeper, Mochi Bazar, Gharibabad, his two sons, one daughter, wife, borther's wife, 2 sons and two daughters-in-law; Wife of the brother of Seth Mool Chand Taldar, Gharibabad; One son, one wife, one daughter-in-law, one grandson and one daughter of Seth Thadoo Mal Taldar, Gharibabad; Three grandsons, three daughters, one grand-daughter, two daughter's sons, one son-in-law, one mother-in-law, two servants and one son-in-law's maternal uncle of Rai Kanwar Bhan of Rajanpur, District D. G Khan, Retired N. A. C.; Wife and four children of M. Khasein Muhammad of Gujranwala, Sub-Inspector of Police; Two brothers of Seth Uttam Chand Taldar, Gharibabad, Quetta. Father, mother, and one son of Seth Jhaman Das Taldar, Gharibabad; Wife, 7 sons, three daughters-in-law, three grandsons, two daughters, and one grand-daughter of Seth Jamna Das Taldar, Gharibabad; Three sons, one daughter-in-law, and one grand-daughter of Seth Lekh Raj Taldar, Gharibabad; Two sons, two daughters and one father-in-law of Seth Bhiman Das Talder, Gharibabad. Self, mother and one grandson of Seth Sidhoo Mal of Bhag, Gharibabad; Seth Hazari Lal Taldar, Gharibabad; One son and one grandson of Seth Bool Chand Taldar, Gharibabad; Seth Jhaman Das of Mithri, Gharibabad, and wife. Wife, one son, one brother, one brother's son and three daughters of Bal Mukand of Dara Ghazi Khan, Contractor, Mission Road; Wife and one child of Indar Bhan of D. G. Khan, Auctioneer, Machhi Bazar; Jan Ram of D. G. Khan, shop-keeper, Bruce Road, his wife and one son; Jugal Kishore of D. C. Khan, clerk, Power House, (M. R. S.) one son and one daughter. Khair Mohammad of Dalbandin, orderly civil Hospital; Dantoo of Gurgaon, sweeper, Civil Hospital; Mahaya of Gurgaon, sweeper, Civil Hospital; Chan Gurgaon, sweeper, Civil Hospital; Chandiji of Rohtak, Civil Hospital; Wife of Ali Mohammad of Tibbett, Nursing Orderly, Civil Hospital, Quetta; Hira Lal of Bana Bareli, Dhobi, Civil Hospital, Quetta and three sons; Bali of Danapur (Patna) Dhobi; Abdur Rahman, of Risalpur District, employee of Opera Talkies, his wife and two children; Seven uncles, father mother, two brothers, sister, of Parmanand, shopkeeper, Bruce Road, residing in Gharibabad, also two daughter's and three sons of his uncle; One brother, one sister and three sons of Ganeshi Lal, hawker, Babu Mohalla, Quetta. Jamadar Abdul Kuddus Khan of Chogai Levy Corps and two sepoys; Two brothers and three sisters of Muzaffar Ali of Gujrat, Tailor, Islamabad, Quetta; Four grandsons of Muhammad Husain, shopkeeper, Islamabad; One son and two grandsons of Muhammad Shafi of Dharamkot Nandhava (Gurdaspur), Tailor Mission Road, Quetta. Three grandsons, one grand-daughter, and one daughter-in-law of Ghulam Ahmed of Amritsar, Tailor, Zangarh; Three sons, one daughter and wife of Morsi Din of Amritsar Tailor; R. S. Gundar Das of D. G. Khan, R.A.G., his wife, two sons, two daughters-in-law and seven grand-children; and Wife, two daughters and one brother of Haji Abdul Karim and sons, Babu Mohalla, Quetta.

PROVINCIALISM WILL RUN RIOT UNDER "REFORMS"

Dr. Ganga Nath Jha On The Main Hindrance In The Choice Of A Common Script

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

Interviewed on the question of a common script for India, which is engaging the attention of the linguists of the country, Mahamahopadhyaya Dr. Ganga Nath Jha, ex-Vice-Chancellor of the Allahabad University said:—

However, desirable it may be that there should be a common script for the whole of India, the realisation of this seems to be as far off as the attainment of unity in other spheres of life. My feeling in the matter is that provincialism in the narrow sense is, and is going to be, so rampant that no person at any rate in the more advanced provinces will be prepared to give up entirely the use of their provincial scripts. I refer to Bengal, Madras and to a certain extent, Gujrat and the Punjab. My fear is that under the proposed reformed constitution provincialism, before long, will be so marked that at no distant future India will nearly cease to be a single unit. In fact even for the semblance of unity it will have to depend upon the Central Government.

BENGALI SCRIPT

Then again I have heard experts in the matter express the opinion that the 'Devanagari" script, as we have it now, does not represent the ancient script of the country. The Bengali script is said to be more in conformity with the earlier scripts than any other script in India. It is curious that the Devanagari script is not found in any of the older inscriptions of the edicts of Asoka or in the ruins of "Mohenjadaro". I am told by experts that the scripts of these inscriptions are as distinct from the Devanagari script as any two things can be.

MUSLIMS WILL OBJECT

There can be no two questions regarding the desirability of having the common script; but even though Bengalees, Madrassees, and Punjabees may, at least for cultural purposes, agree to the use of the Devanagari script, indications on which are manifesting themselves, no Mussalman will be prepared to surrender his script. To my mind Devanagari appears to be the most convenient and, as nearly scientifically perfect as any script can be.—United Press.

GREECE PREPARES FOR MONARCHY?

Peaceful Atmosphere During Election Prevails

ATHENS, June 9.

The summer residence of the Greek Royal Family at Tatoi, near Athens and the former Royal Palace are now being renovated in anticipation of the rumoured return to the throne of King George of Greece.

The General election, which is a prelude to the plebiscite to be held on the return of monarchical regime, was held throughout Greece to-day. It is proceeding quitely as a result of stringent Government precautions against disorder.

A majority for the Government, headed by M. Tsaldaris, is foreseen as the final result of the contest between General Metaxas, who wants immediate restoration of monarchy, and M. Tsaldaris, who reiterates his belief that the question of the future regime in Greece will be settled in accordance with public opinion after the holding of a free plebiscite.

The Republican opposition, who claim that 50 per cent. of the electorate supports them, have abstained from the election chiefly on acccount of the failure of the Venizelist rebellion.

LATER.

The first results of the general election indicate a striking victory for Government.

Victory For Republic

The election results, hitherto, show that out of 300 seats the National Assembly Government obtained 285 and the Monarchists 7.

Communists got none though they increased the votes. Abstentions, ranged from 15 to 30 per cent. Venizelist Opposition opines that Government's success is a victory for the republic, and the plebiscite on the Monarchist question is unnecessary.—Reuter.

PESSIMISTIC VIEW OF EUROPE

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

MOSCOW, June 9.

A pessimistic view of the European situation was expressed by M. Bitvinoff at a banquet in honour of M. Edouard Benesh, the Czechoslavakian Foreign Minister, who is in Moscow to ratify, the treaty of mutual assistance between the two countries.

GRAN CHACO DISPUTE TO END?

Agreement Provides For Temporary Cessation Of Hostilities

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BUENOS AIRES, June 9.

The agreement which is accepted by the Ministers of Bolivia and Paraguay for reference to their governments provides the cessation of hostilities for fortnight with possible extension in the reduction of the strength of the two armies by 5,000 men each, and no rearmament and delimitation on the neutral control zone by the international Military Commission.

Failing a settlement by direct negotiations on the basis of the agreement the dispute will be submitted to the Hague Court, provided both parties agree thereto.

GERMANY AIMS FOR PEACE

"No Desire To Extend Her Frontiers"

(SPECIAL CABLE).

BERLIN, June 9.

Germany wanted it to be clearly understood with regard to the suggestion that she might use force of arms in order to reincorporate in the Reich those Germans at present living beyond her borders that Germany could not imagine the sacrifice on the battlefields of millions of Germany's best youths was worth while even in case of complete victory.

Thus declared Dr. Rust the Reich Minister of Education, at a meeting at Koenisberg of "The Association of Germans Living Abroad."

Dr. Rust emphasised that Germany had no desire to extend her frontiers or oppress foreign minorities. She believed that hatred and tears would result from such a policy.

CONGRESS & FOREIGN PROPAGANDA

Nothing Substantial Can Be Achieved At Present, Says Bhulabhai

TRICHINOPOLY, June 7.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in a letter addressed to a local journalist referring to foreign propaganda says:

"I have received your letter of the 22nd May. It is difficult for the Indian National Congress to maintain a representative in America or in any other foreign country at this stage. Though the primary difficulty is financial, I do not believe, that anything substantial can be achieved by any propaganda in foreign countries at present.

I do not however disregard the matter altogether. Our late lamented friend, Mr. Vithalbhai Patel has left about a lakh of rupees, the interest on which is to be entrusted to Mr. Subash Bose for foreign propaganda.

I recommend you to address Mr. Subash Bose and request him to divert a part of the funds for the purpose, which you refer to in Dr. Holmes letter.—A. P.

HOTELS AND HARIJANS

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The epoch-making fast of Mahatmaji created a wave of enthusiasm among the nationalist-minded caste-Hindus, to gird up their loins to serve the cause of Harijan uplift. Various institutions sprang up in every nook and corner of India for ameliorating the social, religious, educational, economic and moral conditions of the Harijans. Much appreciable work was done in all these fields by bands of social workers of both sexes. Special attempts were made to remove distinctions between Harijans and Hindus in temples and other places, but no emphasis was ever laid on the problem of Harijan entry into the eating and drinking houses, controlled by the Hindu. This problem, in my opinion, is of vital importance to the social workers of the Harijans, as it is directly concerned with the doing away with the caste prejudices of superiority and inferiority as existing between the castes among the Hindus. Many Harijans visit the eating and drinking houses and no one can single them out as Harijans. But this is possible where Harijans are not known as such. Where they are known as Harijans and enter the hotels and restaurants of the Hindus, they are either driven out of them with insult and abuse or in some cases with cuffs and kicks. I have known certain owners like Mr. Tambe of Arogya-Bhuvan, the proprietor of the Cosmopolitan Vegetarian Restaurant, and others who have methodically brought round the Hindu customers to their way of thinking. I am sure, if the other owners and managers take this view and boldly take a step to allow the Harijans into their hotels, they would be serving the cause of Hinduism, most ably and silently. When the owners and managers of the hotels and restaurants in the cities like Bombay, Poona, Madras, Calcutta etc., set this example, their brothers in towns and villages will copy them. In doing this they are not losing economically if the Harijans are allowed to visit the Hindu restaurants. They will flock in numbers to them. Non-Hindu hotels and restaurants really deserve to be congratulated for having done away with the caste distinctions. Yet, they too, sometimes emulate the example of the Hindu hotels by keeping the scavenger brothers and sisters out. They are served outside the hotels, in cups and saucers which are kept outside in some corner where the rubbish waste from within is thrown.

I have to request the Government and the Hindus to move in this matter. The Government should specially mention in the licence to the Hindu restaurants and hotels that they are open to all members of the Hindu religion and if any one of them is not allowed to enter them on the plea of his being a member of a particular caste, the licence would be withdrawn. To the Hindus I have to appeal tha it is their bounden duty to take a lead in this matter and wake up sympathetic public opinion about the Harijan entry into the hotels and restaurants. If both these parties mean to be serious in this matter, the problem will be solved in no time.

I shall be very glad to receive from sympathetic Harijans any advice in this matter as I wish to tackle this problem very soon.—Yours, etc.

P. N. RAJBHOJ,
Secretary All-India Depressed Classes League, Bombay.
Eastern Leather Works, Bombay.

Distrust Of Outside Influences

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The following extracts from the summary of evidence before the Joint Parliamentary Select Committee, prepared by Khan Abdul Samad Khan Achagzai, throws useful light on the Quetta authorities' ban on relief workers from outside.

He says:

"Political officers are the heads of all the Departments of their districts. They are, for example, political agents, Deputy Commissioners, District Magistrates and In-charge of the Levy Force. This centralisation of powers goes to make them more of monarchs than of public servants. The result of this is apparent."

And to crown all there is "no liberty of speech, political, social and even religious speeches are prohibited if reformatory. No papers are allowed to be published which indulge in free criticism, supply political news or discuss politics." ..... Educated Baluchistanis are not encouraged and this discourages others from getting educated."

As if these were not enough to blight any advance, there are regulations which make contact with the civilised world extremely difficult. In the words of Khan Abdul Samad Khan Achagzai: "Strict restrictions are imposed on Indian visitors to Baluchistan. 'There are no rights of citizenship.'"

If this is the position even in normal times, one can realise the anxiety of officialdom in affording free access and facilities for peoples' agencies to operate in the province. It is not mere "prestige complexes" as the "Chronicle" seems to imagine. The question is far more fundamental.—Yours, etc.,

"ONE WHO KNOWS."

Weekly Rest Day For Shop Employees

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of 3rd May, you were good enough to allow me through your hospitable columns to ventilate the grievances of employees of Indian shops. I then appealed to you personally to use your powerful pen in support of this just grievance. Some further letters on the subject also appeared in your valued paper and in the "Samachar" and "Sanj Vartman," but none, so far as I am aware from the most expected quarter viz. the proprietors of the Swadeshi and Khadi markets, bhandars and concerns and also none from the Agent of the A. I. S. A., though one of your correspondent Mr. Mukund Desai made certain pertinent charges which when left unrefuted lead one to draw one's own conclusions in the matter.

The object of this letter, sir, is to make a personal appeal to you and other powers—that—be through your valued paper. You are the President of the A Ward Congress Committee and have both the ear and the eye of the Bombay as well as the All-India Congress Executive. If sir you recognise the justice of my complaint, and from the prominence you gave to it and from your stirring address at Kerala I feel certain that you do, would it be too much to appeal to you and such like you to move personally in the matter?

In my last letter, I pointed out that the matter was hanging fire before the B. P. C. C. for the last 6 months. Mr. S. K. Patil wrote to me on 27th November 1934: "I am proposing to write to the proprietors of the Swadeshi Bhandars asking them to remedy the grievances of their poor employees. I am hoping we shall be able to do something in the matter. Even if Mahatmaji's help becomes necessary in the matter, rest assured we shall seek it and have it also." While congratulating Mr. Patil on this expression of his personal views, I inquired on 6th December if my previous letter was placed before the B. P. C. C. to which after a reminder on 31st January, I received the usual post card on 7th February (reminding me, especially as nothing has still been done in the matter of similar communications that are always received marked O. H. M. S.) that the letter would be placed before the Committee.

Our Socialist friends wrote to me on 11th December 1934 stating that their Executive Committee was considering what action can be taken on the facts stated by me. Since then of course they are too busy improving the lot and saving the souls of the 34 crores of masses at large (1 crore of big and petty bourgeoisie being of course no concern of theirs) to take any action for what constitute perhaps a hundred—thousanth of that mass, for this is the last I heard from them. Has it not been rightly said that "Words speak louder than acts" or have I got it all wrong, I wonder!

Hence Mr. Editor, this personal appeal to you and such like you.—Yours, etc.,

M. J. GAZDAR.

NOTES FROM MOSCOW

(Continued from page 6.)

system of farming will be staged in the village of Timiryazevka, near Moscow, in 1937. Plans and preparations are in full swing for the proposed exhibition, while it is planned that competition will take place among the collective farm to determine which will participate in the agricultural show.

According to the preliminary estimates, the exhibition will require an area of 500 hectares to house it, as well as 60,000 tons of cement and 270,000 cubic meters of lumber in the construction of the various exhibition halls. The cost of the exhibition will be approximately 400 million roubles.

In a riot said to have occurred between two parties of Hindus in a village eight miles beyond Taj Ganj in Agra District twelve are reported to have been injured. The police are making inquiries. Further details are lacking.—A.P.

Mr. Govind Ramji Arekar, leader of the Depressed Classes passed away in Bombay at the age of 80, on Wednesday last. His funeral was attended by Dr. Ambedkar, Mr. Nikaljay and several others. He was an earnest social worker and also a Co-worker of Dr. Ambedkar.

QUETTA IN 'QUAKE THROES

First-Hand Impressions Of A Lucky Survivor

SIMLA, June 7.

Following are extracts from a letter received from Reuter's correspondent in Quetta, who had a miraculous escape from the earthquake. She was writing to a relation in Simla:—

"I don't know whether you will ever get this letter, but you may like to have a word from this scene of desolation.

ALL GHASTLY SHAMBLES

"Quetta is the most ghastly shambles you can imagine, except for the Staff College, six miles out, which did not suffer much. I shall never forget Thursday night, if I live to be 100! I was woken about 2-45 by a crash, and a fearful creaking and rumbling and swaying, I just yelled "earthquake" at M—(husband) and was out of bed like greased lightning, every atom of my being concentrated on getting to a A—— (a small child) in time.

I couldn't keep my balance, the walls seem to be giving way, and bricks, plaster, and furniture were crashing all round. I got the doors open between our room and the nursery, grabbed A—— and with Narry, joined M——who was struggling to get the front door open. The key had fallen out and gone amongst the debris and confusion and pitch dark, and poor M——couldn't break the door open, so we had to go all the way back down the hall, through the nursery, a big room, and out of a bathroom door at the back.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

I had no coat or shoes and the stones hurt like hell and I was covered with bruises, but the relief at getting out into the open was almost indescribable. We are 'very very' lucky to be alive and uninjured, lots of my own friends are hurt and were buried for hours, and several pathetic young children have been killed, including another little A—, about four months older than mine.

A CITY OF RUINS.

The whole thing is beyond description, and really Quetta has to be seen to be believed. Of course, every one is homeless, camping in their gardens, in tents, and all food is rationed and Martial Law prevails.

The great danger now is disease and pestilence from the bodies, etc. The City is shut now and guarded by troops. They are cremating corpses by the thousand! My cook's house is still standing and my cook uninjured and I am feeding two Doctor Colonels.

PERIODICAL 'QUAKE.

"The earth is still quaking periodically. A— is wonderful of course she is too young to realise the terror, thank God!"....—A.P.

PRIVATES EXAMINED IN RIOTING CASE

Story Of How They Were Assaulted By Villagers

POONA, June 10

Provates Ernest Fox and William Glover of the Royal Warwicks were examined to-day at the court of the Additional District Magistrate, Mr. Modak when seven villagers of Yellwadi hamlet were charged with rioting and causing simple hurt. Fox and Glover on Easter Monday went on a walk to the hills and while Glover remained smoking under a tree Fox ascended a hill. The former noticed two men dressed as women who were whistling and trying to attract his attention but he took no notice. But when he saw Fox attacked he went up and also set upon. Both broke loose and ran, but were pursued and stoned the whole way. After being hit on the leg he was unable to proceed and Fox too being dead beat he simulated unconciousness. He had received a blow on his head which kept him 15 days in hospital while Fox got a blow on the mouth and various other injuries. They were then given topees by the accused and shown the way to the road where two Europeans in a car picked them up and took them to hospital.—A.P.

ARRESTS AT CHINSURAH

CHINSURAH, June 9.

Several arrests have been made under sections 147 I.P.C. (rioting), 363 I.P.C. (obstructing the police in the discharge of duties) and 324 I.P.C. (causing hurt with deadly weapons) following Monday's clash at Serampore between the police and the Muslims over the demolition of an alleged mosque there.

Police pickets are still patrolling the affected area. Everything is now completely under control.—United Press.

NEW DEAL IN BROADCAST

Ireland Sets Example

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The appointment of Dr. T. J. Kiernan from the post of the First Secretary to the Irish Legation in London to that of the head of the Irish Broadcasting corporation is accompanied, 'inter alia', with a new provision in the policy of Irish broadcasting.

The new rule announces that henceforth the Irish Broadcasting Corporation will make due provisions for distinguished visitors to explain the situation in their countries to the Irish people, and it is also said that they will be allowed to express their views without any censorship on the part of the Irish Broadcasting Board.

It is understood, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, when he visits Ireland in response to the invitation of President Mr. De Valera, will be afforded the opportunity of acquainting the Irish people with the peculiar political situation in India through the Irish Broadcasting Corporation.—United Press.

GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF 'QUAKE SCENES

Eye Witness Recounts His Experience

(From Our Correspondent.)

QUETTA, June 10.

The picture that I saw last evening of the Indian part of Quetta city, where I was kindly taken round by Capt. A. C. Willison, the Officer in-charge Intelligence Section of Western Command and the Press Censor, would baffle all imagination. The havoc caused by the quake leaves no trace of any structure. Here and there solid fronts of buildings attracted my attention but a side glance instantly disclosed that the back of the building was shattered. The masonry work had so completely broken down that while driving in a car individual bricks could be counted. Each house presented the picture of a mound and only strenous exercise of imagination can make one realize with what difficulty the work of rescue could have been handled. Cries of the living were, in this state of ruin, the only indication to direct the work of the rescuers.

BRUCE ROAD.

Bruce road, through which we passed first and which was main European shopping centre is reported to have two or three-storied structures, the upper stories being used as living quarters.

UNBEARABLE STENCH.

From the commencement of my drive to the end of it my nostrils experienced uniform irritation caused by the foul smell of decaying bodies. The drive alongside the Meat Market gave me an experience of the most unbearable smell. The football-ground of the Brown Gymkhana resorted to for recreation by Indian inhabitants was dotted with small heaps of firewood and strewn here and there with cinders and ashes due to its having been improvised as a crematon ground for the dead from the earthquake disaster.

In the circumstances of utter ruin disclosed to the eye with all passages gutted and even the highway strewn with the debris of buildings, the handicap under which rescue work had to be carried out by the military appeared to be formidable enough. On the top of that, breakdown of lights on that pitch dark night enhanced the difficulties of the rescues. All over the station telephone service had also failed. It was only tongues of fire seen from afar which gave the military an intimation of the disaster in City. Under half an hour of the disaster the troops were on the scene, busy doing rescue work can be called lightning work.

IN THE CANTONMENT.

No building of any magnitude in the Cantonment is safe for shelter tremors of varying intensity continue to be felt day and night. The quake of 1931, I was informed by Major A. C. Willison had visibly affected certain buildings in the Cantonment which were then repaired. These very buildings inspite of the comparatively slight shock felt in the Cantonment have utterly collapsed burying underneath the occupants.

New type of quake—proof structures are under discussion and very soon building activity all over Quetta will be briskly going on apace involving the outlay of tons of money. It is hoped that the new Quetta of the future will stand proof against any chance of similar disaster and will perhaps be better planned from the sanitary and other points of view incorporating al the advances of modern science.

As an earnest of the reconstruction programme in view the most significant even is the refunctioning of the local branches of banking corporations. The local authorities are busy hatching schemes of revival of trade and industry.

MORE REFUGEES REACH LAHORE

LAHORE, June 10

743 refugees more arrived in Lahore to-day, including 186 stretches cases, making the total number uptodate 13,100.—United Press.

Quetta's Loss In Life And Property Will Never Be Known!

(Continued from page 1.)

civil areas is to be re-established, it is thought advisable that buildings should now be made earthquake proof. It has been found that after the 1931 disaster the buildings which were built on earthquake proof plans withstood the shocks well this time. While the construction of such buildings is 50 per cent. more costly, they are 50 per cent. less comfortable.

Although no correct estimate of damages done to buildings is yet possible, rough calculation shows that the reconstruction of lost buildings will mean huge money. The damage to Government buildings in the civil area, is estimated at 80 lakhs, and the railway buildings at 50 lakhs while that to the military buildings is many times.—United Press.

WHEN CAN SALVAGE RECOMMENCE

Health Commissioner To Report On Situation

SIMLA, June 10

Salvage operations in Quetta have not yet re-commenced. 'As the preservation of the life of survivors and the prevention of serious epidemics are more important than the recovery of lost properties, salvage operations has to be suspended until the stench dies out in the normal course or nature comes to the help of the situation.

The "United Press' learns that the Government of India are deputing Col. Russell, the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India, to Quetta to investigate into the health situation and to submit a report thereon as to when salvage operations can be re-started.

Col. Russell is leaving for Quetta to-morrow.—United Press

ENTOMBED PROPERTY AT QUETTA

Barely A Fraction Can Be Salvaged After Stench Dies Out

QUETTA, June 10.

The immediate problems that stand out prominently before the authorities are:—

1. The military authorities admit that it will never be possible to ascertain the actual casualty figures. To try to depend on the census figures and calculate on the basis of the number of repatriated surviving people would be misleading, as the population of Quetta and the adjacent places was not the same on the fateful night of 30th May as it was when the heads were counted six years ago. To say that in all 55,000 people were killed in Quetta, Kalat, Mastung, Kansi and the neighbouring country-side is merely an estimate. It may be more even.

2. The total value of the Civil property lost will never be estimated—much less, accurately calculated.

FATE OF ENTOMBED PROPERTY.

3. Although the entombed property will remain guarded and waiting for being salvaged till the bodies are thoroughly decomposed and the stenches die out, it will not be possible to rescue more than a small fraction. Some of it has already been destroyed. The potential sources of danger are contamination, rains and the greedy Bazara and Brohi people who will patiently wait for the withdrawal of the military control. The ordinary police precautions are considered inadequate.

4. The military have saved the situation. If the cantonment had shared the same fate as the city, very few of the survivors would have escaped death. They would have all perished like flies due to starvation, lack of medical help and exposure.

5. That the disaster should have come now and not in December or January, is providential. In the winter months, when the temperature often falls below zero and snows fall two feet deep, arrangements that have been made for the refugees in tents on the race-course would have been utterly futile.

6. Arrangements that have been made for medical relief and evacuation are by no means perfect, but no human-agency could do better under those appalling circumstances.

RELATIVES PROHIBITED.

7. The decision to stop the influx of relatives of the injure and killed to Quetta was correct. Considering the scarcity of provisions and accommodation which were just enough for the most needy, and undue outside pressure on food stuffs would have been calamitous and unjust to sufferers.

8. The European population being small, it was possible to prepare their casualty list first. The authorities had no list of the Indian population. But it is generously agreed that it should have been possible for them to give out the names at least of the prominent Indians at the same time, if not earlier, than the European list was published.—United Press.

RELIEF AND SALVAGE

Special Officer To Co-ordinate Work

SIMLA, June 10

Mr. B. N. Staig, military and financial adviser, who has just returned from Quetta, has been appointed Earthquake Commissioner to coordinate the work relating to relief and salvage. His headquarters will be at Simla, but he will move about.

The Government of India have also deputed Col. Russel, Public Health Commissioner, to Quetta to-morrow to report from a medical point as to when it would be possible to resume the work of salvaging property.—A.P.

RELIEF ARRANGEMENTS 'EN ROUTE'

LAHORE, June 10

Evacuation from Quetta reached a further stage to-day when the first ambulance train brought 281 of the more serious cases and a family train brought 462 more refugees to Lashore. All casualties were removed by military ambulance cars to the Mayo Hospotal where special wards have been opened for receiving 650 additional cases. The doctors who accompanied the train throughout spoke highly of relief arrangements at intermediate stations. Sir. Feroze Khan Noon, Minister-in-charge of hospitals visited the hospital and expressed himself most satisfied with the arrangements.—A.P.

Through running of trains have been resumed over hill section of the Assam Bengal Railway between Banderkhal and Ditakcherra stations. The service had been temporarily suspended owing to heavy slips at mile 276/12 on June 6.—A.P.

PROTEST AGAINST KARACHI SHOOTING

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

A public meeting of the Indian residents and British friends of India was held at Dennison House to protest against the Karachi shooting. Amongst the speakers were Messrs R. Bridgeman, Bradley, M. Khan, and S. Saklatwala.

Mr. Bridgeman observed that the Karachi shooting was not an isolated phenomenon, but one of frequent occurrences in India. He drew the attention of the audience to similar happenings in other colonial possessions.

MODEST PUBLIC DEMAND

A resolution was passed demanding a public inquiry into the whole affair, and Mr. Bridgeman said that the matter should not be allowed to rest until the authorities responded to this modest public demand.

One of the speakers in condemning the shooting, also condemned the Communal Award, which, he alleged, would bring about similar unhappy happenings in the future.—United Press.

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Preparing For Next Congress Session

PROVISIONAL COMMITTEES AT WORK

(From A Correspondent.)
LUCKNOW (By Mail).

Now that Lucknow has been finally selected as the venue of the 49th Session of the Indian National Congress. Congressmen have taken up the task in right earnest to make the session a unique success and the enrolment of the members of the Reception Committee is going on in full swing. The formal sitting of the Reception Committee will be held on the 16th July, 1935, when the office-bearers of the said Committee will be elected.

Last night a meeting of all the Congress Workers of the City was held at the Congress Office when a few provisional Sub-Committees including the site and collection Committees were formed. It was further decided to convene a meeting of the prominent citizens as well as sympathisers of Oudh on the 16th instant to devise ways and means for collecting funds to discharge the onerous responsibility which has devolved on every citizen of the Province.

A suitable site for holding the session is also engaging the attention of the Congressmen. At present they have two places in view which could be finally selected subject to the sanction of the local Government. One is the Victoria Park including Gowghat and the other is the Industrial Area—a suburb of Lucknow. But both the places have their respective difficulties. Apart from these both the grounds belong to the Lucknow Improvement Trust. There is a general feeling here that it is difficult to get the Victoria Park for holding the session as is evidenced from the fact that the Trust Authorities did not accord permission for holding a public meeting under the Congress auspices a few days back when all Provincial Leaders were here in connection with Provincial meeting.

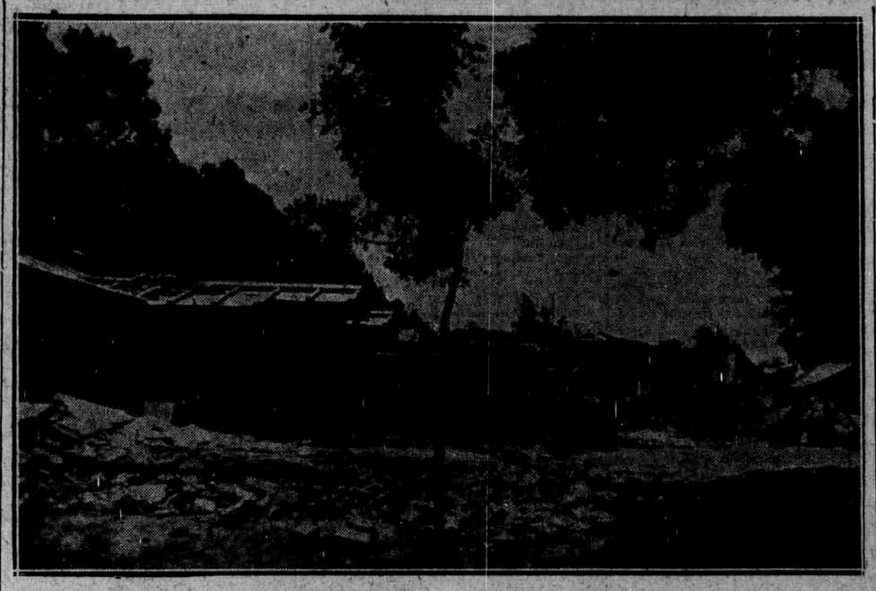
But it is said that the Trust Authority cannot have the final say in this matter and Congressmen are thinking of moving this matter with the Minister for Local Self-Government of these Provinces. Everything, however, depends upon the attitude which the Government adopts regarding the Congress.

STORM FOLLOWS SWELTERING HEAT

Cyclone Havoc In Kathiawar

(From Our Correspondent).
RAJKOT, June 8.

After an oppressive heat for over a week, it grew windy yesterday evening all of a sudden. The dust-storm was followed by a cyclone which was accompanied by louder and louder peals of thunder, terrific flashes of lightning and a torrential fall for nearly an hour from 6 to 7 p.m. The total fall registered amounts to 90 cents. The civil station police line was the centre of great sensation as two women and a guest were the victim of the fall of lightning. The shocks, they received, are of a serious nature. They were immediately removed to the West Hospital for medical treatment. They are reported to be slowly progressing. This storm not only swept over Rajkot, and its surrounding villages, but is reported to have moved over most parts of the province. Several trees were uprooted.



Here are some of the vil lage houses completely crushed to the ground in the 'Quake disaster.

The Quetta Railway St ation in a heap of ruins. Only a few portions of the vast building are int act.

THIEF SETS FIRE TO HIS OWN HOUSE

Daring Burglaries Reported From Fatwa

BARH, June 9.

Several cases of daring burglaries and dacoities in one night are reported from Fatwa.

The Central Co-operative Bank's buildings at Fatwa are reported to have been burgled, and an attempt at breaking open the iron safe of the Bank is said to have been made.

Burglaries in other private houses by thieves who continued their operations in the teeth of resistance have also been reported. Mr. Anis, Inspector of Police, is camping in Fatwa.

It has been learnt that a number of Sub-Inspectors of Police along with a posse of constables raided the house of a 'badmash' to arrest him, but the latter is reported to have set fire to his own house, which, for the time being, engaged the attention of the raiding police party, and the 'badmash' in the meantime, got a clean opportunity and escaped.—United Press.

RENOWNED PHYSICIAN DEAD

JUBBULPORE, June 10.

After a protracted illness the death occurred yesterday of Vaidya-Ratna, Vidya Sagar, Bhisagacharya, Chikitsa-Churamani, Pundit Govind Prasad Sastri alias Kodu Sastri, a renowned physician of the town at early age of 55.

The deceased besides being a popular vaidya, was also an authority on Sanskrit, literature, grammar and astronomy. He was Vice-President of the C. P. Vaidya Conference, and a strong supporter and advocate of Ayurvedic system of treatment. The funeral was largely attended.—United Press.

CO-OP. SOCIETIES AND RURAL UPLIFT

Bulsar Conference Resolutions

(From A Correspondent.)
SURAT (By Mail).

A Taluka Co-operative Conference was held at Bulsar last week under the presidentship of Mr. S. K. Nayampalli, Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Baroda State. The Chairman in the course of his address emphasised upon the point of removing social vices by the organisation of Better Living Societies. He also took a survey of working of the credit societies in British India as well as in the Baroda State.

The Conference passed resolutions recommending the organisation of Supervision Union and Sale societies, and the supply of best possible seeds to the cultivators for their crops and to organise Co-operative societies in villages.

It also passed a resolution requesting agriculturists to join the Land Mortgage Bank that is to be opened shortly.

"VILLAGERS' CONFIDENCE"

U. P. Govt.'s Interesting Circulars To Dt. Officers

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

Recent reports reveal that extensive programme of rural work has been undertaken by the U. P. Government and circulars issued to the District Officers showing the manner in which the managers and the organisers of the rural centres should carry out the work.

The managers and the organisers should approach the villagers as their friends and not as Government Functionaries.

Zamindars and leading men would help them, and their sole object should be to gain the villager's confidence, which is best done, the report seems to suggest, through the advocacy of reading the Ramayam to the villagers and organising dramatic performances.—United Press.

NO TIME FOR FLOWERY SPEECHES

Spirited Appeal Brings Forth £1,020 For 'Quake Relief

JOHANNESBURG, June 9.

A sum of £1,020 was collected to assist Quetta earthquake sufferers at a meeting of the Transvaal Indian Congress which was addressed by Sir Raza Ali, and the Minister of Interior.

After a number of speeches a man jumped on the platform and declared that this was no time for flowery speeches. They should come forward with their contributions. He himself presented £161 on behalf of Tajbhoy Brothers. Contributions of all sizes then poured in Sir Raza Ali giving £40 and Mr. Jassub Ebrahim £150.—Reuter.

'QUAKE VICTIMS

(Continued from page 12.)

Clerk. Two sons of Mohan Lal, Commercial Clerk. One daughter of Mul Chand, Commercial Clerk. Two daughters of Kishen Lal, Commercial Clerk. Wife, one daughter and one son of Brij Kishore, Accounts Clerk. Wife, two sons and 2 daughters of Mr. H. S. Madan, Permanent Way Inspector. Mr. Sant Singh, Typist and one daughter. Mr. Manohar Lal, Typist, and family. One son of Harbans Lal, Typist, Wife and one son of Mr. R. R. Sharma, Typist. Wife, one son and one daughter of Ram Chand, Stenographer. Wife, one son and one daughter of Ram Chand, Steno. Wife of Hari Chand, peon, Divisional Supdt's. Office. Two sons of Ismail, peon, Division. Supdt's Office. One son of Sakhi Mohd, peon, Division. Supdt.'s Office. Rahmat Ali, Chowkidar. Din, Trollyman, Signal and Interlocking Branch. One son of Ishar Chand, Signal and Interlocking Branch. One son of Inder Singh, Signal and Interlocking Branch. One daughter of Malik Roshan Lal, Head Ticket Collector. Two daughters of Mr. Bodh Raj, Inquiry Clerk. Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed, Special Sicket Examiner. Wife and one daughter of Was Dev, Goods Clerk. One daughter of Sukhdial, Clerk. Wife and one daughter of Shewa Ram, Special Ticket Examiner. Wife, two sons and one daughter of Das Raj, Signaller. One daughter and mother-in-law of Ganda Singh, Special Ticket Examiner. Mr. Suraj Parkash, Signaller. Family (excepting two children) of Mr. Nathu Ram Sharma, Accounts Deptt.

INJURED.

Mr. Hukam Singh, Draftsman, and wife (slightly). Mr. Mukhtar Ahmed, Draftsman, (seriously). Mr. Sham Lal, Draftsman and wife (slightly). Mr. Ram Lal, Head Bill clerk (slightly). Mr. Bishen Dass, Bills Clerk (slightly). Mr. Manchar Lal Naraung, Clerk (Transportation) (slightly), and wife (seriously). Mr. Wadh Mal, Clery (Transportation) (seriously). Mr. Goverdhan Das, Clerk (Traffic Stores), and one son (slightly) and wife (seriously). Mr. Pran Nath, Weighing Machine, Fitter and brother (slightly). Mr. Mani Ram, Head Clerk, Way and Works Sections (slightly). Mr. Mohd. Amin, Clerk, Way and Works Section (slightly). Wife and one son of Mr. Malik Mali Ram, Asstt. Staff Worksman (slightly). Mr. Amar Nath, Asst. Staff Workman's clerk (seriously). Mr. Anokh Rai, Head Clerk, Way and Works Stores and three children (slightly). Wife and two children of Trilokinath, clerk, way and works Stores (slightly). Mr. Kidar Nath, Clerk, Way and Works Stores (slightly). Mr. Lachman Das, Clerk Way and Works (slightly) and wife (seriously). Wife of Mohan Lal, Clerk, Commercial (seriously). Mr. Narain Das, Head Clerk, Commercial (slightly). Mr. Annadpal Singh, Clerk Commercial seriously).

Mr. Satyapal, Clerk, W. W. Accounts (slightly). Mr. Suchdev, clerk accounts. (slightly). Mr. Mohan Lal, Accounts Clerk, (seriousy.) Two sons and one daughter of Mr. H. S. Madan, Permanent Way Inspector slightly.) Mr. Harbans Lal, Typist (slightly). Mr. R. R. Sharma, Typist (slightly). Mr. J. Mufti, clerk, Central Registry section and wife (slightly.) Mr. D. R. Chopra, Asst. Signal and Interlocking Inspector (slightly.) Dal Din, peon Sub-Divisional Officer No. 2 (slightly). Ghulam Qadir, peon Sub-Division Officer No. 5 and wife (slightly). Lal Mohd peon, Division Signal's office (slightly). One son of Lachhu, sweeper (slightly). Bairagi, peon, Divisional Supdt's office and wife (slightly). Ran Singh, peon Division Supdt's office (slightly). Inder Singh, Balleyman Signal and Interlocking Branch and wife (seriously). Sakhi Mohd peon Division Supdt's office (slightly). Badri, cleaner, Signal and I. Staff (seriously). Devi Datta, cleaner Signal and interlocking branch (slightly). Arjan Singh, blacksmith (slightly). Syed Rahim, cleaner (slightly). Alla Bachaya, Lineman, (slightly). Karam Singh Lineman (slightly). Jai Singh, block mistry, wife and two sons (slightly). Khushal Singh cleaner and wife (slightly). Mukhtar Ahmad, Temporary hand (slightly). Musa, Temporary hand, (slightly). Wife and one son of Ashfaq Ahmed, Special Ticket Examiner (wife seriously and son slightly). Was Dev, Goods Clerk and one son (slightly). Mr. Sukhdial, Goods clerk and one son (slightly). Des Raj, signaller (slightly) and one son and one daughter (seriously). Babu Lal, peon (seriously). Wife and family of Fazal Haq, Telegraph Traffic Inspector (slightly). Mr. R. N. Sharma, Junior Accountant, (slightly).

MISSING

Mr. K. R. Paul, Draftsman. Mr. Gurbakhsh Singh, Draftsman. Mr. Bishan Dass, Clerk, Way and works section. Mr. Ganga Ram, Commercial Clerk. Mr. Kimat Rai, Accounts Clerk. Mr. Amar Singh, Accounts Clerk and family. Mr. A. S. Gyani, Accounts Deptt. and family.

CORRECTION

Wife of Chattan Lal, Head clerk, Central Registry and one daughter, previously announced as dead are safe. Mr. Nanak Singh, Head Draftsman previously announced killed, only slightly injured. Wife and family killed.—A. P.

PERPETUATE MEMORY OF MARTYRS OF AIR

Bengal Appeal For Funds

CALCUTTA, June 8.

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, Mr. Syamaprasad Mukherjee, Mr. A. H. Fazlul Huq, Mayor of Calcutta, and Mr. J. N. Basu, have issued the following appeal:—

The tragedy that befell Bengal Aviation at Dum Dum on the 28th April last in the death of two renowned and gallant pilots, Messrs. B. K. Dasand, D. K. Roy and their passengers Miss Brownlow and Mr. P. Gupta has not only cast a pall of darkness on their respective homes, but threatens to retard the progress these heroes tried to attain with their lives. In the name of these martyrs who defied all dangers to make aeronautics popular in the land and have last paid a price with their lives, we appeal to our countrymen to realise our grave responsibility and also our duty to these dead heroes and the cause for which they risked and gave their all.

To perpetuate the memories of these rich dead and to carry out the work for which they died, it has been suggested that a fund be created to erect a monument on the spot near Dum Dum Aerodrome and to endow every year a boy or girl with a scholarship to qualify for 'A' pilotship. To give effect to the above proposals a minimum sum of Rs. 20,000 is necessary. We believe, our countrymen will come forward and contribute generously to this fund and show respect to them and to the cause for which they lived and died.

Contributions, however, small, may be sent to Mr. A. Hussain, Agent, Central Bank of India Ltd. Barabazar Branch, Treasurer, Brownlow-Das-Roy-Gupta Memorial Fund, 71, Cross Street, Calcutta, or to any authorised collector.—United Press.

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NEW YORK COTTON DOWN BY 14 POINTS

"Pool" To Continue Disposing Its Holdings

SHORT COVERING IN CHICAGO WHEAT

All London And Liverpool Markets Closed

BOMBAY, June 10

On Monday, London Exchanges and other markets remained closed on account of a holiday.

'POOL" TO SELL NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton opened weak on the announcement that "Pool" will continue to sell spot and futures. There was some speculative support at the decline.

CHICAGO WHEAT PRICES IMPROVE

Chicago wheat prices improved on local short covering and some outside enquiry.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE VERY STEADY

The New York Stock Exchange ruled very steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

New York, June 10

Previous closing	11.39
To-day's opening	11.29
Difference	—10
To-day's closing	11.25
Difference	—.14

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1935.

Liverpool, June 10

The market was closed to-day.

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April-May ..... Rs. 212

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, June 10

Cotton developed considerable weakness to-day on the announcement that the pool will continue to dispose of its holdings of spot and futures with a view to reducing its stocks. As a result of this news, prices weakened under heavy selling pressure and liquidation with traders becoming nervous. However at the lower level the market offered some resistance influenced by expectations of favourable developments in silver.

•Trading in October commerced at 11.29 i.e. 10 points lower than the previous closing. The market eased under foreign and local selling together with liquidation which gradually forced October to 11.21. At this stage some speculative support appeared and prices offered better resistance.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.25 with a decline of 14 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 10

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.40/11.40) 11.60/11.58
October (11.08/11.07) 11.30/11.29
December (11.10/11.09) 11.28/11.28

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 10

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American July (6.30) closed.
American October (6.02) closed.
Egyptian July (7.85) closed.
Egyptian October (7.85) closed.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 10

Broach July-August moved between Rs. 226 and 226-12 and Broach New A/M between Rs. 211-4 and Rs. 212-4 at night. The rates at 10-20 p.m. were Rs. 226-8 and Rs. 212 respectively for Broach J/A and Broach New A/M with New York futures about 13 points down at that time.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Unchanged And Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, June 10

Jutes ruled steady but only moderate business was put through. In coals there was only limited business at unchanged rates. Teas were neglected. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Government Securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations.

Government Securities: 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 94/9; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 106/14; 5 per cent Loan 1940/43 109/13; 5 per cent Bonds 1935 100/9; 5 per cent loan 1939/44 108/10; 5 per cent loan 1945/65 117/11 x small lots.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1578; Imperial Conty 396; Reserve Bank 120.

Cottons: Kesoram 3/7

Coals: Equitable 39/14; Hurriladih 18/15; Pench Valley 57/8 small lots; Standard 32/3.

West Jamuria 13.

Jutes: Belvedere 394/8; Caledonian 475; Cheviot 220/8; Delta 374; Fort William 325; Gourepore 690; Howrah 54/8; Hukumchand 13/7; Hooghly 59/12; Kamarhatty 565; New Central 361 small lot; Reliance 73.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn Rs. 8; Benares Elec 15/4; Bengal Telephone pref 15; Cuttack Elec 9; Dacca Elec 18/10 small lot; Burn and Co 6 per cent pref 115; B I Corpn 3/9; Indian Paper Pulp 170; Titaghur Paper ordy 22/4; Tataghur defd 9/6; Bairampur Sugar 19/4; Dehra Dun Teas 109 small lot; Hattikhira 23/12.—A. P.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 10

Previous closing	4.92 3/8
To-day's opening	4.92 3/8
To-day's closing	4.92 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 10

Previous closing	4.91 5/8
To-day's opening	closed
To-day's closing	closed.
Difference	closed

FRANC RATE

London, June 10

Previous closing	74.34
To-day's opening	closed
To-day's closing	closed
Difference	closed

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 10

Silver opened steady at Rs. 79/2, 79/6 and 79/15. The market displayed definite signs of improvement on news from Washington regarding the silver bloc meeting to-day with a view to raising the silver price as a result of which prices advanced steadily on covering and general buying activity and closed steady at Rs. 79/10, 79/14 and 80/7.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/2/6, 35/3/6 and 35/5. The market was very quiet to-day owing to holiday abroad with prices showing hardly any important movements due to the absence of enquiry. Prices closed steady at Rs. 35/2/6, 35/3/6 and 35/5.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 8.

The market was closed to-day.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 10

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.83-5/8. Prices improved slightly on local covering and some outside enquiry but business was rather small.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, June 10

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9 a.m.	6 12 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	6 12 6
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	payment
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6 12 0
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	6 12 3
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6 12 3
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	6 12 3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 10

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 5 0
Linseed September	6 12 6

The tone was quiet.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 10

General Motor (dol 30 5/8) dol 30 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 15) dol 16 1/8
U S Steel Common (dol 32 1/8) dol 32 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 85 1/2)

London Liverpool Markets Closed

London, June 10

All London and Liverpool markets were closed to-day.

STARS LIKE BALLOONS!

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

Some people of Allahabad inform that on the morning of 4th June, they saw two stars moving in the firmament like balloons towards the west and finally appearing to have struck the ground.

It is said that after striking the ground, the meteor caused intense light to emanate from the spot.—United Press.

PREPARING FOR NEW REFORMS

Provisional Electoral Roll For U. P. Legislative Council

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, June 10

The U. P. Government, it is understood, has recently ordered the preparation of provisional electoral rolls for elections to the U. P. Council to be held under the new reforms. U. P. is likely to be divided into a dozen constituencies (Urban non-Mohammedan). It is understood that the district authorities are active in this direction. There are likely to be numerous other constituencies.

SUPPORT LEAGUE AND COMMONWEALTH

Hertzog's Advice To Union At Capetown Banquet

CAPETOWN, June 10.

Remarkable tributes of joyous solidarity and co-operation of British people on the occasion of the Jubilee were paid by Hertzog at the civic banquet to welcome him on his return from the Jubilee visit in England.

General Hertzog said nowhere was to be seen a sign of discontent or disorderliness. It was everywhere felt that it was an occasion which the people could all act as one. "I think that is the greatest thing any nation in the world can boast of—that sense of unanimity which rests upon the respect and love which they bear to the head of that great country."

General Hertzog professed optimism concerning the European situation and believed that no nation would dare to defy others and be responsible for war. He urged all to support the League and remarked that if the Union wanted friends she must stand by Britain and the Commonwealth.—Reuter.

DENIS SMITH RENDERED UNFIT

Sequel To Rib-Fracture While Playing Against Hants

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 10.

The sensational news has leaked out from Edgbaston that it has been ascertain on X ray examination test of the player Denis Smith that he has sustained slight rib fracture while playing against Hants.

Smith did not field to-day. It is stated that he will take no further part in the match. He also will be unable to play in the test.

IDDON REPLACES SMITH

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 10.

Iddon (Lancashire) replaces Smith in the first test match.

Press Chief Of National Socialism Bans His Own Press

(IFTU) On the 24th April, Amann, the president of the German Press Chamber, issued an "Order for Safeguarding the Independence of the Press" which bubbles over with unconscious humour. For this "independence" is of such a nature that the President of the Press Chamber, who is merely a Nazi civil servant, has the absolutely last word in all cases requiring a decision as to whether a newspaper is "independent" or not.

One wonders if papers will be able to appear at all if this Order is strictly enforced, because, according to Article II, newspaper publishers cannot be any kind of joint stock company, limited liability company, co-operatives, institutes, innumerable classes of individuals with various juristic and other characteristics nor incorporated bodies or their ancillary institutions. In other words, no National Socialist paper may be published any longer, since they all serve the ends of the incorporated body which is the Nazi state.

It would be a mistake to think that this exaggeration has crept in through an oversight, for Article IV confirms the attitude: "The contents of newspapers may not be devoted to a specially defined or definable group of persons from the point of view of religion, occupation or special interests."

According to this, Goebbels will never be able to write an article any more. None of Hitler's speeches can be published. The whole of National Socialism must automatically disappear from Germany. For Goebbels and Hitler will certainly not want to dispute that everything that they write or say is devoted to special interests, those of National Socialism, and thus to a specially defined or definable group of persons. Should they object that their efforts are addressed not to a group of persons—the public—but to the National Socialist state, they ought nevertheless to be prohibited by Amann because they are not independent but working in the service of "incorporated bodies and their ancillary institutions." Of course this is not to be taken so seriously. Amann only wanted to be quite safe by first of all forbidding everything (it could happen that someone might want to publish an honest National Socialist paper) so that he could afterwards allow of the publication of just those papers which pleased him. In order to disguise this fact, he has now replaced the "long-winded laws of the liberal epoch" by an even longer-winded and more complicated Order, as the only other alternative left open to him would have been to bring the law down to the very clear and concise National Socialist formula of "all papers except mine are prohibited!"

WHY EMBRACE ANOTHER RELIGION?

Punjab Minister's Views On Hinduism And How To Serve It

SIMLA, June 9.

"How to serve Hinduism" was the subject of one hour's speech by Sahebji Maharaja Anand Swarup and the Hon'ble Sir Gokulchand Narang, Minister of Local Self-Government, Punjab. The lectures were delivered at the Kali Bari Hall yesterday, to a very large audience.

Sahebji explaining the spiritual birth of this world traced its origin to the impartation by God of the Gaitrai Mantra. He mentioned the successive stages of spiritual evolution of the world and the birth of spiritual messengers from age to age. His belief was that there was essential harmony in all world regions and that the fact that they all worshipped the same God should enable a universal spirit of tolerance among mankind (cheers).

Sir Gokulchand Narang said the one need of the moment was for Hindus to get rid of the defeatist mentality, that they were down and out. They were not. As a religion, he claimed that no religious teaching has yet been imparted to the world which was not to be found in the Hindu scriptures (cheers). The Hindus were the most closely-knit people in the world spiritually. This was apparent from the fact that their essential religious sacraments were universal in all parts of India and that every Hindu, however low-placed and illiterate, believed universally in one-ness of God and the law of Karma, and the varying form of worship represented no more than an attempt to reach the same centre from infinite points of a circumference.

The real weakness in the situation was that the Hindus had lost their community instinct. If he were writing another Smriti to-day, he would place, above every other doctrine, the doctrine that it would be a crime for Hindus to permit any one of them to embrace another religion (cheers). If a Hindu wished to give up religion because he had no funds, let Hindus make it up; if he was giving up religion because he could not get married let that be arranged; but it should be the religion of every Hindu to help another and never to do anything to harm another Hindu (cheers). —A. P.

HAILSTORM HAVOC IN NAGPUR

NAGPUR, June 10.

Details of yesterday's hail storm indicate that hundreds of trees were uprooted roundabout Nagpur, two men being injured in the heart of the City by the fall of a tree. The roofs of several well-built houses including a part of Raja Bahadur Baghuji Bhonsala's palace at Sukurdara were blown off.

Several electric lines were cut off and short-circuited, by trees falling on the lines. A part of the City was thrown in darkness. —United Press.

CONCESSIONS FOR STUDENT-TOURISTS

CALCUTTA, June 10.

It is understood that the Inter-University Board of India has resolved to request the Railway Board to extend certain privileges for travelling to all parties of "bona-fide" students of universities or recognised colleges, who travel in batches of less than eight in number.

The suggestions of the Inter-University Board are that in order that educational tours may be encouraged among students certain concessions should be granted to parties of students, when such are organised under the auspices of some university or some recognised college, or when students undertake it to join functions like Inter-University or Inter-College debates or sports.

It is understood that the concessions asked for are (a) permission to travel in Mail trains, (b) concession fare in Intermediate Class, and (c) provision for special coach when asked for by the Professor in charge of such party.—United Press.

HOLD UP OF GOODS TRAINS

Sir P. Pattani Solves Viramgaum Customs Deadlock

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, June 9

The custom authorities at Virangam and Dhandhuka detained all wagons of goods booked from Bhavnagar State. This step was taken to collect duty on foreign goods coming from Bhavnagar State. The Bhavnagar State Railway thereupon issued orders to all the stationmasters not to book any foreign articles but only those articles made in India. Sir Prabhashanker Pattani who was at Simla, when he knew this, at once moved the authorities at Simla and issued orders from Simla to the custom frontiers at Virangam and Dhandhuka to release all the detained wagons and to pass all goods coming from Bhavnagar State as in the past.

SETTLEMENT REACHED

It is understood that some amicable arrangement has been arrived at between the Bhavnagar State and the British Government whereby the customs at Viramgam will charge duty on all foreign goods which are dutiable and make monthly bills on the Bhavnagar State who will make the payment after ascertaining the validity of the assessed duty.

For four days all the goods traffic was stopped from Bhavnagar and traders were put to great losses. But thanks to the efforts of Sir Prabhashankar who is fighting for the rights of the Bhavnagar State everything has been O. K. now and the goods are booked freely as in the past.

The Kathiawad customs problem is not yet finally settled and unless this is done difficulties like the present one are sure to arise occasionally.

New Chief Justice For Travancore

TRIVANDRUM, June 10.

Rao Bahadur Abraham Vergese, District Judge, Secunderabad, has accepted office of the Chief Justice, Travancore High Court.—United Press.

Death has occurred at his residence of the Raja of Bara aged 88. He was the Premier Zemindar in Allahabad District.—A.P.

(Continued from column 7)

be utilised for post-graduate studies in Arts on considered lines at an expense not exceeding Rs. 20,000 a year, was moved by Prof. S. K. Belvalkar.

Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale, who supported this amendment, said that the Government would be persuaded to come to an arrangement with the University and that the University would be only carrying out the original intentions of the donor of the Deccan College, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy if the premises were used for post-graduate work.

Mr. Gulamhussein Hidayatulla, opposing, said that if the University made Deccan as the centre for post-graduate work, it would excite the jealousies of other provinces.

PROF. SHAH'S WARNING.

Prof. K. T. Shah, in a lengthy speech, said that the sentiments of those people who were anxious to take over the premises of the College were commendable if they would come with monetary assistance. People should realise the futility of making the University "a general provider for those who cry most". The aesthetic beauty of the place could by no means be questioned but the main thing to be considered in propositions of the present kind, was money. "Personally I think," he continued, "that it would e a great mistake when without knowing our own responsibility in an undertaking of this sort, we take it up, and then restrain ourselves in some of the more impotant functions. After all I do not think that the champions of the Deccan College would urge that there is something very magical about the College which would make us consider the College as a good centre for a post-graduate course." Prof. Shah added that there was disunion in Poona about this question itself.

NO DISUNION, ONLY DIFFERENCES

Principal Mahajane said that much capital had been made by the previous speaker on the point of disunion in Poona. There was no question of disunion in Poona but only honest differences of opinion which could not be avoided in a land of intellectual people.

The amendment as well as the original proposition were lost when put to vote.

The Senate also decided to invest the net amount standing to the credit of Khan Bahadur Fardunji M. Dastur Scholarship Fund, viz., Rs. 3,274-12-0, in Government Securities and the proceeds out of the said securities were set apart towards a prize to be awarded to the candidate who obtains the highest postdate who obtains the highest total in the papers in Mathematics B.A. (Hons.) exam. every year.

The House then adjourned till Tuesday (to-day).

AFFILIATION OF AMALNER COLLEGE TO BOMBAY 'VARSITY

Proposition Carried After Stiff Battle In Senate

Much discussion centred round the question of affiliating the new College proposed to be started at Amalner in June next to the Bombay University in Arts up to the Intermediate standard, at the meeting of the Senate held at the University Hall on Monday.

Two sections of the House spoke with equal vehemence both for and against the proposal, so much so that an amendment to refer the matter back to the Syndicate was moved by Mr. V. G. Dalvi.

When the amendment was put to vote there was a tie, 28 voting for and 28 voting against it. The Vice-Chancellor gave his vote in favour of the amendment as he found that the House was not decided on the subject.

POLL SPRINGS SURPRISE

A poll was demanded. The result of the pool sprang a surprise on all, as it was found that 43 voted for and 44 against referring the matter back to the Syndicate.

The Senate decided to affiliate the new college to the University provisionally for a period of two years.

Considerable interest was also evoked by a proposal directing the Syndicate to take such steps as might be necessary to secure from Government the Deccan College premises for University purposes.

The motion was, however lost.

When the House assembled, a resolution conveying a message of sympathy to the widow and children of the late Dr Y. G. Nadgir, who was a Fellow of the Bombay University for nearly fourteen years and the first Indian to act as the Dean of the Grant Medical College, was passed, all members standing.

POPULAR PROFESSOR

In moving the resolution Mr. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, said that Dr. Nadgir was a very popular professor, an emicellor, said that Dr. Nadgir was a nent surgeon and the first Indian outside the Indian Medical Service to be be appointed a fulltime professor at the Grant Medical College, first of Anatomy and later of Operative Surgery. He took a very keen interest in all public institutions and activities, especially in the Karnatak and his great contribution to the development of the Hubli Co-operative Hospital was a noteworthy event.

INTEREST IN MEDICAL

Dr. Nadgir also took great interest in the improvement of medical education in the Bombay presidency and helped in the revision of the medical curriculum from the beginning to the end. He was also a member of the committee appointed by the Medical Faculty to consider the report of Sir Norman Walker and Colonel R. A. Needham on the medical education in India.

QUETTA 'QUAKE

Mr. Chandavarkar then made a feeling reference to the recent earthquake disaster in Quetta. "Our hearts go to the sufferers in that calamity," he said, "and specially to our colleague Dr. V. R. Khanolkar whose family perished in the disaster."

On the motion of Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri the following Fellows were assigned to the Faculties shown against their uames:

B. S. Patel, Esq.—Technology.
Major-General H. R. Nutt—Medicine.

AMALNER COLLEGE

The application made by the President, Khandesh Education Society, Amalner, for the affiliation of the College proposed to be started in Amalner from June next came up for consideration. Prof. V. K. Joag moved that the College be affiliated to the University in Arts up to teh Intermediate Standard provinsionally for a period of two years from June 1935 subject to, among others, the following condition:

"That the Syndicate are satisfied that suitable additions and alterations to the building for the College are carried out; and that the necessary furniture and the additional apparatus and the additional books needed are purchased before the end of May, 1935."

REFER IT TO SYNDICATE

Mr. V. G. Dalvi moved an referred back to the Syndicate for consideration.

Seconding the amendment, Dr B. G. Vad said that it was no good multiplying the numebr of Arts Colleges in the Presidency without examining whether they have been faithful to the conditions laid down for affiliation to the University. The Senate were not aware whether the proposed College had the necessary qualified teaching staff and whether it was in a position to attract a sufficiently large number of students. A new College had always in the beginning to depend on the fees derived from the students for its smooth running.

Mr. D. G. Dalvi supported the amendment.

CONDITIONS FOR AFFILIATION

In considering the question of affiliation of any College, Principal John Mackenzie said, the Syndicate and the Academic Council should always bear in mind whether the premises of hte College is conducive to the fostering of a real academic atmosphere. In the present case the Senate were not aware of any such thing.

It was high time that serious consideration was given to the framing of a scheme whereby an application for affiliation should come before the Senate in a more regular and comprehensive form.

SUPPORT TO AFFILIATION.

Mr. D. R. Gadgil, speaking next, urged that the Senate should accept the proposal in all fairness to the institution, because, as far as his knowledge went, the College had satisfied the terms laid down for affiliation. He thought that no useful purpose would be served by referring the matter back to the Syndicate, and hoped that the Senate would give its own independent decision on the subject.

The argument put forward by Prof. M. R. Paranjpye, while opposing the amendment, was that the College had been started by the co-operative efforts of several educationists and it would be an unfortunate thing if the Senate turned down the proposal.

The amendment was carried by the casting vote of the Vice-Chancellor, .8 voting for and 28 voting against it. In giving the casting vote in favour of the amendment, the Vice-Chancellor opined that as the Senate was not prepared to make up its mind on the subject, it was better if it was sent back to the Syndicate.

In the poll that was demanded, the amendment was lost by a single vote, 43 voting for and 44 against it.

Discussion was then continued on the original proposition, which was carried by a large majority in a slightly modified form.

SHIKARPUR COLLEGE

Prof. V. K. Jog then moved another resolution for the affiliation of the Chellasingh and Sitaldas College, Shikarpur, for teaching courses in Arts leading to the B.A. Degree, provided "the Managing Board of the College gives a written undertaking to erect new building on an extensive and suitable site in the new town area within two years from the date of the undertaking."

In a footnote it was pointed out that this undertaking had already been given by the College authorities.

The motion was carried.

DECCAN COLLEGE BUILDINGS.

Prof. D. R. Gadgil's proposal to secure the Deccan College buildings and properties with a view to start a Teachers' Training College and organise a centre of post-graduate instruction and research at Poona was dropped for want of a mover.

The Syndicate in its report stated that it was not in favour of Dr. Gadgil's proposa.

Dr. S. G. Sathe moved:—

"That the Syndicate be directed to take such steps as may be necessary to secure from Government the Deccan College buildings and properties with a view to utilise them for such University purposes as the Syndicate may consider desirable."

In moving the proposition, Dr. Sathe pointed out that it was not possible to say when the final decision of the court regarding the Deccan College would be obtained. He said that it would be best if the University put in a claim for the premises of the College which would provide a good centre to carry out the post-graduate work on a satisfactory basis. "There is no better site for the higher cultural activities than the Deccan College", he concluded.

Dr. B. G Vad seconded the proposal. He felt sure that the University was going to be benefited if it secured the College premises. It was an ideal place for conducting post-graduate work and from every point of view the University stood to gain.

An amendment to the effect that the College premises should

(Continued in column 5.)

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 10

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 7/16
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 June-July
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Aug-Oct.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Nov-Jan.
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 July
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 272 1/4
Banks selling T T 270 1/4
Banks buying T T 267 1/2
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 557
Banks buying D D 550
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 3/8
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54 1/8
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/8
Banks buying T T 77 5/8
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 159 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 112
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156 1/2
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 89 3/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.92 1/4 8th instant
Shanghai/London closed 10th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 10th instant
Java/London closed 10th instant
London/Paris 74.34 8th instant
London/Belgium 28.96 8th instant
London/Switzerland 15.02 1/2 8th instant
London/Italy 59.50 8th instant
London/Berlin 12.14 8th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 8th instant
London/New York 4.91 5/8 8th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.25 1/2 8th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady, dull.
Gold £7-1-0 1/2 7th instant £ closed 8th instant
Silver London Ready 32 11/16 7th instant 32 11/16 8th instant
Silver London Forward 32 15/16 7th instant 32 15/16 8th instant
Silver New York Ready 72 1/2 7th instant 72 3/4 8th instant
London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 7th instant 5/8 per cent 8th instant
London discounts 6 mos 5/8 per cent 7th instant 5/8 per cent 8th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos. 2 1/2 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

CALCUTTA SHARES

Rise In Jute

Calcutta, June 7

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co have issued the following report:—

Jute: The fluctuations in the market proceeded in a ding-dong fashion. During the early part of the week under review the raw commodity market prices flared up again the value being pushed up to 39/2 from 37/4. There were heavy bookings of Jute for shipment to the continent which stimulated the prices, the tone being firm through the week. In some parts of Jute growing districts rain is badly wanted and in some there has been excessive rain. It is therefore not strange if the present level of Jute price round 38/4 maintains itself. In manufactured goods markets there has been a good demand from overseas markets both for hessians and sackings. The price of nine porter hessians was maintained round about Rupees nine and Annas eight only. There was no further disturbing news in the European politics except for the breakdown in the French Cabinet. This news had a temporary adverse effect on all markets this side. The Government Securities were steady throughout the week except for minor setbacks and 3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper hovered round 94/12. Notwithstanding the conditions being favourable, the fluctuations in Jute shares, specially the speculative one Howrah, were very erratic and deceptive. The market ruling round Rs. 55/8 was brought down to 54/3 but again rallied to 54/6 towards the close. Kamarhatty were very steady throughout the week the price ranging between 563 and 572 the closing rate being in the region of 567. Kanknarrah were a strong feature round 495, Anglo-India 490. Fort William advancing to 330 receded to 325. Barnagore should a good spur by rising up to 180 but later there were sellers at 165. Bally were taken in fair numbers round 218. Auckland were a steady feature round 235. Budge Budge and Belvedere were ruling 295 Ex. and 390 respectively. New Central changed hands at 359, Delta 370, Caledonian 372, Orient 200, Fort Gloster were taken at 570. Gouripore were quoting 715. India had buyers at 376. Dalhousie and Standard were quoting 350 and 325 respectively. Union were mentioned at 503, Naihati done at 427. In small priced shares Clive were good round Rs. 30. National 23/14, Adamjee 16/12, Hukumchand 13/10, Birla 16, Northbrook 43, Reliance 73, Nuddea 59, Craig 1/11, Waverley 2/11. Agarpara repost for the current half-year is an excellent reading declaring Rupee one dividend. This is a very good scrip for investors. It is quoting 27/12. Presidency moved in the vicinity of Rs. 5/2.

DIVIDENDS.

Hukumchand -/6/-. Agarpara Rupee one, Barnagore 7 1/2 shillings.

COTTON

Hardly anything of real interest has to be recorded. Kesoram hovered round 3/6. New Victoria 1/6. Pref 4/8, Mohini Mills 10/8. Dunbar Cotton reported at 115.

COAL

In this section there was an intermittent inquiry. Equitable touching 39/14 came down to 39/4, Bengal Coal 280. Amalgamated were good round 24/12. West Jamuria 12/12, Hurriladih 18/12, Rewa 16/4, Mundulpore 5/12. Talcher fetched rupee one.

MISCELLANEOUS

This section discloses no special features. In Engineering group Indian Iron and Steel were ruling 72, Bengal Iron 3/6, Marshalls 1/4, Burn and Co. ord remains unchanged at 292, Indian Standard Wagon sellers at Rs. 60. In sugar section there was a lull and prices have to be marked down. Samastipur were quoting 9/6. New Savan 11/8. Carew 20/4. Punjab 238. Basti 203/8. In mining issues, Burma Corporation due to decline in silver prices went down to 6/7, the close being steady at 6/8. B I C ordinary were steady around 3/8. Titaghur Paper ord were taken at 22, Bengal Paper at 96, Titaghur deferred at 9/8. Midnapore Zemindary were reported at Rs. 65, Calcutta Tramways were done at 21/4 ex div. Bengal Telephone ord were done at 19/4. India General Navigation were quoting 102 Ex Div. Port Shipping had buyers at 14/12.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, June 8.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market was quiet during the early part of the day on foreign selling but rallied later on covering by shorts and trade buying.

Japanese buying was the chief cause of the improvement and there was a marked absence of any offering from the South. October was in excellent demand and prices recorded sharp rise on heavy short covering.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton market opened at a decline of 5 points with October 11.08 and reached the lowest price 11.07 for the day. At this level there was steady and impressive buying which resulted in a rise of 36 points from the lowest level and the market closed at a net rise of 26 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 25 points at 12.05c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly firm and closed at a rise of 24 to 21 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 20 points at 12.10c. per lb.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

Doubts regarding the legality of the Bankhead Act induced further selling but with the prospective legislation for salvaging the A. A. A. bolstering sentiment, the market rallied on covering and tradebuying together with the scarcity of contracts.

Announcement with regard to the loan is not expected before July or August.

The amendments to the A. A. A. would safeguard the constitutionality of the processing tax and provide about 100,000,000, Dollars for subsiding the exports of farm products,

Legal opinion is that the voluntary crop control contracts are constitutional.

Wet cool weather in the Western Belt is delaying planting and replanting and causing rank growth and there are complaints of weevil. The crop is regarded as a fortnight late and warm dry conditions are becoming increasingly important.

The A. A. A. announced that it has purchased 25,400 Bales from certificated stocks which will be made available to prevent July reaching abnormal relationship with October delivery and that it is also prepared to purchase the remaining 20,000.

SILVER POLICY.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—Rumours of the contemplated U. S. A. change in silver policy to accelerate the purchase programme combined with Japanese buying resulted in a sharp advance. Senator McCarran has called a meeting of the Congress silver bloc and has also addressed a letter to Mr. Morgenthau urging the Treasury to raise outright the domestic price to 129 cents and deny emphatically the slowing down of the silver programme. This silver policy is also expected to bring round more support to the continuance of the N. R. A. However, the world consumption of American cotton having fallen short of the early season estimate and the carry over at the end of July being now estimated around 9 million bales and also, the question of acreage and new crop loan being still uncertain, we prefer taking profits on all upturns prior to July New York liquidation.

POOR START.

A Liverpool firm writes:—

In the face of these major excitements crop news and all other market factors have been negligible, though the Weekly Weather Report was distinctly bullish, owing to the continuance of cool weather in most sections. The crop is unquestionably making a very poor start, and it will need all the improvement that clear warm weather in June can produce to offset that.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 11.43 plus 30 (11-50 a.m.)

Lowest 11.07—06 (10 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Concentrated buying of October attributed to shorts covering due to expectations of resumption of pressure of Government bulls.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

Short covering of October; showery map.

Their New York friends cabled as under—

Advance due to local shorts covering.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, June 10

The Liverpool Cotton Exchange remain closed on Saturday and will remain closed to-day.

COTTON PRICES TO BE LOWER

Sugar And Rubber To Look Up

Messrs. M. V. Stern have received the following Cable from their Liverpool office:—

Cotton: "General uncertainty American policy; however think next crop will be amply sufficient supply would demand and continue recommend scales new crop positions especially Liverpool at this level."

Wheat: "'We favour moderate purchases October in weak markets for quick turn."

Rubber: "Expect gradual improvement statistical position which will lead to higher prices."

Copper: "Expect nervous market temporarily due to political and financialy situations but expect eventually higher."

Silver: "Heavy liquidation due Chinese financial situation; depends entirely American policy."

Sugar: "Think little risk making purchases present level."

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

FIFTEENTH REPORT

The Directors will submit to the Shareholders the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March 1935 as under:—

The net profit for the year including the sum of Rs. 53,973-14-1 brought forward from last year's account amounts to Rs. 3,14,657-3-10. This amount the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
To pay a dividend of annas four per share (free of Income-Tax) on 7,98,000 shares	1,99,500	0	0
To write down the Premises Account	10,000	0	0
To set aside for Income-Tax and Super-Tax for the year	20,000	0	0
To carry forward the Balance to next year's account	85,157	3	10
	Rs. 3,14,657	3	10

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

Bombay New York:—
Broach J/A 228 New York July 11.69 Rs. 36 at Cross Rate 4.92 3/8
Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 1936 213 New York May 11.47 Rs. 46 at Cross Rate 4.92 3/8

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 8

Broach J/A opening 225; highest 226 1/4; lowest 225; closing 226
Broach A/M 1936 opening 209 3/4; highest 211; lowest 209 1/2; closing 211
Oomra July opening 203 1/2; highest 204 1/4; lowest 203 1/2; closing 204 1/4
Oomra D/J opening 187; highest 188; lowest 187; closing 188
Bengal July opening 141 1/4; highest 141 1/4; lowest 141 1/4; closing 141 1/4
Bengal D/J opening 135; highest 135 3/4; lowest 135; closing 135 3/4
Tejimandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 6 1/4
Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 32
Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-6-35) Rs. 5 3/4

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 7th June 10,085 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 2,246,729 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,088,612 bales
Increase 158,117 bales

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 8-6-35	4310000	7390000
Receipts yesterday 8-6-35	4000	3000
Exports to date 8-6-35	4520000	7019000
Stock at Ports 7-6-35	1576000	2767000
Stock at Interior Towns 7-6-35	268000	1295000
Stock at Liverpool 7-6-35	680000	1007000
Visible Supply 7-6-35	4115000	6059000
Quantity in sight 7-6-35	7874000	11692000
Quantity out of sight 7-6-35	9077000	12186000

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, June 10

Ready Javas Rs. 13-15
Shipment May Rs. 4-3-6
Shipment June Rs. 2-3
Shipment July-Sept Rs. 4-3
Shipment Oct-Dec Rs. 4-3-3
Saraya Rs. 13-15
Harinagar Rs. 13-14
Java Spot F. 4.00

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL

Bombay, June 10

Bombay Market—
Y M sheets 4x4x21lbs/Rs. 32 28/112lbs. /Rs. 31-10
Copper sheets 4x4x21/112 Rs. 35-8
Copper Asho Rs. 36-8
Y M Asho Rs. 33 (nominal)
Tone: Steady
London market was closed.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 10

Following a rise of 26 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 213 for Broach A/M delivery. The market was dull with scattered long liquidation. Local operators are not inclined to take much interest pending clearer outlook in the United States. The market looks like sagging further.

Later on the market was quiet and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	227	4	0
Broach A/M	212	8	0
Oomra July	206	8	0
Oomra D/J	190	0	0
Bengal July	142	4	0
Bengal D/J	137	4	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 10

Bengal Superfine	163
Bengal Fine	155
Bengal F G	148
Sindh-Punjab Fine	155
Sindh-Punjab F G.	148
Wardha-Hingt	231
Nagpur/Savner	233
Pundhurna	218
Yeotmal	216
Arvi	216
Ellichpur	214
Berar	208/210
Khamgaon	210/212
Mulkapur	206/208
Khandesh	204/206
Jalna/Sailu	204/206
Burwah/Sanavad	208/210
Broach Fine	234/236
Punjab/American	268/273
Punjab/American mix	248/253
Cambodia	303/308
Compta Good	263/268
Kampala	358
Busoga	356
Jinja	348

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, June 10

In full-pressed bales	8-6-35.	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh	207	250,194
Central India	532	104,267
Barsi and Nagar	119	105,803
Hyderabad Gaorani	50	45,475
Berar	451	395,755
Central Provinces	...	92,493
Total Oomras	1,359	993,987
Dholera	700	173,488
N W Provinces	61	32,648
Rajputana	360	35,974
Sind-Punjab	152	304,858
Broach	...	130,953
Coompta and Dharwar	558	79,682
Westerns-Northerns	1,231	58,098
Cocoanada	...	205
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	361	66,626
Persian	...	2,476
American	...	64,577
Egyptian and African	94	307,322
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	4,876	2,251,605

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 6th June

In full-pressed bales	8-6-35.	This year.
Europe	1,896	340,401
Japan and China	2,714	999,768
Coast Ports	28	26,140
Up-country by Rail	...	205,375
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	31,159
Total	4,638	1,602,843

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

East: Cloudy showers. Cloudy and cooler.
Central: Partly cloudy to unsettled.
West: Partly cloudy.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 10

Following bullish American advices the local silver market opened very steady at Rs. 79/12 and declined to Rs. 79/5 on scattered long liquidation. In view of expected important developments, it will be advisable to buy in weak markets. The gold market was quiet with a limited turnover. Shanghai T T on London was closed to-day. Montreal silver market was firm on Saturday and closed at a rise of 75 to 110 points.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready silver	79	1	0
Jeth delivery	79	5	0
Ashad delivery	79	12	0
Ready gold	35	3	6
Jeth delivery	35	4	6
Ashad delivery	35	5	9

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, June 8

July 73.40 plus 75
September 74.05 plus 85
December 75.00 plus 1.10

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, June 8

Spot silver prices advanced to-day by 1/4 cent to 72 1/2 cents.

SILVER OUTLOOK

Bombay, June 10

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

Further pressure is being brought upon the Administration to satisfy the Congress group but it is doubtful whether the Administration will succumb to this clamour leaving aside their graduation of the purchase policy in order to avert retaliation by silver standard countries.

So far the Treasury is reported to be buying in London on all weak markets and American receipts of imports for the week ending 1st June are estimated valued at 3,445,000 dollars. It appears the U. S. A. Administration may not precipitate any crisis in the silver standard countries as was apparent from New York price having advanced on Saturday by only 1/4 cent. We therefore, look for trading market and prefer purchases on good setbacks.

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, June 10

The share bazar was again closed today for forward business. In the Cash Section there was limited turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. The market will reopen on Tuesday.

Quotations in the Cash Section were as under:—

India Bank	120 0
Baroda Bank	100 0
Central Bank	37 12
Eastern Bank	91 0
Imperial F P	1555 0
Imperial P P	395 0
Union	5 9 6
Gwalior Cement	130 0
United Cement	105 8
Ahd Elec	136 4
Andhra P	1350 0
Tram P	81 4
Karachi Elec	218 12
Surat O	195 0
Surat P	138 12
Tata Hydro	138 12
Power P	1377 8
E D Sassoon	0 3 3
Finlay	112 8
Indore Malwa	74 6
Laxmi	688 12
Madras United	42 0
Morarji	870 0
Solapur	2310 0
Swan	11 0
Vishnu	1425 0
Burma New	121 4
B Steam P	281 4
B B Petrol	3 8 3
Indian Radio O	491 4
Indian Radio D	598 12
Jupitar	12 12
Mercantile	48 4
New India	45 0
Vulcan	7 10
Oriental	4460 0
Tata Steel 1st P	175 10
Tata Steel 2nd P	173 0

LONDON BULLION MARKET

London, May 22.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., London, have issued the following report:—

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £192,639,465 on the 15th instant, showing no change as compared with previous Wednesday.

Business in the open market has been active and during the past week about £2,200,000 changed hands at the daily fixing. There was a keen demand for the amounts offered, so that prices showed rather higher premiums over the gold exchange parities.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold registered from mid-day on the 13th inst. to mid-day on the 20th inst:—

IMPORTS.

British South Africa	£2,385,012
British Malaya	32,934
British India	347,715
Australia	156,497
New Zealand	10,898
Tanganyika Territory	9,389
Netherlands	97,687
France	2,891,052
Switzerland	883,937
British Guiana	6,839
Other countries	14,291
	£6,836,251

EXPORTS.

Sweden	£1,027,655
France	2,094,619
Yugoslavia	44,768
Czechoslovakia	5,700
Poland	4,940
Switzerand	1,141
Other countries	1,076
	£3,179,899

The s.s. "Ranchi" which sailed from Bombay on the 18th inst. carries gold to the value of about £41,000 consigned to London.

The following are the details of United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold for the month of April 1935:—

	Imports	Exports
British West Africa	217,471	——
Union of South Africa	2,793,522	——
South Rhodesia	399,760	——
British India	3,156,569	——
British Malaya	126,052	——
Australia	386,098	——
New Zealand	85,183	——
Cahada	88,798	——
British West India Island and British Guiana	18,713	——
Hongkong	60,626	——
China	682,816	——
Germany	54,260	6,493
Netherlands	5,914,162	660,450
Belgium	80,402	266,500
France	18,242,857	24,854,827
Sweden	100,000	1,703,439
Switzerland	4,827,023	36,556
United States of America	60,705	3,013,882
Mexico	68,840	——
Central & South America (Foreign	——	260,514
Venezuela	29,728	——
Other countries	97,081	12,935
	£37,490,667	30,815,599

SILVER.

The market developed an easier tendency and there was some reaction from the sharp advance recorded last week. There have been considerable resales and with buyers showing reluctance movements in prices were mostly downward.

Yesterday, following weak advices from the Far East, quotations fell 1.1|16d., being quoted at 33-3|4d. and 33.15|16d. for the respective deliveries. sales by China and speculators meeting with rather poor resistance. The Indian Bazars have given support and the lower level attracted more speculative and China demand, quotations to-day practically recovering yesterday's loss, being fixed at 34.11|16d. for cash and 34.15|16d. for two months.

The immediate outlook remains unsettled, but the market continues to show a good undertone.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exporth of Silver registered from mid-day on the 13th inst. to mid-day on the 20th inst.:—

IMPORTS.

Tanganyika Territory	£31,963
Kenya	31,001
British India	9,781
British Malaya	4,096
Australia	21,915
Canada	17,950
Netherlands	4,764
Belgium	16,251
France	16,777
Iraq	6,775
Japan	15,4397
Morocco	7,050
Egypt	4,000
Other countries	8,451
	£335,171

EXPORTS.

Bombay—via other ports	£17,950
France	4,874
Norway	3,664
Netherlands	26,950
Portugal	3,290
Turkey	47,945
United States of America	195,280
Other countries	774
	£300,727

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 16th inst. to the 22nd was Dol. 4.92-5|8 and the lowest Dol. 4.87-3|4.

Stocks in Shanghai on the 18th inst. consisted of about 3,900,000 ounces in sycee, 272,000,000 dollars and 44,800,000 ounces in bar silver as compared with about 4,800,000 ounces in sycee, 271,000,000 dollars and 44,800,000 ounces in bar silver on the 11th instant.

WALL-STREET MARKET.

New York, June 8

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Forn Power Com	4
Amer Forn Power Gold D	65
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	51
Columbia Gas	7
American Tel and Tel	128
Western Union Telg	30
Radio Corporation	5
Chesapeake and Ohio	44
New York Central	16
Baltimore and Ohio R R	11
National Distillers	25
Kelvinator	19
6 per cent Denmark 1942	102
Australia 4 1/2 per cent 1956	97
Norway 6 per cent 1944	105
Norway 5 1/2 per cent 1965	151
United States Steel	32 3/4
American Smelting	44
Int Nickel of Canada	28 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	16
Cerro de Pasco Copper	58
General Motor	31
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	25
St Oil of N J	49
Atlantic Refining	25
Socony	14
Chase Bank	23 3/4
National City Bank	22 1/2
National Dairy	15
5 1/2 per cent Japanese 1965	88
Tokyo Elec 1953	83
Can Nat Rly 1969	115
Can Nat Rly 5 1/2 per cent 1955	96 1/4
Norway 5 per cent 1963	101 1/2

Total business 3/4 million

Metals strong because rumour prices of silver will be advanced next week. General market quiet.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 8

July 83 1/2 plus 7/8c
September 83 3/4 plus 3/4c
December 86 plus 7/8c

AMERICAN SECURITIES

June 10

Shares	
Chrysler Corp	35 1/8
Elec Auto Lite	22
Int'L Tel and Tel	8 1/4
Studebaker Corp	2 5/8
United Corp	3 1/4
Bonds	
Argentine 6 per cent of 1960	94
Chile 6 per cent of 1960	12 1/2
Denmark 4 1/2 per cent of 1962	97 1/4
Italy 7 per cent of 1951	84 1/2
Japanese 6 1/2 per cent of 1954	100.00

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, June 10

Castorseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 33/13; Closing Rs. 34/1/6
Groundnut seeds August delivery: Opening Rs. 42/1: Highest Rs. 42/14/6; Closing Rs. 42/12
Cottonseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 23/15; Highest Rs. 24/7; Closing Rs. 24/6/6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS

Bombay, June 10

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 94/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/8
4 pe rcent 1960/70 Sett 107
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/8
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/8

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/12
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 101/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/8
4 per cent 1943 106/12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 112/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108/10
5 per cent 1940/43 109/14
5 per cent 1935 100/10
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/7
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 101/6

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 102/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102
5 per cent M Deb 1959 114
6 per cent M Deb 1954 126
6 per cent K P T 1956 126
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105/8

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 94/12 and declined to Rs. 94/5 on liquidation. Later on the market was steady at Rs. 94/8.

MONSOON STRENGTHENING

Local Thunder Showers Occur In Bombay Deccan

POONA, June 10

The monsoon has been weak but is showing signs of strengthening in the Bay of Bengal and Southeast Arabian sea. There has been widespread thunderstorm and rain in Burma, Assam, East and North Bengal and south of the Peninsula. Local thundershowers have also occurred in East Central India, Central Provinces, Konkan and Hyderabad with a few falls in East United Provinces, Gujarat and Bombay Deccan. Temperatures continue to be markedly above the normal in East United Provinces, Bihar, Chota Nagpur and East Central Provinces.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL

Port Blair one inch; Tavoy one and a half; Mergui one; Victoria Point and Lashio three quarters; Dhubri, and Narayanganj three; Chittagong and Barisal two; Darjeeling three quarters; Akola one; Nagpur a half; Nowgong, Amraoti, Jubbulpore and Pendra a quarter; Rajkot a quarter; Cochin three; Mysore two; Cuddapah, Gadag, Chitaldrug and Bellary one and a half; Gulbarga, and Madura one; Bangalore and Kodaikanal three quarters, and Mangalore and Coonoor a half.

FORECAST.

Rainfall will increase in Lower Burma, continue to be widespread in Upper Burma, Assam and Bengal and extend in Bihar and Orissa. Fairly widespread thundershowers will recur in Western half of the Peninsula and Central Provinces.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 10-6-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 016 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 84.7 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.5 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 92.8 degrees 3.2 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 81.9 degrees 2.8 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 78 per cent
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N W
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 148 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 23 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10
Rain in 24 hours 0.01 inches
Total rainfall during the month 0.13 inches
Total rainfall during the year 6.15 inches
Weather remarks: Thunder, lightning and drizzle.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 10-6-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-16 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 88.0deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.77 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, June 10

Wheat	11,132 cwts.
Linseed	3,718 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	50 cwts.
Gingellyseed	88 cwts.
Groundnuts	3,753 cwts.
Castorseed	306 cwts.
Rice	20,046 cwts.
Myrabollams	432 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,932 cwts.
Gram	1,004 cwts.
Joowar	5,666 cwts.
Barley	151 cwts.
Bajree	1,037 cwts.
Coal	2,215 tons.

ARRESTED WHILE BEGGING

While begging for alms in a public street, one Maruti Sitaram, who was suspected to be a returned deportee, was arrested by the Colaba Police on Saturday evening.

Maruti Sitaram was remanded till the 17th instant at the Esplanade Police Court to-day.

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REGD. NO. B. 1065

JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of
INSURANCE Business.
J2

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1935

Plans To Build New H. Q. For Baluchistan?

BAFFLING RELIEF PROBLEM

ANOTHER CITY OUTSIDE 'QUAKE ZONE?

Simla & Quetta Hold Parleys With War Office

QUETTA, June 10.

The "United Press" understands that the military authorities at Quetta, Sir Noman Cator, A.G.G., Baluchistan, the Army Headquarters at Simla, the Government of India and the British War Office, have already started discussing the future of Quetta.

FUTURE OF QUETTA

After the immediate problems of relief, repatriation and salvage of more valuable property are tackled, the more important question of Quetta's future will be seriously taken up.

The money that will be necessary to reconstruct the City may well be spent in building up another City outside the 'quake zone, although the difficulty of definitely ascertaining the extent and area of the zone will never be satisfactorily solved.

CHAMAN'S CHANCES

Chaman is suggested as a possible place where the Headquarters may be established, but at least two formidable difficulties may lead to the abandonment of such an idea. The first is the comparatively less favourable climatic conditions of the place; secondly, Chaman lacks the advantages of being equidistant from both the Afghan and the Persian Frontiers.
—United Press.

The tragic tale of the earthquake is behind this scene of what looks like a military camp or bazar. Here are some of the hundreds of refugees "housed" on the Quetta Race Course.

A sample of what is left in Quetta after the earthquake: nothing but ruined houses razed to the ground.

A Bohra family, which escaped death, leaving the place for Karachi. Note the abject state of their house in the background.

'QUAKE VICTIMS

List Of Casualties Among Railwaymen

LAHORE, June 6.

The Agent, North Western Railway, regrets to announced the following further casualties which are in addition to those previously published. Further names will be announced when received:—

KILLED.

One son of Mr. E. Murphy, Assistant Transportation Officer. Two sons of Rao Sahib T. B. Chandwani, Assistant Personnel Office. Sister and mother of Mr. Burtles, Driver. Mr. Burtles, cleaner. One daughter of Mr. Pires, driver. Mr. Ramage, driver, one son, mother-in-law and nephew. One child of Mr. Thaddeus, fireman. Wife and child of Mr. Rodgers, Pump Inspector. Mr. Jewell, guard and two children. Wife and child of Mr. Massey, train examiner. Mother and sister of Mr. Karr, fireman.

INJURED.

Wife of Rao Sahib T. B. Chandwani, Assistant Personnel Officer.

CORRECTION

Mr. O. G. Gartles, driver, previously announced as killed is safe.—A.P.

KILLED.

Two children (one son and one daughter) of Hukam Singh, Draftsman. Mr. Sham Das, Draftsman, and family. Mr. Hira Singh, Draftsman, two sons and brother. Wife of Ishar Dass, Draftsman. Mr. P. N. Ball, Ferro Cooly, wife and one daughter. Mr. Mela Ram, Bill Clerk, wife and one daughter. Wife, son and daughter of Bishan Dass, clerk, Bills Section. Mr. Atma Ram, clerk, Bills Section. Mr. Bishambar Dass, Bills clerk, and family. Mr. Hemraj Bills clerk & family. Mr. Was Dev, Transportation clerk. One son and two daughters of Hassa Mal, head clerk, Transportation. One daughter and three sons of Gopal Das, clerk. Wife, two daughters and one son of Wadhoo Mal, Transportation Cl. Mr. Ganpat Rai Nangia, Clerk Transportation, wife and one son. Jhangi Ram, Clerk Transportation, wife and one son. Two daughters and two sons of Mr. Goverdhan Das, clerk, Traffic Stores. Mother and sister of Mr. Pran Nath, Weighing Machine Fitter. Wife of Mani Ram, Head Clerk, Way and Works Section. Two daughters and one son of Malik Mali Ram, Assistant Staff Workmans. Wife and one son of Amar Nath, Assistant Staff Workmans and clerk. Mr. Daulat Ram, Stores Clerk and family. Wife of Fazal Haq, Establishment Branch. One son of Lachman Dass, Clerk, Personnel. Mr. Dukhbanjan Lal, Clerk (Personnel), wife, 2 sons and 1 daughter. Mr. Murid Husain, Establishment

(Continued on page 9.)

WHAT ARMY HEADQUARTERS SAY

List No 3 Of Casualties Published

(From Our Correspondent)
SIMLA, June 8.

Casualty list No. 3 published by the Army Headquarters, Casualty Bureau, states:—

The following of the Indian Army Veterinary Corps previously reported killed are now reported missing:—

S. P. Naidu, clerk, Premal Agarwal, clerk and Takhatrai Madan, clerk.

Military dairy farms, missing believed killed: Chandanlal, clerk and family of clerk Chandanlal.

Injured, in hospital, Anandsarups Head Clerk.

Civilians killed: Sir Shamshah and family, Ghulam Shabir, porter, Jafferkhan, Harisingh, Kaikobad, Kishenchand, Qudratullashah, Sundersingh, Sarbulandkhan and Sunderdas, all Extra Assistant Commissioners.

Died of injuries: Mr. S. Slipper retired telegraphist.

Royal Air Force: died of injuries, No. 560525 Sergeant Burgess, L. R. No. 5 (A.C.) Squadron.

It has been notified subscriptions to the earthquake relief fund may be paid into any Branch, Imperial Bank, at the headquarters of Presidencies and provinces.

VICEROY'S FUND.

The total to-day of the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund is Rs. 3,76,237/6/0 and fifty pounds sterling, which include Rs. 15,000 received from the Royal Calcutta Turf Club, Rs. 2,000 for Raja of Keonjhar, Orissa, Rs. 1,500 by "order of Black Hearts" Simla, and Rs. 1,000 by Shantidas Askuran, Bombay.

MENDACIOUS PROPAGANDA AGAINST INDIA

NATION HAS TO INCUR HEAVY EXPENDITURE TO COUNTERACT IT, SAYS RAJEN BABU

TRICHINOPOLY, (By Mail).

Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress, in a communication addressed to Mr. Gubil Sudaresan from Ghatkopar, Bombay dated 3rd June says:

The Congress has not taken any steps in the direction of carrying on Propaganda in America for two reasons. We have felt that it is a very expensive affair to maintain a bureau with the necessary Staff in America and then its information will not be broadcast to the press without any heavy expenditure.

HEAVY EXPENDITURE.

It is not only America but other foreign countries also, which will require to be similarly provided with news and an agency for broadcasting it. We find the expenses involved will be so heavy that the Congress may not find it possible to meet it. We do not know, also what effect such propaganda will have. When our movement is at its height—American and other foreign press send their representatives and broadcast our news. When we are passing through a period of quiet unostentatious work, there is nothing attractive enough for foreigners. We realise that a lot of harm is being done by our enemies who have sources enough to carry on false mendacious propaganda there. But we feel helpless in face of such calculated falsehood.

VITHALBHAI'S LEGACY.

I shall however, point out to you that Mr. Vithalbhai Patel has left a legacy of more than a lakh of rupees for foreign propaganda, which I believe is at the disposal of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose. I think he will use the funds and if you think it worth while you may correspondent with him also. I shall bear this in mind and consider what can be done.—A. P.

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENTS

Up-to-date List Of Casualties

SIMLA, June 9.

In an account of the casualties and damage to property suffered by telegraph, telephone and postal staff in Quetta, Mr. Bewoor, Director General, Posts and Telegraphs, says:—

"As far as could be ascertained, I have found that of the total ministerial staff in Post Offices, the Railway Mail Service and the Superintendent's office of 46 men, 16 have been killed and 12 seriously injured. Of the other staff of 58 persons, 9 have been killed and 9 seriously injured.

From among the total Telegraph Office staff of 49 persons, two clerks and four of the non-clerical staff have been killed and two Telegraph Masters, three clerks and two members of the non-ministerial staff have been seriously wounded.

Of the total Engineering and Telephone staff of 12 persons the Head Telephone Operator has been killed and one clerk and a peon seriously injured. The whole of the Telegraph and Telephone line staff is safe.

Among gazetted officers, the Sub-divisional Officer, Telegraphs has been killed with his family. Many of the staff have lost members of their family and almost all have lost their entire property."

A CONCESSION

From 8th June booking of ordinary telegrams has has been reopened at Quetta, and as a further concession ordinary telegrams have been ordered to be accepted and despatched as if they were express telegrams.—A. P.

Memon Society For Quetta Relief

(From A Correspondent.)
CALCUTTA, June 9.

The Memon Relief Society has appointed Mr. Abdul Sattar Hajisuleman Naviwala as officer in charge for Baluchistan Earthquake Relief Work. He was also Officer in charge in Bihar earthquake relief works last year.

Mr. Abdul Sattar Naviwala arrived here yesterday by aeroplane from Rangoon and proceeds to-night to Baluchistan with a view to establish a relief mission with a batch of volunteers.

'QUAKE PROOF BUILDINGS

New Zealand Architect Gives Patent Of Invention As Gift To India

SIMLA, June 7.

A New Zealand Architect—Mr. R. W. de Montalk— has made a gift to India of his patent for earthquake-proof building. The patent embodies an entirely novel idea and the experts of the Geological Department of the Government of India have been very well impressed by its possibilities, especially as its application is very much cheaper than the use of rigid reinforced concrete throughout, considered at present as the most suitable type of building for places liable to earthquakes.

The actual additional cost of applying the patent to any ordinary building is in fact placed at only 1-1/2 per cent of the cost of larger city buildings and upto 6 per cent on smaller buildings of the dwelling class.

How Device Works.

The device is called the "Salyus Foundation" and in non-technical language it can be described as follows:—

First a concrete foundation is laid. On the top of this a thick bed of shingle is placed, called the "severer," kept in position by a strong rim of concrete forming part of the foundation. Finally, on the top of the shingle is a "Soleplate," namely a reinforced concrete slab occupying the whole area of the building and forming a unit with it.

The building accordingly "floats" upon the shingle. When an earthquake occurs it is claimed that the foundation will take the shock and that the shingle will absorb it, although the shingle itself being comparatively "fluid" will move underneath the soleplate, very little of the shock will be transferred to the building.

Mr. de Montalk is no longer a young man and the "Salvus Foundation" is the result of a life's work of study and experiment.

The Geological Department of the Government of India intends investigating the problem and it is not unlikely that the device may be used in the rebuilding of Quetta.—A. P.

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